PUBLIC NOTICE LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (LDEQ) GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLS, LLC, PLAQUEMINE FACILITY FINAL HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING PERMIT RENEWAL

The LDEQ, Office of Environmental Services, has made the decision to issue the final hazardous waste operating permit renewal for Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC, P.O. Box 629 Plaquemine, Louisiana 70765 for the Plaquemine Facility. The facility is located at 26100 Highway 405 South, Plaquemine, Iberville Parish.

Under this final hazardous waste operating permit renewal, Georgia Gulf will operate its hazardous waste tanks and industrial furnace. Georgia Gulf's operations require hazardous wastes to be stored on-site prior to off-site disposal or on-site treatment. Georgia Gulf owns and operates nine (9) hazardous waste units at its Plaquemine Facility: eight (8) hazardous waste tanks and one (1) industrial furnace. The production and processing of EDC and VCM at Georgia Gulf's EDC/VCM Plant require the storage of hazardous waste in hazardous waste tanks prior to on-site treatment in the industrial furnace and/or shipment off-site for disposal or recycling. The production and processing of phenol and acetone at Georgia Gulf's Phenol Plant require the storage of hazardous waste in hazardous waste tanks prior to shipment off-site for disposal or recycling.

The final permitting action and related documents are available for review and copying (all documents copied will be subject to a \$0.25 charge per copied page) at the LDEQ, Public Records Center, Room 127, 602 North 5th Street, Baton Rouge, LA. Viewing hours are from 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday (except holidays). The available information can also be accessed electronically on the Electronic Document Management System (EDMS) on the DEQ public website at www.deq.louisiana.gov.

An additional copy of this action may be reviewed at the Iberville Parish Library, Headquarters, 24605 J. Gerald Berret Blvd., Plaquemine, Louisiana 70764-0736.

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statutes (La R.S.) 30:2024, the Permittee may file with the secretary a request for a hearing no later than thirty (30) days after the notice of the action is served. Under La. R.S. 30:2050.21, any person aggrieved by a final permit action may appeal to the Nineteenth Judicial District Court within 30 days after the notice of the action has been given.

Previous notices have been published in the Post South (Plaquemine) on December 09, 1999, February 24, 2000, and July 12, 2007 and in The Advocate (Baton Rouge) on December 06, 1999, February 21, 2000, and July 12, 2007.

Inquiries or requests for additional information regarding this permit action, should be directed to Mr. Craig Easley, LDEO, Waste Permits Division, P.O. Box 4313, Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4313, phone (225) 219-3050.

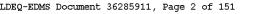
Persons wishing to be included on the LDEQ permit public notice mailing list or for other public participation related questions should contact the Public Participation Group in writing at LDEQ, P.O. Box 4313, Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4313, by email at deqmaillistrequest@la.gov or contact the LDEQ Customer Service Center at (225) 219-LDEQ (219-5337).

Permit public notices including electronic access to the issued permit and associated information can be viewed at the LDEQ permits public notice webpage at www.deq.louisiana.gov/apps/pubNotice/default.asp and general information related to the public participation in permitting activities can be viewed at www.deq.louisiana.gov/portal/tabid/2198/Default.aspx

Alternatively, individuals may elect to receive the permit public notices via email by subscribing to the LDEQ permits public notice List Server at www.doa.louisiana.gov/oes/listservpage/ldeq pn listserv.htm

All correspondence should specify AI Number 2455, Permit Number LAD057117434-OP-RN-1, and Activity Number PER20000002.

Scheduled Publication Date: September 27, 2007 form_7125_r01 04/30/07



FINAL
HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING RENEWAL
PERMIT

GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLS, LLC PLAQUEMINE, LOUISIANA LAD 057117434-OP-RN-1 A1#2455 / PER20000002

RECORD CENTER COPY



DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

KATHLEEN BABINEAUX BLANCO GOVERNOR MIKE D. McDANIEL, Ph.D. SECRETARY

Mr. Dennis Fec Environmental Manager Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC P.O. Box 629 Plaquemine, LA 70765

RE: Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC - Plaquemine Facility LAD057117434 /AI#2455/ PER2000002 Final Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit

Dear Mr. Fec:

Attached, is your copy of the Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC, final hazardous waste operating renewal permit, LAD057117434-OP-RN-1, which contains language pertaining to the operation of hazardous waste storage tanks and the Industrial Furnace at the Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC, Plaquemine Facility.

In accordance with Louisiana Revised Statute (La. R.S.) 30:2024, the Permittee may file with the Secretary a request for hearing no later than thirty (30) days after the notice of the action is served. Under La. R.S. 30:2050.21, any person aggrieved by a final permit action may appeal to the Nineteenth Judicial Court within thirty (30) days after the notice of the action has been given.

Please reference your Agency Interest Number (2455), EPA ID Number (LAD057117434), and Permit Activity Number (PER 20000002) on all future correspondence pertaining to this matter. If you have any questions, please contact Mr. Craig Easley of the Waste Services Section at (225) 219-3050 or Ms. Soumaya Ghosn of the Public Participation Group at (225) 219-3276.

Sincerely,

Chuck Carr Brown, Ph.D. Assistant Secretary

kce

Attachment

SIGNATURE PAGE

FINAL HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING RENEWAL PERMIT FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE STORAGE AND TREATMENT

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

PERMITTEE:

GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLS, LLC

PERMIT NUMBER:

LAD057117434-OP-RN-1

Agency Interest #2455/Activity # PER20000002

FACILITY LOCATION: 26100 HWY 405 SOUTH

PLAQUEMINE, LOUISIANA, 70669

This permit is issued by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) under the authority of the Louisiana Hazardous Waste Control Law R.S. 30:2171 et seq., and the regulations adopted thereunder and under the authority of the 1984 Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) to Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC, (hereafter called the Permittee), to operate a hazardous waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal facility (TSD) Louisiana, at latitude 30° 16′ 30" and longitude 91° 10′ 30."

For the purposes of this permit, the "Administrative Authority" shall be the Secretary of the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality, or his/her designee.

The Permittee must comply with all terms and conditions of this permit. This permit consists of the conditions contained herein and the applicable regulations contained in the Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 33, Part V, Subpart 1, (LAC 33:V.Subpart 1). Applicable regulations are those that are in effect on the effective date of issuance of this permit.

This permit is based on the assumption that the information provided to LDEQ by the Permittee is accurate. Further, this permit is based in part on the provisions of Sections 206, 212, and 224 of the HSWA of 1984, which modify Section 3004 and 3005 of RCRA. In particular, Section 206 requires corrective action for all releases of hazardous waste or constituents from any solid waste management unit at a treatment, storage or disposal facility seeking a permit, regardless of the time at which waste was placed in such unit.

Section 212 provides authority to review and modify the permit at any time. Any inaccuracies found in the submitted information may be grounds for the termination, modification, revocation, and reissuance of this permit (see LAC 33:V.323) and potential enforcement action. The Permittee must inform the LDEQ of any deviation from or changes in the information in the application that would affect the Permittee's ability to comply with the applicable regulations or permit conditions.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

This permit shall be effective as of October 28, 2007, and shall remain in effect until October 28, 2017, unless revoked, reissued, modified or terminated in accordance with LAC 33:V.323 and 705 of the Louisiana Hazardous Waste Regulations. The Administrative Authority may issue any permit for a duration that is less than the maximum term of ten (10) years and the term shall not be extended beyond the maximum duration by modification in accordance with LAC 33:V.315.

Provisions of this permit may be appealed in writing pursuant to La. R.S. 30:2024(A) within thirty (30) days from receipt of the permit. Only those provisions specifically appealed will be suspended by a request for hearing, unless the Secretary elects to suspend other provisions as well. A request for hearing must be sent to the following:

Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
Office of the Secretary
Attention: Hearings Clerk, Legal Services Division
Post Office Box 4302
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70821-4302

Chuck Carr Brown, Ph.D. Assistant Secretary Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality Date

PUBLIC NOTICE

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (LDEQ) GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLS, LLC, PLAQUEMINE FACILITY FINAL HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING PERMIT RENEWAL

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All correspondence should specify AI Number 2455, Permit Number LAD057117434-OP-RN-1, and Activity Number PER20000002.

Scheduled Publication Date: September 27, 2007

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Scheduled Publication Date: September 27, 2007

PART A APPLICATION

OMB#: 2050-0028 Expires 06/30/2009

				MITED Gray							
SEND COMPLETED	United States Environmental Pr	otection A	gency								
FORM TO: The Appropriate State or EPA Regional Office.	RCRA SUBTITLE C SITE IDENTIF	ICATIO	N FORM	LANCE OF COLUMNIC SERVICE SERVICES							
1. Reason for	Reason for Submittal:	•		-							
Submittal (See instructions	☐ To provide Initial Notification of Regulated Waste waste, universal waste, or used oil activities)	Activity (to ob	otain en EPA ID Numb	per for hazardous							
on page 13.)	☐ To provide Subsequent Notification of Regulated \	Waste Activity	y (to update site ident	tification information)							
MARK ALL BOX(ES)	As a component of a First RCRA Hazardous Wast	e Part A Per	mit Application								
THAT APPLY	As a component of a Revised RCRA Hazardous V	Vaste Part A	Permit Application (A	mendment #)							
	☐ As a component of the Hazardous Waste Report										
2. Site EPA ID Number (page 14)	EPA ID Number	1 7 11 4	1_3_1_4_1								
3. Site Name (page 14)	lame: GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLS, LLC										
4. Site Location	Street Address: 26100 LA HIGHWAY 405 SOUTH	Street Address: 26100 LA HIGHWAY 405 SOUTH									
Information (page 14)	City, Town, or Village: PLAQUEMINE	State: ∟A									
	County Name: BERVILLE	Zip Code: 70764									
5. Site Land Type (page 14)	Site Land Type: ☑ Private ☐ County ☐ District	☐ Federal [☐ Indian ☐ Municip	al State Other							
6. North American Industry	A. 13 1 2 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1	1_1									
Classification System (NAICS) Code(s) for the Site (page 14)	C. 131215121111	D. <u>1_3</u>	3 2 5 1 8 8								
7. Site Mailing	Street or P. O. Box: P.O. BOX 629										
Address (page 15)	City, Town, or Village: PLAQUEMINE										
	State: LA		• .								
	Country: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA		Zip Code: 70765								
8. Site Contact	First Name: HILLARY	MI:	Last Name: GARN	IER							
Person (page 15)	Phone Number: (225)685-2632 Extension:	<u> </u>	Email address:								
9. Operator and Legal Owner	A. Name of Site's Operator: GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLS, LLC		Date Became Ope 01/01/1985	rator (mm/dd/yyyy):							
of the Site	Operator Type: ☑ Private ☐ County ☐ District	☐ Federal [🗍 Indian 🔲 Municip	al State Other							
(pages 15 and 16)	B. Name of Site's Legal Owner: GEORGIA GULF CHEMICALS & VINYLS, LL	.c	Date Became Own 01/01/								
	Owner Type: Private County District		☐ Indian ☐ Munici	pal State Other							
				Page 1 of 3							

EPA ID NO: LA	D 11 0 1 5 1 7 11 1 1 1 7 11 4 1 3 1 4 1	OMB#: 2050-0028 Expires 06/30/2009
9. Legal Owner	Street or P. O. Box: 400 PERIMETER CENT	ER TERRACE, SUITE 595
(Continued) Address	City, Town, or Village: ATLANTA	
	State: GEORGIA	
	Country: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	Zlp Code: 30348
10. Type of Regulated Mark "Yes" or "No	Waste Activity Tor all activities; complete any additional box	es as instructed. (See instructions on pages 17 to 20.)
A. Hazardous Wa Complete all p	ste Activities arts for 1 through 6.	
Y☑ N□ 1. Generator		Y☐ N☑ 2. Transporter of Hazardous Waste
	hoose only one of the following - a, b, or c. : Greater than 1,000 kg/rno (2,200 lbs./mo.) of non-acute hazardous waste; or	Y N 3. Treater, Storer, or Disposer of Hazardous Waste (at your site) Note: A hazardous waste permit is required for this activity.
□ b. SQC	s: 100 to 1,000 kg/mo (220 - 2,200 lbs./mo.) of non-acute hazardous waste; or	Y□ N☑ 4. Recycler of Hazardous Waste (at your site)
☐ c. CES	QG: Less than 100 kg/mo (220 lbs./mo.) of non-acute hazardous waste	Y□ N☑ 5. Exempt Boiler and/or Industrial Furnace if "Yes", mark each that applies.
In addition,	indicate other generator activities.	 a. Small Quantity On-site Burner Exemption
Y□ N☑ đ. Unit	ed States Importer of Hazardous Waste	b. Smelting, Melting, and Refining
Y□ N☑ e. Mix	ed Waste (hazardous and radioactive) Generator	Y□ N☑ 6. Underground Injection Control
B. Universal Was		C. Used Oil Activities Mark all boxes that apply.
5,000 kg d determine	ntity Handler of Universal Waste (accumulate in more) [refer to your State regulations to what is regulated]. Indicate types of universal oxes that apply: Menage	Y☐ N☑ 1. Used Oil Transporter If "Yes", mark each that applies. ☐ a. Transporter ☐ b. Transfer Facility
a. Batteriesb. Pesticidec. Mercury	_	Y□ N□ 2. Used Oil Processor and/or Re-refiner If "Yes", mark each that applies. □ a. Processor □ b. Re-refiner
d. Lamps e. Other (sp	erify)	Y□ N☑ 3. Off-Specification Used Oil Burner
f. Other (s)	pecify)	Y□ N⊡ 4. Used Oil Fuel Marketer If "Yes", mark each that applies. □ a. Marketer Who Directs Shipment of Off-Specification Used Oil to
	on Facility for Universal Waste ardous waste permit may be required for this activit	Off-Specification Used Oil Burner b. Marketer Who First Claims the Used Oil Meets the Specifications

11. Descript	ion of Hazardous V	Vastes (See instru	ctions on page 21.)		
handled	Codes for Federally d at your site. List the nal page if more span	em in the order the	dous Wastes. Plea y are presented in the	ase list the waste coone regulations (e.g.,	des of the Federal h D001, D003, F007,	azardous wastes U112). Use an
D001	D002	D003	D007	D008	D009	D011
D018	D019	D021	D022	D026	D027	D028
D029	D032	D033	D034	D039	D040	D043
hazardo	ous wastes handled paces are needed for	at your site. List the	em in the order they	are presented in the	regulations. Use a	of the State-regulated in additional page if
42 Common	nts (See Instruction	ns on page 21)		<u>.</u>		
			FORE KOAO KO	22 1/17/1 11028 1	1037 11055 1118	
Section 11,	Box A (continued	3); FUU3, FUZ4,	FU25, NU 19, NU	22, K174, U028, U		
						<u>. </u>
					<u>.</u>	
		ann the of law that	this document and	all attachments were	nrenared under my	direction or supervision
in accordance	e with a system desi of the person or pe	gned to assure that	qualified personnel	properly gather and	evaluate the Information	ation submitted. Based
information s penalties for For the RCR	submitting false info	est of my knowledge rmation, including th	e and belief, true, ac ne possibility of fine	e persons directly res scurate, and complet and imprisonment fo	e. I am aware that the r knowing violations	ng the information, the nere are significant
information s penalties for For the RCR (See instruc Signature of	submitting false info A Hazardous Waste	est of my knowledgermation, including the Part A Permit Applion or an Name and	e and belief, true, ac ne possibility of fine	e persons directly res curate, and complet and imprisonment for a) and owner(s) mus a or print)	e. I am aware that the r knowing violations	ng the information, the here are significant . 270.10 (b) and 270.11). Date Signed
information s penalties for For the RCR (See instruc Signature of	submitting false info A Hazardous Waste tions on page 21.) f operator, owner, o	est of my knowledgermation, including the Part A Permit Applion or an Name and Char	e and belief, true, ac ne possibility of fine ication, all operator(d Official Title (type	e persons directly res curate, and complet and imprisonment for a) and owner(s) mus a or print)	e. I am aware that the strain of the strain	ng the information, the here are significant 270.10 (b) and 270.11).
information s penalties for For the RCR (See instruc Signature of	submitting false info A Hazardous Waste tions on page 21.) f operator, owner, o	est of my knowledgermation, including the Part A Permit Applion or an Name and Char	e and belief, true, ac ne possibility of fine ication, all operator(d Official Title (type	e persons directly rescurate, and complet and imprisonment for s) and owner(s) mus	e. I am aware that the strain of the strain	ng the information, the here are significant 270.10 (b) and 270.11). Date Signed (mm/dd/yyyy)
information s penalties for For the RCR (See instruc Signature of	submitting false info A Hazardous Waste tions on page 21.) f operator, owner, o	est of my knowledgermation, including the Part A Permit Applion or an Name and Char	e and belief, true, ac ne possibility of fine ication, all operator(d Official Title (type	e persons directly rescurate, and complet and imprisonment for s) and owner(s) mus	e. I am aware that the strain of the strain	ng the information, the here are significant 270.10 (b) and 270.11). Date Signed (mm/dd/yyyy)

EPA ID NO: 1 L | A | D | 1 0 | 5 | 7 | 1 1 1 1 7 | 4 | 3 | 4 |

OMB #: 2050-0034 Expires 11/30/2005

United States Environmental Protection Agency

HAZARDOUS WASTE PERMIT INFORMATION FORM

1. Facility Permit	First Name:		MI:	Last Name: Garner									
Contact (See	Hillary Phone Number:			Phone Number Extension:									
page 23)	(225) 685-2632												
2. Facility Permit	Street or P.O. Box: P.O. Box 629												
Contact Mailing Address (See	City, Town, or Village:												
instructions on	Plaquemine												
page 23)	State:												
	Country: United States of America		Zip Code: 70765										
3. Operator Mailing Address and	Street or P.O. Box: P.O. Box 629												
Telephone Number (See Instructions on	City, Town, or Village: Plaquemine												
page 23)	State:												
	Country: United States	Zip Codo: 707	65	Phone Number (225) 685-2500									
4. Legal Owner Mailing Address and	Street or P.O. Box: 400 Perimeter Co	400 Perimeter Center Terrace, Suite 595											
Telephone Number (See Instructions on	City, Town, or Village: Atlanta												
page 23)	State: GA												
	Country: United States	Zip Code: 303	48	Phone Number (770) 395-4500									
5. Facility Existence	Facility Existence Date (mm/dd/yyyy):												
Date (See instructions on page 24)	01/01/1985												
6. Other Environmental P	ermits (See Instructions on page 24)		Y										
A. Permit Type (Enter code)	B. Permit Number	, ,		C. Description									
N	LAD007129	 	NPDES Permit	- A London									
R	P - 0 1 7 3		Solid Waste Per	mit - Lanorarm mit - VCM Wastewater									
R	P = 0 2 6 5	i -		mit - Surge Basin									
See Section 14													
7. Nature of Business (Pr	ovide a brief description; see instruction	is on page 2	4)										
Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC is a publicly held, integrated manufacturer of quality chemical and plastic compounds. GGCV integrated product line consist of electro-chemicals and aromatic chemicals. The electro-chemical product line includes caustic soda, chlorine, vinyl chloride monomer, and vinyl resin compounds. The aromatic chemical product line includes acetone, alpha-methyl styrene, cumene and phenol.													

EPA ID NO: LIAID 1101517111171413141

OMB #: 2050-0034 Expires 11/30/2005

UNIT OF MEASURE CODE

8. Process Codes and Design Capacities (See instructions on page 24) - Enter information in the Sections on Form Page 3.

- A. PROCESS CODE Enter the code from the list of process codes in the table below that best describes each process to be used at the facility. Fifteen lines are provided for entering codes. If more lines are needed, attach a separate sheet of paper with the additional information. For "other" processes (i.e., D99, S99, T04 and X99), onter the process information in Item 9 (including a description).
- B. PROCESS DESIGN CAPACITY- For each code entered in Section A, enter the capacity of the process.
 - 1. AMOUNT Enter the amount. In a case where design capacity is not applicable (such as in a closure/post-closure or enforcement action) enter the total amount of waste for that process.
 - 2. UNIT OF MEASURE For each amount entered in Section B(1), enter the code in Section B(2) from the list of unit of measure codes below that describes the unit of measure used. Select only from the units of measure in this list.

C. PROCESS TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS - Enter the total number of units for each corresponding process code.

PROCESS CODE	PROCESS	APPROPRIATE UNITS OF MEASURE FOR PROCESS DESIGN CAPACITY	PROCESS CODE	PROCESS	APPROPRIATE UNITS OF MEASURE FOR PROCESS DESIGN CAPACITY
	Disposal;			Treatment (continued):	
D79	Underground Injection Well Disposal	Gallons; Liters; Gallons Per Day; or Liters Per Day	T81 T82	Cement Kita Lime Kiln	For TBI-T93:
D80	Lapdfill	Acre-feet; Hectare-meter; Acres; Cubic Meters; Hectares; Cubic Yards	T83 T84 T85	Aggregate Kiln Phosphate Kiln Coke Oven	Gallons Per Day; Liters Per Day; Pounds Per Hour; Short Tons Per Hour; Kilograms Per Hour; Metric Tons Par Day; Metric
D81	Land Treatment	Acres or Hectares	T86	Blast Furnace	Tons Per Hour; Short Tons Per Day; Btu Per
D82	Ocean Disposal	Gallons Per Day or Liters Per Day	187	Smelting, Melting, or Refining	Hour; Liters Per Hour; Kilograms Per
D83	Surface Impoundment Disposal	Gallons; Liters; Cubic Meters; or Cubic Yards	Т88	Furnace Titanium Dioxide Chloride Oxidation Reactor	Hour; or Million Btu Per Hour
D99	Other Disposal	Any Unit of Measure la Code Table Below	T89	Methane Reforming Furnace Pulping Liquor Recovery	
SOI	Storage: Container	Gallons; Liters; Cubic Meters; or Cubic Yards	T90 T91	Furnace Cambustion Device Used In The Recovery Of Sulfur Values	
S02	Tank Storage	Gallons; Liters; Cubic Meters; or Cubic Yards	1	From Spent Sulfuric Acid	
S03	Waste Pile	Cabic Yards or Cubic Meters	T92 T93	Halogen Acid Furnaces Other Industrial Furnaces	
S04	Surface Impoundment Storage	Galloos; Liters; Cubic Meters; or Cubic Yards		Listed in 40 CFR §260.10	
S05	Drip Pad	Gallons; Liters; Acres; Cubic Meters; Hectares; or Cubic Yards	T94	Containment Building - Treatment	Cubic Yards; Cubic Meters; Short Tons Pe Hour; Gallons Per Hour; Liters Per Hour; Btu Per Hour; Pounds Per Hour; Short To
S06	Containment Building Storage	Cubic Yards or Cubic Meters			Per Day; Kilograms Per Hour; Metric Ton Per Day; Gallons Per Day; Liters Per Day; Metric Tons Per Hour; or Million Btu Per
599	Other Storage	Any Unit of Measure in Code Table Below		Miscellaprops (Subpart X):	Hour
TUI	Treatment: Tank Treatment	Gallons Per Day; Liters Per Day	XOI	Open Burning/Open Detonation	Any Unit of Measure in Code Table Below
T02	Surface Impossioment Treatment	Galloos Fer Day; Liters Fer Day	X02	Mechanical Processing	Short Tons Fer Hour; Metric Tons Per Hour; Short Tons Per Day; Metric Tons Pe Day; Founds Per Hour; Kilograms Per
T03	Incinerator	Short Tous Per Hour; Metric Tous Per Hour; Gallous Per Hour; Liters Per Hour; Blu Per Hour; Paunds Per Hour; Short Tous Per Day; Kilograms			Hour; Gallons Per Hour; Liters Per Hour; or Gallons Per Day
		Per Hour; Gallons Per Day; Liters Per Day; Metric Tons Per Hour; or Million Bin Per Hour	X03	Thermal Unit	Gallons Per Day; Liters Per Day; Pounds Per Hour; Short Tons Per Hour; Kilogram Per Hour; Metric Tons Per Day; Metric
T04	Other Trentment	Gallons Per Day; Liters Per Day; Pounds Per Hour; Short Tons Per Hour; Kilograms Per Hour;			Tons Per Hour; Short Tons Per Day; Btu Per Hour; or Million Btu Per Hour
		Metric Tons Per Day; Metric Tons Per Hour; Short Tons Per Day; Biu Per Hour; Gallons Per Day; Liters Per Hour; or Million Biu Per Hour	X04	Geologic Repository	Cubic Yards; Cubic Meters; Acro-feet; Hectare-meter; Gallons; or Liters
T80	Boiler	Gallons; Liters; Gallons Per Hour; Liters Per Hour; Btu Per Hour; or Million Btu Per Hour	X99	Other Subpart X	Any Unit of Measure Listed Below

UNIT OF	UNIT OF	UNIT OF	UNIT OF	UNIT OF
MEASURE	MEASURE CODE	MEASURE	MEASURE CODE	MEASURE
GaBons Callons Per Hour. Callons Per Day. Liters Liters Per Hour. Liters Per Day.	E U L H	Short Tons Per Hour Metric Tons Per Hour Short Tons Per Day Metric Tons Per Day Pounds Per Hour Kilograms Per Hour Million Btu Per Hour	W N S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Cubic Yards

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- 10. Description of Hazardous Wastes (See instructions on page 25) Enter information in the Sections on Form Page 5.
 - A. EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NUMBER Enter the four-digit number from 40 CFR, Part 261 Subpart D of each listed hazardous waste you will handle.

 For hazardous wastes which are not listed in 40 CFR, Part 261 Subpart D, enter the four-digit number(s) from 40 CFR Part 261, Subpart C that describes the characteristics and/or the toxic contaminants of those hazardous wastes.
 - B. ESTIMATED ANNUAL QUANTITY For each listed waste entered in Section A, estimate the quantity of that waste that will be handled on an annual basis. For each characteristic or toxic contaminant entered in Section A, estimate the total annual quantity of all the non-listed waste(s) that will be handled which possess that characteristic or contaminant.
 - C. UNIT OF MEASURE For each quantity entered in Section B, enter the unit of measure code. Units of measure which must be used and the appropriate codes are:

ENGLISH UNIT OF MEASURE	CODE	METRIC UNIT OF MEASURE	CODE
POUNDS	P	KILOGRAMS	κ
TONS		METRIC TONS	М

If facility records use any other unit of measure for quantity, the units of measure must be converted into one of the required units of measure, taking into account the appropriate density or specific gravity of the waste.

D. PROCESSES

1. PROCESS CODES:

For listed hazardous waste: For each listed hazardous waste entered in Section A, select the code(s) from the list of process codes contained in Items 8A and 9A on page 3 to Indicate all the processes that will be used to store, treat, and/or dispose of all the listed hazardous wastes. For non-listed hazardous waste: For each characteristic or toxic contaminant entered in Section A, select the code(s) from the list of process

For non-listed hazardous waste: For each characteristic or toxic contaminant entered in Section A, select the code(s) from the list of process codes contained in Items 8A and 9A on page 3 to indicate all the processes that will be used to store, treat, and/or dispose of all the non-listed nazardous wastes that possess that characteristic or toxic contaminant.

NOTE: THREE SPACES ARE PROVIDED FOR ENTERING PROCESS CODES. IF MORE ARE NEEDED:

- 1. Enter the first two as described above.
- 2. Enter "000" in the extreme right box of item: 10.D(1).
- 3. Use additional sheet, enter line number from previous sheet, and enter additional code(s) in Item 10.E.
- 2. PROCESS DESCRIPTION: If a code is not listed for a process that will be used, describe the process in item 10.D(2) or in item 10.E(2).

 NOTE: HAZARDOUS WASTES DESCRIBED BY MORE THAN ONE EPA HAZARDOUS WASTE NUMBER Hazardous wastes that can be described by more than one EPA Hazardous Waste Number shall be described on the form as follows:
 - Select one of the EPA Hazardous Waste Numbers and enter it in Section A. On the same line complete Sections B, C and D by estimating the
 total annual quantity of the waste and describing all the processes to be used to treat, store, and/or dispose of the waste.
 - 2. In Section A of the next line enter the other EPA Hazardous Waste Number that can be used to describe the waste. In Section D(2) on that line enter "included with above" and make no other entries on that line.
 - Repeat step 2 for each EPA Hazardous Waste Number that can be used to describe the hazardous waste.

EXAMPLE FOR COMPLETING item 10 (shown in line numbers X-1, X-2, X-3, and X-4 below) - A facility will treat and dispose of an estimated 900 pounds per year of chrome shavings from leather tanning and finishing operations. In addition, the facility will treat and dispose of three non-listed wastes. Two wastes are corrosive only and there will be an estimated 200 pounds per year of each waste. The other waste is corrosive and ignitable and there will be an estimated 100 pounds per year of that waste. Treatment will be in an incinerator and disposal will be in a landfill.

				A. EP			B. Estimated	C.	D. PROCESSES											
Lli Nun	ne nber		Wa	ste	lou: No cod		Annual Quantity of Waste	Unit of Measure (Enter code)		(1) PROCESS CODES (Enter code)						(2) PROCESS DESCRIPTION- (If a code is not entered in D(1))				
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Line umber 1 K 2 D 3 D 4 D 5 D 6 D 7 D 8 D 9 D 0 D 1 F 2 D 3 D 4 D 5 D 6 D 7 D 6 D 7 D 7 D 8 D 7 D 8 D 9 D 9 D 9 D 9 D 9 D 9 D 9 D 9 D 9 D 9	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	dous No. code	,	Estimated Annual Quantity of Waste 15,000	C. Unit of Measure (Enter code)	T T T	9 9 9	(1) PRO	S S	CODE :	S (Ente	r code)		(2) PROCESS DESCRIRT: (If a code is not entered in E
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EPA ID NO: 1 1 1 1 0 5 7 1 1 1 7 1 4 3 4 OMB #: 2050-0034 Expires 11/30/2005 10. Description of Hazardous Wastes (Continued. Use this Additional Sheet(s) as necessary; number as 5 a, etc.) E. PROCESSES C. EPA Estimated Unit of Hazardous Annual (2) PROCESS DESCRIPTION -Measure Line Waste No. Quantity (1) PROCESS CODES (Enter code) (If a code is not entered in E(1)) of Waste (Enter cods) Number (Enter code) 4 0

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11. Map (See Instructions on pages 25 and 26)

Attach to this application a topographic map, or other equivalent map, of the area extending to at least one mile beyond property boundaries. The map must show the outline of the facility, the location of each of its existing and proposed intake and discharge structures, each of its hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facilities, and each well where it injects fluids underground. Include all springs, rivers and other surface water bodies in this map area. See instructions for precise requirements.

12. Facility Drawing (See Instructions on page 26)

All existing facilities must include a scale drawing of the facility (see instructions for more detail).

13. Photographs (See Instructions on page 26)

All existing facilities must include photographs (aerial or ground-level) that clearly delineate all existing structures; existing storage, treatment and disposal areas; and sites of future storage, treatment or disposal areas (see instructions for more detail).

14. Comments (See instructions on page 26)

Other Environmental Permits (continued from Section 6):

P-0205 Solid Waste Permit - Biosludge Pond

2907-V0 Title V Air Permit - Utilities/Wastewater Plant

1267-V0 Title V Air Permit - Phenol/Acetone Plant

2030-V0 Title V Air Permit - Chlorine/Caustic Plant

881-V2 Title V Air Permit - PVC Plant

2609-V1 Title V Air Permit - EDC/VCM Plant

2224-V1 Title V Air Permit - VCM Plant Incinerators

2056-V0 Title V Air Permit - Cogeneration Plant

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LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

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BODY OF PERMIT

FINAL HAZARDOUS WASTE OPERATING RENEWAL PERMIT

Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC EPA ID# LAD057117434 Agency Interest# 2455

Iberville Parish
Plaquemine, Louisiana
PER20000002
Permit Number LAD057117434-OP-RN-1

I. PERMIT PREAMBLE

This permit is issued to Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls, LLC, hereinafter referred to as the Permittee, by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) under authority of the Louisiana Hazardous Waste Control Law, R.S. 30:2171 et seq., and the regulations adopted thereunder.

For the purposes of the permit, "Administrative Authority" shall mean the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Quality, or his/her designee.

This permit is based on information submitted in the permit application, and all subsequent amendments, and on the applicant's certification that such information is accurate and that all facilities were or will be maintained and operated as specified in the application.

This permit is conditioned upon full compliance with all applicable provisions of the Louisiana Hazardous Waste Control Law, R.S. 30:2171 et. Seq., and the regulations adopted thereunder.

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

For the purpose of this Permit, terms used herein shall have the same meaning as those in LAC 33:V.Subpart 1 unless the context of use in this Permit clearly indicates otherwise. Where terms are not otherwise defined, the meaning otherwise associated with such terms shall be as defined by a standard dictionary reference or the generally accepted scientific or industrial meaning of the term.

- "Administrative Authority" means the Secretary of the Department of Environmental Quality or his designee or the appropriate assistant secretary or his designee.
- "Application" refers to the RCRA Part B Permit Application and subsequent amendments submitted by the Permittee for obtaining a Permit.
- "Area of Concern" (AOC) means any discernable unit or area, which, in the opinion of the Administrative Authority, may have received solid or hazardous waste or waste containing hazardous constituents at any time. The Administrative Authority may require investigation of the unit to determine if it is a Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU). If shown to be a SWMU by the investigation, the AOC must be reported by the Permittee as a newly identified SWMU. If the AOC is shown not to be a SWMU by the investigation, the Administrative Authority may determine that no further action is necessary and notify the Permittee in writing.
- "Area of Investigation" (AOI) is a zone contiguous to and including impacted media defined vertically and horizontally by the presence of one or more constituents in concentrations exceeding the limiting SS, MO-1 RS, or MO-2 RS (depending on the option being implemented).
- "Beneficial Resource" describes a natural resource that is useful to human and ecological receptors. The state may establish statutes or regulations that identify certain environmental components, such as specific ground water or surface water sources, as a "Special Beneficial Resource," or "Designated Beneficial Resource." The beneficial resource then may be entitled to greater protection from contamination.
- "Constituents of Concern" (COC) means the COPCs that pose a significant risk.
- "Constituents of Potential Concern" (COPC) means chemicals from hazardous waste and hazardous waste constituents that are potentially site related and have data of quality for use in the Screen or a site-specific risk assessment. The facility should compile a list of COPCs for each release site based on existing sampling data, waste analysis reports, etc.
- "Conceptual Site Model" (CSM) is part of the Data Quality Objective (DQO) process that presents a three-dimensional picture of site conditions at a discrete point in time that conveys what is known about the facility, releases, release mechanisms, contaminant fate and transport,

exposure pathways, potential receptors, and risks. The information for the CSM is documented into six profiles. The CSM evolves as data gaps in the profiles become more complete, and will be refined based upon results of site characterization data. The final CSM is documented in the Risk Management Plan (RMP).

- "CWA" means Clean Water Act.
- "Corrective Action" is an activity conducted to protect human health and the environment.
- "Department" means the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality.
- "Dense Nonaqueous Phase Liquid (DNAPL)" a dense liquid not dissolved in water, commonly referred to as "free product."
- "EPA" means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- "Facility" means, for the purpose of conducting corrective action under LAC 33:V.3322, all the contiguous property under the control of the Permittee.
- "HSWA" means the 1984 Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments to RCRA.
- "Hazardous Constituent" means any constituent identified in LAC 33:V.Chapter 31, Table 1, or any constituent identified in LAC 33:V.3325, Table 4.
- "LDEQ" means the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality.
- "Light Nonaqueous Phase Liquid (LNAPL)" a light liquid not dissolved in water, commonly referred to as "free product."
- "Newly-discovered Release" any release(s) of hazardous waste, including hazardous constituents, in which there is a statistically significant in crease over the background data for the media of concern, during the course of groundwater monitoring, field investigation, environmental auditing, or by other means.
- "Operating Record" means written or electronic records of all maintenance, monitoring, inspection, calibration, or performance testing—or other data as may be required—to demonstrate compliance with this Permit, document noncompliance with this Permit, or document actions taken to remedy noncompliance with this Permit. The minimum list of documents that must be included in the operating record is identified at LAC 33:V.1529.B.
- "Permittee" means Georgia Gulf Chemicals and Vinyls, LLC, 26100 HWY 405 South, Plaquemine, Louisiana 70764.
- "RCRA Permit" means the full permit, with RCRA and HSWA portions.
- "RFA" means RCRA Facility Assessment.

"RFI" means RCRA Facility Investigation.

"Release" means any spilling, leaking, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, pumping, escaping, leaching, dumping or disposing of hazardous wastes (including hazardous constituents) into the environment (including the abandonment or discarding of barrels, containers, and other closed receptacles containing hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents).

"SARA" means Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Action of 1986.

"Solid Waste Management Unit" (SWMU) means any discernable unit at which solid wastes have been placed at any time, irrespective of whether the unit was intended for the management of solid or hazardous waste. Such units include any area at a facility at which solid wastes have been routinely and systematically released.

"Stabilization" is an action taken for the purpose of controlling or abating threats to human health or the environment from releases or preventing or minimizing the further spread of contaminants while long-term remedies are pursued.

If, subsequent to the issuance of this Permit, regulations are promulgated which redefine any of the above terms, the Administrative Authority may, at its discretion, apply the new definition to this Permit.

All regulating citations are defined as being the regulations in effect on the date of issuance of this permit. New and/or amended regulations are not included as Permit requirements until permit modification procedures as specified in Condition II.C of the permit and LAC 33:V.321 are completed.

II, GENERAL PERMIT CONDITIONS

II.A. DURATION OF PERMIT

This permit is effective as of the date indicated on the accompanying signature page and shall remain in effect for a maximum period of ten (10) years from the effective date, unless suspended, modified, revoked and reissued or terminated for just cause.

II.B. EFFECT OF PERMIT

This permit authorizes the Permittee to store and treat hazardous waste in accordance with the conditions of this permit. The Permittee is prohibited from any storage, treatment or disposal of hazardous waste not authorized by statute, regulation or this permit. Compliance with this permit, LAC 33:V.Subpart 1 and HSWA, constitutes compliance, for purposes of enforcement, with Subtitle C of RCRA and Chapter 9 of the Louisiana Environmental Quality Act (Act). However, compliance with the terms of this permit does not constitute a defense to any order issued or any action brought under Condition 3013 or Condition 7003 of RCRA, or under Condition 106 (a) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) {42 U.S.C. 9606 (a)}.

In accordance with LAC 33:V.307.B and C, issuance of this permit does not convey property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege; nor does it authorize any injury to persons or property, any invasion of other private rights, or any infringement of State or local law or regulations.

II.C. PERMIT ACTIONS

Any inaccuracies found in the permit application may be cause for revocation or modification of this permit. The Permittee must inform the Administrative Authority of any deviation from, changes or inaccuracies in the information in the permit application.

The Administrative Authority may also suspend, modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate for cause when necessary to be protective of human health or the environment as specified in 40 CFR 270.41, 270.42, 270.43 or LAC 33:V.309.F, 311.A or 323. The Administrative Authority may modify the permit when the standards or regulations on which the permit was based have been changed by promulgation of amended standards or regulations or by judicial decision after the permit was issued. The filing of a request for permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination or the notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance on the part of Permittee does not stay the applicability or enforceability of any permit condition.

ILD. SEVERABILITY

The conditions of this permit are severable and if any provision of this permit or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances and the remainder of this permit shall not be affected thereby.

II.E. DUTIES AND REQUIREMENTS

II.E.1. Duty to Comply

The Permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit, except to the extent and for the duration such noncompliance may be authorized by an emergency permit, as described in LAC 33:V.701. Any permit noncompliance, other than noncompliance authorized by an emergency permit, constitutes a violation of the LAC 33:V.Subpart 1 and the Environmental Quality Act and is grounds for enforcement action which may include permit termination, permit revocation and reissuance, permit modification, or denial of permit renewal application.

II.E.2. Duty to Reapply

If the Permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the Permittee must reapply for the permit as required by the LAC 33:V.303.N and 309.B. Notification shall be at least 180 calendar days before the permit expires.

II.E.3. Permit Extension

This permit and all conditions herein will remain in effect beyond the permit's expiration date until the Administrative Authority issues a final decision on the reapplication, provided the Permittee has submitted a timely, complete new permit application as provided in LAC 33:V.309.B and 315.A.

II.E.4. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for the Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

II.E.5. Duty to Mitigate

The Permittee shall immediately take all reasonable steps to minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from noncompliance with this permit as required by LAC 33:V.309.D.

H.E.6. Proper Operation and Maintenance

The Permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related ancillary equipment) that are installed or used by the Permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls.

including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

II.E.7. Duty to Provide Information

The Permittee shall furnish to the Administrative Authority, within a reasonable time, any information which the Administrative Authority may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit, or to determine compliance with this permit. The Permittee shall also furnish to the Administrative Authority upon request, copies of records required by this permit and in accordance with LAC 33:V.309.H.

II.E.8. Inspection and Entry

The Permittee shall allow the Administrative Authority or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- II.E.8.a. enter upon the Permittee's premises where a regulated activity is located or conducted, or where records must be maintained under the conditions of this permit;
- II.E.8.b. have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be maintained under the conditions of this permit;
- II.E.8.c. inspect, at reasonable times, any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operation regulated or required under this permit; and
- **11.E.8.d.** sample or monitor, at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Administrative Authority any substances or parameters at any location.

II.E.9. Sample Monitoring and Records

H.E.9.a. Samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity. The method used to obtain a representative sample of the waste to be analyzed must be the appropriate method from Appendix I of 40 CFR Part 261. Laboratory methods must be those specified in <u>Test Methods</u> for <u>Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods</u>, "SW-846", latest revision; <u>Manual of Ground Water Quality Sampling Procedures</u>, 1981, EPA-600/2-81-160, as revised; <u>Procedures Manual for Ground Water Monitoring at Solid Waste Disposal Facilities</u>, 1977, EPA-530/SW-611, as revised; or an equivalent method as specified in the attached Waste Analysis Plan referenced in Attachment 1.

II.E.9.b. Records of monitoring information shall include:

H.E.9.b.(1). the date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;

II.E.9.b.(2). the name(s) and signature(s) of the individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements:

II.E.9.b.(3). the date(s) analyses were performed;

II.E.9.b.(4). the name(s) and signature(s) of the individual(s) who performed the analyses;

II.E.9.b.(5). the analytical techniques or methods used;

II.E.9.b.(6), the results of such analyses; and

II.E.9.b.(7). associated quality assurance performance data.

II.E.9.c. Laboratory Quality Assurance/Quality Control

In order to ensure the accuracy, precision, and reliability of data generated foruse, the Permittee shall submit a statement, certified as specified in LAC 33:V.513 and included in the annual report, indicating that:

II.E.9.c.(1). any commercial laboratory providing analytical results and test data to the Department required by this permit is accredited by the Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (LELAP) in accordance with LAC 33:1. Subpart 3, Chapter 45. Laboratory data generated by commercial laboratories not accredited under LELAP will not be accepted by the Department.

LAC 33:I.Subpart 3 (Chapters 45-49) provides requirements for the accreditation program. Regulations and a list of labs that have applied for accreditation are available on the LDEQ website located at: http://www.deq.louisiana.gov/portal/tabid/2412/Default.aspx.

In accordance with LAC 33:V.4501, the requirements for LELAP accreditation applies whenever data is:

- submitted on behalf of a facility;
- required as part of a permit application;
- required by order of the Department;
- required to be included in a monitoring report submitted to the Department;
- required to be submitted by contract; or
- otherwise required by Department regulations.

This includes, but is not limited to, data from RCRA Trial Burns, Risks Burns, Risk Assessments, MACT Comprehensive Performance Tests, and data used for continuing compliance demonstrations.

H.E.9.c.(2). If the Permittee decides to use its own in-house laboratory for test and analysis, the laboratory is not required to be accredited by LELAP. However, the laboratory must document and submit for approval, quality assurance/quality control procedures that are commensurate with requirements in LAC 33:1.Subpart 3, Laboratory Accreditation.

II.E.9.c.(3). For approval of equivalent testing or analytical methods, the Permittee may petition for a regulatory amendment under LAC 33:V.105.I and LAC 33:I.Chapter 9. In cases where an approved methodology for a parameter/analyte is not available or listed, a request to utilize an alternate method shall be submitted to the Administrative Authority for approval. Documentation must be submitted to the LDEQ that will verify that the results obtained from the alternate method are equal to or better than those obtained from EPA-accepted methods, as well as those deemed equivalent by the LDEQ.

II.E.10. Retention of Records

The Permittee shall maintain records through the active life of the facility (including operation, closure and post-closure periods) as required by LAC 33:V.309.J and LAC 33:V.1529.A, B, and C. All records, including plans, must be furnished upon request and made available at all reasonable times as required by LAC 33:V.1529.C. File copies shall be kept for LDEQ Inspection for a period of not less than three years as required by LAC 33:V.317.B.

The Permittee shall, for the life of the permit, maintain records of all data used to complete the application for this permit and any supplemental information submitted under the <u>Louisiana Hazardous Waste Control Law (LA. R.S. 30:2171 et seq.)</u>.

II.E.11. Notices of Planned Physical Facility Changes

The Permittee shall give notice to the Administrative Authority, as soon as possible, of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility, in accordance with LAC 33:V.309.L.1.

II.E.12. Physical Facility after Modification

For any new or existing unit being modified, the Permittee may not manage hazardous waste in the modified portion of the unit until the unit is complete and:

II.E.12.a. the Permittee has submitted to and received approval from the Administrative Authority, by certified mail or hand delivery, a letter signed by the Permittee and an independent registered professional engineer stating that the unit is complete and has been constructed or modified in compliance with the permit, and

II.E.12.b. the Administrative Authority has inspected the modified unit following a request to make final inspection by the Permittee and finds it is in compliance with the conditions of the permit and all applicable sections of LAC 33:V.Subpart 1, and has issued an Order to Proceed. The Permittee may then commence treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste.

II.E.13. Anticipated Noncompliance

The Permittee shall give advance notice to the Administrative Authority of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

H.E.14. Transfer of Permits

This permit may be transferred to a new owner or operator only if it is modified or revoked and reissued pursuant to LAC 33:V.309.L.4, 321.B, 321.C.4, and 1531.D and E, as applicable.

H.E.15. Compliance Schedules

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than fourteen (14) days following each schedule date as required by LAC 33:V.309.L.6.

II.E.16. Emergency Unauthorized Discharge Notification

In accordance with LAC 33:1.3915, in the event of an unauthorized discharge that results in an emergency condition (an emergency condition is any condition which could be reasonably expected to endanger the health and safety of the public, cause significant adverse impact to the land, water, or air environment, or cause severe damage to property), the Permittee shall notify the DPS (Department of Public Safety) 24-hour Louisiana Emergency Hazardous Materials Hotline by telephone at (225) 925-6595 immediately, but in no case later than one (1) hour after learning of the discharge. The DPS 24-hour Louisiana Emergency Hazardous Materials Hotline will subsequently notify the Department regarding the details of the discharge.

H.E.17. Non-Emergency Unauthorized Discharge Notification

In accordance with LAC 33:I.3917, in the event of an unauthorized discharge that exceeds a reportable quantity specified in LAC 33:I.Chapter 39.Subchapter E and/or results in contamination of the groundwaters of the state but does not result in an emergency condition, the Permittee shall promptly notify the Department within twenty-four (24) hours after learning of the discharge. Notification shall be made to the Office of Environmental Compliance, Emergency and Radiological Services Division, Single Point of Contact (SPOC) in accordance with the procedure and content requirements specified in LAC 33:I.3923.

II.E.18. Unauthorized Discharge to Groundwater Notification

In accordance with LAC 33:I.3919, in the event of an unauthorized discharge resulting in contamination of groundwaters of the state by moving in, into, within or on any saturated subsurface strata, the Permittee shall promptly notify the Department within twenty-four (24) hours after learning of the discharge. Notification shall be made to the Office of Environmental Compliance, Emergency and Radiological Services Division, SPOC in accordance with the procedure and content requirements specified in LAC 33:I.3923.

II.E.19. Written Notification Reports for Unauthorized Discharges

The Permittee shall submit written reports to the SPOC for any unauthorized discharges requiring notification under Condition II.E.16 through Condition II.E.18. The written report shall be submitted in accordance with the procedure and content requirements specified in LAC 33:I.3925.

11.E.20. Noncompliance Reporting

The Permittee shall report orally within twenty-four (24) hours any noncompliance with the permit not reported under Condition II.E.16 through Condition II.E.18 that may endanger the human health or the environment. This report shall include at minimum the following information:

- II.E.20.a. information concerning the release of any hazardous waste that may endanger public drinking water supplies; and
- II.E.26.b. information concerning the release or discharge of any hazardous waste, or of a fire or explosion at the facility, that could threaten the environment or human health outside the facility. The description of the occurrence and its cause shall include:
 - II.E.20.b.(1). name, address, and telephone number of the owner or operator;
 - II.E.20.b.(2). name, address, and telephone number of the facility;

II.E.20.b.(3). date, time, and type of incident;

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II.E.20.b.(4). name and quantity of materials involved;

II.E.20.b.(5). the extent of injuries, if any;

II.E.20.b.(6). an assessment of actual or potential hazard to the environment and human health outside the facility, where this is applicable; and

II.E.20.b.(7). estimated quantity and disposition of recovered material that resulted from the incident.

II.E.21. Follow-up Written Report of Noncompliance

The Permittee shall provide a written submission within five (5) days after the time the Permittee becomes aware of any noncompliance which may endanger human health or the environment and reported under Condition II.E.20. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the periods of noncompliance (including exact dates and times); whether the noncompliance has been corrected; and if not, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. If the Administrative Authority waives the requirement, then the Permittee submits a written report within fifteen (15) days after the time the Permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, as required by LAC 33:V.309.L.7.

H.E.22. Other Noncompliance

The Permittee shall report all other instances of noncompliance not otherwise required to be reported above, at the time required monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in Condition II.E.20.

II.E.23. Other Information

Whenever the Permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in the permit application, or that it submitted incorrect information in a permit application, or in any report to the Administrative Authority, the Permittee shall promptly submit such facts or information.

II.E.24. Signatory Requirement

All applications, reports or other information submitted to the Administrative Authority shall be signed and certified according to LAC 33:V.507, 509, 511, and 513.

II.E.25. Schedule of Compliance

II.E.25.a. Within ninety (90) days of the effective date of the permit, the Permittee shall submit to the Administrative Authority updated secondary containment calculations for Tanks V-441A, V-441B and 01-47600.

II.E.25.b. Within ninety (90) days of the effective date of the permit, the Permittee shall submit to the Administrative Authority an updated version of Table 1 of the Waste Analysis Plan (WAP). Table 1 of the WAP must be updated to include specific sampling methods used, including the method variant (i.e., 6010B, 8270C). The updated Table 1 of the WAP must also reference the sampling point under "Sampling Method" using the P&ID valve number, if such is available.

II.E.26. Additional Operating Standards

(RESERVED)

II.E.27. Updated Documents To Be Submitted Prior To Operation

(RESERVED)

H.E.28. Documents To Be Maintained at Facility Site

11.E.28.a. The Permittee shall maintain at the facility, until closure is completed and certified by an independent registered professional engineer, the following documents and any amendments, revisions, and modifications to these documents. Any revision or changes shall be submitted with the annual report unless previously submitted.

II.E.28.a.(1). Waste Analysis Plan submitted in accordance with LAC 33:V.1519 and approved by the Administrative Authority (see Attachment 1).

II.E.28.a.(2). Personnel Training Plan and the training records as required by LAC 33:V.1515 (see Attachment 1).

II.E.28.a.(3). Contingency Plan submitted in accordance with LAC 33:V.1513 and approved by the Administrative Authority (see Attachment 1).

II.E.28.a.(4). Arrangements with local authorities in accordance with LAC 33:V.1511.G (see Attachment 1).

11.E.28.a.(5). Closure Plans submitted in accordance with LAC 33:V.3511 and approved by the Administrative Authority, as well as any post-closure care requirements that may be required initially or through permit modifications in accordance with LAC 33:V.3523 (see Attachment 1).

II.E.28.a.(6). Cost estimate for facility closure care submitted in accordance with LAC 33:V.3705 and approved by the Administrative Authority, as well as any post-closure cost estimate that may be required initially or through permit modifications in accordance with LAC 33:V.3709 (see Attachment 1).

II.E.28.a.(7). Operating records and Operations Plans referenced as required by LAC 33:V.1529, 1911.D, and 3007.K (see Attachment 1).

11.E.28.a.(8). Inspection Plan developed in accordance with LAC 33.V.517.G and 1509.B and approved by the Administrative Authority (see Attachment 1).

H.E.28.a.(9). Security Plan developed in accordance with LAC 33:V.1507 (see Attachment 1).

II.E.28.b. All proposed amendments, revisions and modifications to any plan or cost estimates required by this permit shall be submitted to the Administrative Authority for approval.

II.E.29. Annual Report

The Permittee shall submit an annual report covering all hazardous waste units and activities during the previous calendar year as required by LAC 33:V.1529.D.

II.E.30. Manifest

The Permittee shall report manifest discrepancies and un-manifested waste as required by LAC 33:V.309.L.8 and 9 and LAC 33:V.1107.

11.E.31. Emissions

Emissions from any hazardous waste facility shall not violate the Louisiana Air Quality Regulations. If air quality standards are exceeded, the site will follow air regulation protocol.

II.E.32. Water Discharges

Water discharges from any hazardous waste facility shall not violate the Louisiana Water Quality Regulations. If water standards are exceeded, the site will follow water quality regulation protocol.

II.E.33. Non-Listed Hazardous Waste Facilities

This permit is issued for those hazardous waste facilities listed in Condition IV (Permitted Facilities). If the Permittee determines that an un-permitted hazardous waste facility exists, the Permittee must immediately notify the Administrative Authority in accordance with Condition II.E.22 of the General Permit Conditions.

II.E.34. Compliance With Land Disposal Restrictions

The Permittee shall comply with those land disposal restrictions set forth in LA. R.S. 30:2193, all regulations promulgated thereunder, and the HSWA portion of this permit (Conditions VII and VIII).

11.E.35. Establishing Permit Conditions

Permits for facilities with pre-existing groundwater contamination are subject to all limits, conditions, remediation and corrective action programs designated under LAC 33:V.311.D and LAC 33:V.3303.

H.E.36. Obligation for Corrective Action

Owners or operators of hazardous waste management units must have all necessary permits during the active life of the unit and for any period necessary to comply with the corrective action requirements in Condition VIII. The facility is obligated to complete facility-wide corrective action regardless of the operational status of the facility.

II.E.37. Attachments and Documents Incorporated by Reference

All attachments and documents required by this permit, including all plans and schedules, are incorporated, upon approval by the Administrative Authority, into this permit by reference and become an enforceable part of this permit. When applicable, the Permittee must modify the permit according to LAC 33:V.Chapter 3. Since required items are essential elements of this permit, failure to submit any of the required items or submission of inadequate or insufficient information may subject the Permittee to enforcement action, which may include fines, suspension, or revocation of the permit. Also, where applicable, the Permittee must meet all the permit modification requirements contained in LAC 33:V.321, 322, and 323.

Any noncompliance with approved plans and schedules shall be termed noncompliance with this permit. Written requests for extension of due dates for submittals may be granted by the Administrative Authority.

If the Administrative Authority determines that actions beyond those provided for, or changes to what is stated herein, are warranted, the Administrative Authority may modify this permit according to procedures in LAC 33:V.321.

III. GENERAL FACILITY CONDITIONS

III.A. DESIGN AND OPERATION OF ALL FACILITIES

- III.A.1. The Permittee must maintain and operate all facilities to minimize the possibility of a fire, explosion, or any unauthorized sudden or non-sudden release of hazardous waste constituents to air, soil, or water that could threaten human health or the environment.
- III.A.2. The Permittee shall not receive for treatment, storage, or disposal any hazardous waste generated outside the United States or its territories, in accordance with LA. R.S. 30:2189 of the Louisiana Environmental Quality Act.
- III.A.3. No off-site generated hazardous wastes may be shipped to the Westlake facility (LAD 086478047) for storage, treatment, and/or disposal.

III.B. REQUIRED NOTICE

(RESERVED)

III.C. GENERAL WASTE ANALYSIS

The Permittee shall follow the procedures described in the Waste Analysis Plan referenced in Attachment 1 and in accordance with LAC 33:V.1519.

- III.C.1. The Permittee shall review the Waste Analysis Plan annually and report to the Administrative Authority in the annual report whether any revision is required to stay abreast of changes in EPA methods and/or State regulatory provisions.
- III.C.2. Annually, the Permittee shall submit a certified statement that indicates that any laboratory (i.e., on-site laboratory or contract laboratory) that provides chemical analyses, analytical results, or other test data to the department, by contract or by agreement, is accredited in accordance with the laboratory accreditation requirements of LAC 33:1. Chapter 45. This written statement shall be certified as specified in LAC 33:V.513 and included in the annual report. This documentation shall be resubmitted when a different laboratory is contracted for services.
- III.C.3. If there is reason to believe that the hazardous waste has changed or the operation generating the hazardous waste has changed, the Permittee shall review and re-characterize all potentially impacted hazardous waste streams generated by the Permittee on-site and treated, stored, and/or disposed on-site. The Permittee must re-characterize wastes in accordance with LAC 33:V.1519.A.3. This re-characterization shall include laboratory analyses which provide information needed to properly treat, store, and dispose of the hazardous waste, including physical characteristics and chemical components of the waste. The results of this re-characterization shall be summarized in the Permittee's Annual Report.

III.C.4. In accordance with LAC 33:V.1519.B, the Waste Analysis Plan must meet all sampling and QA/QC protocols contained in Condition II.E.9.c. All test procedures used by the Permittee shall be maintained on file by the Permittee and made available to the LDEQ upon request.

HLD. SECURITY

The Permittee must comply with the security provisions of LAC 33:V.1507, as referenced in Attachment 1.

III.E. GENERAL INSPECTION REQUIREMENTS

The Permittee must follow the approved Inspection Plan referenced in Attachment 1. The Permittee must remedy any deterioration or malfunction discovered by an inspection as required by LAC 33:V.1509.C. Records of inspections must be kept as required by LAC 33:V.1509.D. The inspection schedule must include the regulatory requirements of LAC 33:V.517.G, 1509, 1911, and 3007.J.

III.F. PERSONNEL TRAINING

The Permittee must conduct personnel training as required by LAC 33:V.1515.A, B, and C. The Permittee shall follow the approved Personnel Training Plan referenced in Attachment 1. The Permittee shall maintain all training documents and records as required by LAC 33:V.1515.D and E.

HI.G. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR IGNITABLE, REACTIVE, OR INCOMPATIBLE WASTE

The Permittee must take precautions as required by LAC 33:V.1517 to prevent accidental ignition or reaction of ignitable or reactive wastes. The Permittee shall store ignitable, reactive, or incompatible wastes only in accordance with LAC 33:V.1517, 1917, 1919.

III.H. LOCATION STANDARDS

III.H.1. The Permittee has furnished that it is in compliance with seismic standards as required by LAC 33:V.517.T.

III.H.2. The Permittee must not manage any hazardous waste on any portion of the property that lies within the 100 year flood plain (as identified in the Flood Insurance Rating Map) unless such areas are raised above this flood level or other means (e.g., levees) are provided to protect such areas from washouts, overtopping by wave action, soil erosion or other effects of such a flood as required by LAC 33:V.1503.B.3. Such site improvements must be certified by independent licensed professional engineers and approved by the Administrative Authority prior to any hazardous waste and/or hazardous waste units being placed thereon.

III.I. PRECIPITATION RUN-ON AND RUN-OFF

The Permittee must provide for the control by diversion and/or containment of run-on and run-off resulting from a rainfall occurring during a period of twenty-four (24) hours as defined by local rainfall records and LAC 33:V.1503.B.2. The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of LAC 33:V.1907.E.1.b.

III.J. HURRICANE EVENTS

The Permittee must initiate those applicable portions of the Contingency Plan during a hurricane as well as appropriate actions required by LAC 33:V.1507, 1509 and 1511.

III.K. PREPAREDNESS AND PREVENTION

III.K.1. Required Equipment

At a minimum, the Permittee must install and maintain the equipment set forth in the Contingency Plan, as required by LAC 33:V.1511.C.

III.K.2. Testing and Maintenance of Equipment

The Permittee must test and maintain the equipment specified in Condition III.K.1 to insure its proper operation in time of emergency. The testing and maintenance of the equipment must be documented in the operating record.

III.K.3. Access to Communications or Alarm Systems

The Permittee must maintain access to the communications or alarm system as required by LAC 33:V.1511.E.l and 1511.E.2.

III.K.4. Required Aisle Space

In no case shall aisle space be less than two (2) feet. In addition, the Permittee shall maintain adequate aisle space as required by LAC 33:V.1511.F.

III.K.5. Arrangements with Local Authorities

The Permittee shall document in the annual report that the requirements of LAC 33:V.1511.G have been met. This documentation shall include those state and local agencies involved and those facilities and operations covered. Documentation of written arrangements with state and local agencies shall also be included in this report. Where state or local authorities decline to enter into such arrangements, the Permittee must document the refusal in the operating record.

III.L. CONTINGENCY PLAN

HI.L.1. Implementation of Plan

The Permittee must immediately carry out the provisions of the approved Contingency Plan referenced in Attachment 1, and follow the emergency procedures-described by LAC 33:V.1513.F whenever there is a fire, explosion, or release of hazardous waste or hazardous waste constituents that threaten or could threaten human health or the environment.

III.L.2. Copies of Plan

The Permittee must comply with the requirements of LAC 33:V.1513.C.

III.L.3. Amendments to Plan

The Permittee must review and immediately amend, if necessary, the Contingency Plan as required by LAC 33:V.1513.D.

III.L.4. Emergency Coordinator

The Permittee must comply with the requirements of LAC 33:V.1513.E concerning the emergency coordinator.

III.M. MANIFEST SYSTEM

The Permittee shall comply with the manifest requirements of LAC 33:V.Chapter 11.

III.N. RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

III.N.1. Operating Record

The Permittee shall maintain a written operating record at the facility in accordance with LAC 33:V.1529.A, B, and C and the approved Operations Plan referenced in Attachment 1.

III.N.2. Annual Report

The Permittee must comply with the annual report requirements of LAC 33:V.1529.D.

III.N.3. Operations Manual

The Permittee shall compile and keep current an operations manual covering all aspects of the Permittee's storage facilities.

III.O. CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE

The Permittee shall address the following regulatory citations in the closure plan: LAC 33:V.1915, 3503, 3505, 3507, 3509, 3511, 3513, and 3515. The Administrative Authority may re-evaluate the adequacy of the approved closure plan and/or the confirmatory sampling procedures prior to the commencement of closure (e.g., permit renewal applications, permit modifications, notifications of intent to close).

III.O.1. Closure Performance Standard

The Permittee shall close the facility in accordance with the approved Closure Plan referenced in Attachment 1 and in accordance with the applicable sections of LAC 33:V.3507.

III.O.2. Amendment to Closure Plan

The Permittee shall amend the Closure Plan where necessary, in accordance with LAC 33:V.3511.C. Any modification shall be subject to LAC 33:V.321, 322 and 323, where applicable.

III.G.3. Notification of Closure

The Permittee shall notify the Administrative Authority at least forty-five (45) days prior to the date it expects to begin closure in accordance with LAC 33:V.3511.D.

III.O.4. Time Allowed For Closure

After receiving the final volume of hazardous waste, the Permittee shall treat or remove from the site all hazardous waste in accordance with the schedule specified in the closure plan referenced in Attachment 1 and in accordance with LAC 33:V.3513.

III.O.5. Disposal or Decontamination of Equipment

The Permittee shall decontaminate and dispose all facility equipment in accordance with the approved Closure Plan referenced in Attachment 1 and in accordance with LAC 33:V.3515.

III.O.6. Certification of Closure

The Permittee shall certify that the facility has been closed in accordance with the specifications in the approved Closure Plan as required by LAC 33:V.3517.

III.O.7. Inventory at Closure

The Permittee shall be responsible for closure cost based upon the maximum permitted facility inventories listed below in Tables 1 and 2.

TABLE 1
(8) Existing Hazardous Waste Tanks

TANKS	SERVICE	WASTE	MAXIMUM PERMITTED CAPACITY (GALLONS)
TK-623A	EDC Heavy Ends Storage Tank	K019	250,000
TK-629	EDC Heavy Ends Storage Tank	K019	300,800
01-47507	Waste Oils****	D001, D018, D028, D043	82,500
02-47519	Phenol Heavy Oils and Light Oils	K022	68,200
02-47520	Phenol Heavy Oils and Light Oils	K022	68,200
V-441A	VCM Light Ends	F025, K019	23,500
V-441B	EDC Reactor Bottoms	F024	23,500
01-47600	Nebraska Boiler Wash Water	K022	10,000

TABLE 2
(1) Existing Combustion Unit

COMBUSTION UNIT	LOCATION	SERVICE
Industrial Furnace (IN-662)	EDC/VCM Plant	Liquid Hazardous Waste

III.P. POST-CLOSURE

The Permittee must attempt to clean close all hazardous waste units. If the facility cannot be clean closed, the Permittee shall submit a post-closure plan for approval by the Administrative Authority. If some waste residues or contaminated materials are left in place at final closure, the Permittee must comply with all post-closure requirements contained in LAC 33:V.3519-3527, including maintenance and monitoring throughout the post-closure care period.

III.Q. COST ESTIMATE FOR CLOSURE/POST-CLOSURE

- III.Q.1. The Permittee must maintain cost estimates for closure of facilities in accordance with LAC 33:V.3705 and 3707.
- III.Q.2. The Permittee shall maintain and adjust the closure cost estimate for inflation, as specified in LAC 33:3705.B, 3705.C, and for other circumstances that increase the cost of closure.
- III.Q.3. The Permittee must adjust the closure cost estimate within thirty (30) days after approval by the Administrative Authority of any request to modify the closure plan in accordance with LAC 33:V.3705.C. The Permittee shall consider the impact of any inventory and/or process changes on the closure cost estimate.

III.Q.4. The closure cost estimate must equal the cost of closure at the point in the facility's operating life when the extent and manner of its operation would make closure most expensive and must be based on costs to the Permittee of hiring a third party to execute all closure activities. The closure cost estimate shall be based on the maximum permitted inventory of each facility as specified in Condition III, Tables 1 and 2.

III.Q.5. If the Permittee is unable to complete clean closure of all facilities specified in Condition III, Tables 1 and 2 as per LAC 33:V.Chapter 35 and as acceptable by the Administrative Authority, a Post-Closure Plan must be submitted for each facility failing to achieve clean closure within ninety (90) days from the date that the Permittee or Administrative Authority determines that the unit must be closed as a landfill. The Post-Closure Plan must meet the requirements of LAC 33:V.3523.B.

HI.R. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR CLOSED UNITS

The Permittee shall establish and maintain financial assurance for closure in accordance with LAC 33:V.3707 for all units listed under Condition III.O.7.

III.S. LIABILITY REQUIREMENTS

The Permittee shall have and maintain liability coverage for sudden accidental occurrences in the amounts of \$1,000,000 each occurrence and \$2,000,000 annual aggregate, exclusive of legal defense costs, as required by LAC 33:V.3715.A. The Permittee shall have and maintain liability coverage for non-sudden accidental occurrences in the amounts of \$3,000,000 each occurrence and \$6,000,000 annual aggregate, exclusive of legal defense costs, as specified in LAC 33:V.3715.B.

III.T. INCAPACITY OF THE PERMITTEE

The Permittee must comply with LAC 33:V.3717 whenever bankruptcy is initiated for the Permittee or its institutions providing financial assurance. If insurance is used for compliance with LAC 33:V.3715, the Permittee must immediately notify the Administrative Authority if the insurance company is placed in receivership. The Permittee must establish other financial assurance or liability coverage within sixty (60) days after such an event.

III.U. POST-CLOSURE NOTICES

(RESERVED)

IV. PERMITTED FACILITES

IV.A. TANKS

Details of the existing tanks listed in Table 3, including design and operational specifications are contained in Condition V.A.

TABLE 3
(8) Existing Hazardous Waste Tanks

TANKS	SERVICE	WASTE	MAXIMUM PERMITTED CAPACITY (GALLONS)
TK-623A	EDC Heavy Ends Storage Tank	K019	250,000
TK-629	EDC Heavy Ends Storage Tank	K019	300,800
01-47507	Waste Oils	D001, D018, D028, D043	82,500
02-47519	Phenol Heavy Oils and Light Oils	K022	68,200
02-47520	Phenol Heavy Oils and Light Oils	K022	68,200
V-441A	VCM Light Ends	F025, K019	23,500
V-441B	EDC Reactor Bottoms	F024	23,500
01-47600	Nebraska Boiler Wash Water	K022	10,000

IV.B. COMBUSTION UNIT

Details of the existing combustion unit listed in Table 4, including design and operational specifications, are contained in Permit Conditions V.B through V.D.

TABLE 4
(1) Existing Combustion Unit

COMBUSTION UNIT	SERVICE	LOCATION
Industrial Furnace	Liquid Hazardous Waste	EDC/VCM Plant

V. PERMIT CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO PERMITTED FACILITIES.

V.A. TANKS

V.A.1. Description of Tank Systems

V.A.1.a. Operation

V.A.1.a.(1). All permitted tanks and associated piping, pumps, instruments, containments, and vent controls shall be operated and maintained in accordance with LAC 33:V.Chapter 19 and the specification and design criteria provided in the Permit Application.

V.A.1.a.(2). The Permittee shall operate and maintain all permitted tanks and containment systems according to the specifications, design criteria, and design limits specified in Table 5.

V.A.1.a.(3). The design temperature and pressure for each tank listed in Table 5, shall not change unless a permit modification is requested by the Permittee and subsequently approved by the Administrative Authority.

V.A.1.b. Permitted Tanks

V.A.1.h.(1). The tanks listed in Table 5 are permitted for hazardous waste storage. These tanks have been certified by an independent, professional engineer licensed in the State of Louisiana and have sufficient structural integrity for the storage of hazardous waste.

V.A.1.b.(2). The tanks listed in Table 5 must be clearly marked with the words "Hazardous Waste" in accordance with LAC 33:V.1104.E.1.d.

V.A.1.b.(3). The Permittee is prohibited from storing or treating hazardous waste in any tank storage system not listed in Table 5 for greater than ninety (90) days, unless an extension is granted by the Administrative Authority in accordance with LAC 33:V.1109.E.2.

V.A.1.b.(4). The Permittee is prohibited from receiving any hazardous waste from off-site.

V.A.1.c. Proposed Tanks

(RESERVED)

TABLE 5 DESIGN AND OPERATING PARAMETERS FOR RCRA TANK SYSTEMS

Tank No.	Year Put Into Service	Service	Materials of Construction	Dimensions and Permitted Capacity	Design Standard	Inspection Standard	Design Temp. and Pressure	Nominal Built Thickness	Minimum Thickness	Secondary Containment Capacity
TK-623A 08-47558	2002	K019	ASME SA-36 Carbon Steel	250,000 gal 36.5'(D)X32'(H) Conical bottom	API 650	API 653	150°F +4 to -2 in of water	3/8" Course 1 //" Course 2 //" bottom	0.1875"sides 0.125 " bottom	282,611 gal (Shared with TK-629)
TK-629 08-47569	1679	K019	ASME A-283-C Carbon Steel	300,800 gal 40'(D)X32'(H)	API 650	API 653	150°F +4 to -2 in of water	.3696" Course 1 .290" Course 2 .250" Courses 3 and 4 .250" roof	0.1875"sides 0.100 " bottom	314,309 gal (Shared with TK-623A)
01-47507	1979	D001, D018, D028, D043	ASME A-283-C Carbon Steel	82,500 gal 21'3"(D)X32'(H)	API 650	API 653	250°F +11 to -0.865 in of water	0.300" wall 1.0" bottom	0.1875"sides 0.100 " bottom	194,520 gel
02-47519	6261	K022	A-283-C Carbon Steel	68,260 gal 22'(D)X24'(H) Cone roof	AP1 650	API 653	250°F +11 to -0.865 in of water	0.3125" wall and roof 0.375" bottom	0.1875"sides 0.100 " bottom	148,736 gai (Shared with 47520 and
02-47520	1979	K022	ASME A-283-C Carbon Steel	68,200 gal 22'(D)X24'(H) Cone roof	API 650	API 653	250°F +11 to -0.865 in of water	9.3125" wall and roof 0.375" bottom	0.1875"sides 0.103 " bottom	148,736 gal (Shared with 47519 and
02-47536	6261	D001	ASME A-283-C Carbon Steel	8,800 gal 10'(D)X15'(H) Cone roof	API 650	API 653	250°F + 1 to -0.865 in of water	0.250" wall and bottom	0.1875"sides 0.100 " bottom	97,666 gal (Shared with 47519 and
V-441A 08-42836	6261	F02.5	ASME SA-515, GR70Carbon Steel	23,500 gal i2'(D)X24'(L)	ASME Sec. VIII Div. 1	API 510	250° F 108 PSI G	0.640" wall 0.760" head	0.523" head 0.525" shell	40,504 gal (shared with V-441B)
V-441B 08-42837	6261	F024	ASME - SA-515, GR70Carbon Steel	23,500 gal 12'(D)X24'(L)	ASME Sec. VIII Div. 1	, API 510	250° F 108 PSI G	0.760" head	0.523" head 0.525" shell	40,504 gal (shared with V-441A)
01-47600	1996	K022	ASME A-36 Carbon Steel	10,000 gal 12'(D)X14'(H)	API 650	API 653	150° F 6 PSI (2 oz. Vacuum in Water)	0.250" wall 0.3125" roof 0.375" floor	0.119"	14,653 gal

V.A.2. Permitted and Prohibited Wastes

V.A.2.a. Permitted Waste

Subject to the terms of this permit, the Permittee is allowed to store in the tanks as described in Condition V.A.1.b, and the hazardous wastes identified in the most current RCRA Subtitle C Site Identification Form (Part A Permit Application):

V.A.2.b. Prohibited Waste

The Permittee is prohibited from storing hazardous waste that is not identified in the most current RCRA Subtitle C Site Identification Form (Part A Permit Application).

V.A.3. Secondary Containment

V.A.3.a. Duty to Comply with LAC 33:V.1907.B through F

The Permittee shall design, construct, operate, and maintain the secondary containment system in accordance with LAC 33:V.1907.B through F and Table 5 of this permit.

V.A.3.b. Prevention of Migration

V.A.3.b.(1). Secondary containment systems must be maintained and operated to prevent any migration of wastes or accumulated liquid out of the system to the soil, groundwater, or surface water at any time during the use of the tank system in accordance with LAC 33:V.1907.B.1.

V.A.3.b.(2). Ancillary equipment must be provided with secondary containment, except as excluded by LAC 33:V.1907.F.

V.A.3.b.(3). Secondary containment systems must be free of cracks or gaps and other surface defects that would allow liquid to migrate out of the containment system in accordance with LAC 33:V.1907.E.

V.A.3.b.(4). Spilled or leaked waste and/or accumulated precipitation must be removed from the secondary containment system within twenty-four (24) hours in accordance with LAC 33:V.1907.C.4.

V.A.3.b.(5). If unable to remove spilled or leaked waste and/or accumulated precipitation within twenty-four (24) hours, the Permittee must demonstrate to the Administrative Authority that more time is required and propose an alternate schedule for removal.

V.A.3.c. Requirements for Facilities Requesting a Variance

(RESERVED)

V.A.4. OPERATING REQUIREMENTS

V.A.4.a. Duty to Comply with LAC 33:V.1909.A

The Permittee shall comply with LAC 33:V.1909.A. Hazardous wastes or treatment reagents must not be placed in a tank system if they could cause the tank, its ancillary equipment, or the containment system to rupture, leak, corrode, or otherwise fail.

V.A.4.b. Duty to Comply with LAC 33:V.1909.B

The Permittee shall comply with LAC 33:V.1909.B and Table 5 of this permit. The Permittee must use appropriate controls and practices to prevent spills and overflows from tanks and containment systems.

V.A.4.c. Tank Covers

All hazardous waste storage tanks shall be covered and shall not be vented directly to the atmosphere if the tanks are used to store, or if a possibility exists that they may be used to store, volatile or malodorous waste.

V.A.4.d. Maintenance

The Permittee shall maintain the permitted tank systems according to the design code specified for each tank as listed in Table 5 and not exceed the listed operating conditions.

V.A.5, Ignitable, Reactive, and Incompatible Wastes

The Permittee shall store ignitable, reactive, or incompatible wastes only in accordance with LAC 33:V.1517.B, 1917 and 1919.

V.A.6. Inspections

V.A.6.a. Inspection Schedule

The Permittee shall comply with LAC 33:V.1911.A through C by following the inspection schedule submitted in the Inspection Plan (see Attachment 1):

V.A.6.b. Daily Inspection

V.A.6.b.(1). At least once per day while the tank is operating in hazardous waste service, the Permittee shall inspect the following:

V.A.6.b.(1).a. Aboveground portions of the tank system, including the tank, ancillary piping, valves, and vent controls, to detect corrosion, cracks or releases of waste.

V.A.6.b.(1).b. Data gathered from monitoring and leak detection equipment.

V.A.6.b.(1).e. The construction materials and area immediately surrounding the externally accessible portion of the tank system and ancillary equipment, e.g. secondary containment system, to detect erosion, cracks and signs of hazardous waste releases.

V.A.6.b.(2). All deficiencies noted during daily inspections must be recorded and remedied in a timely manner.

V.A.6.c. External Inspection

At a minimum, external inspection of each tank covered by this permit shall be performed as often as required by the API designated inspection standard in Table 5. The required frequency of inspection with reference to the applicable section of the standard shall be kept on site and available for review by the Administrative Authority upon request. The inspection shall be performed by a person meeting the minimum qualifications required under the inspection standard in Table 5. The inspection checklist shall be comparable to that in API Standard 510 or 653 as applicable.

If the result of such an inspection reveals that the tank is unfit for continued service, the Permittee shall immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste into the tank and comply with LAC 33:V.1913. The certification required by LAC 33:V.1913.F shall be obtained before the tank is put back into service.

V.A.6.d. Internal Inspection

internal inspection of each tank covered by this permit shall be performed us often as required by the inspection standard in Table 5. The required frequency of inspection with reference to the applicable section of the standard shall be kept on site and available for review by the Administrative Authority upon request. The inspection shall be performed by a person meeting the minimum qualifications required under the inspection standard in Table 5. The inspection checklist shall be comparable to that in API Standard 510 or 653 as applicable.

If the result of such an inspection reveals that the tank is unfit for continued service, the Permittee shall immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste into the tank and comply with LAC 33:V.1913. The certification required by LAC 33:V.1913.F shall be obtained before the tank is put back into service.

V.A.6.e. Thickness Testing

V.A.6.e.(1) The Permittee shall conduct:

- V.A.6.e.(1)(a) external inspections by an authorized inspector of each tank referenced in Table 5 at least every two (2) years according to the API standard specified in Table 5; and
- V.A.6.e.(1)(b) internal inspections by an authorized inspector of each tank referenced in Table 5 at least every five (5) years according to the API standard specified in Table 5. The inspection shall include thickness testing to demonstrate compliance with Condition V.A.6.e.(4). The five (5) year clock shall re-start upon the completion of each internal inspection.
- V.A.6.e.(2) Tank thickness measurements shall be taken on the tank top and shell and shall be taken at least on each tank quadrant during the external inspections required under Condition V.A.6.e.(1)(a). Tank thickness measurements shall be taken on the bottom of the tank during the internal inspections required under Condition V.A.6.e.(1)(b). Tank thickness readings shall be taken in the same place during each testing event in order to form a comparison of readings for corrosion rate determination.
- **V.A.6.e.(3).** Thickness testing of the tank bottom shall be performed as often as the internal inspection, or more often if required by the inspection standard specified in Table 5. The required frequency of inspection with reference to the applicable section of the inspection standard shall be kept on-site and made available to the Administrative Authority upon request.
- V.A.6.e.(4). Tank thickness readings shall also be taken at any spot where visual corrosion or compromised integrity is evident.

V.A.6.e.(5). When any tank shell thickness measurement at a single point is less than that required in Table 5, the Permittee shall immediately comply with either Condition V.A.6.e.(5).a or b below. Condition V.A.6.e.(5).b shall not be used for any tank where the shell thickness measurement is less than 0.100 inches.

V.A.6.e.(5).a. When a tank is deemed unfit for use, the Permittee shall immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste into the tank and comply with LAC 33:V.1913. The tank shall be repaired or replaced and the certification required by LAC 33:V.1913.F shall be obtained before the tank is put back into service.

V.A.6.e.(5).b. An engineering evaluation shall be performed, conforming to the appropriate standard or standards, as allowed by the design or inspection standard in Table 5. If the evaluation determines that the tank is unfit for service, the Permittee shall comply with Condition V.A.6.e.(5).a immediately. The evaluation must be submitted to the Waste Permits Division for approval within forty-five (45) days of the initial measurement.

V.A.6.e.(6). Tank thickness measurements shall not be averaged, unless allowed under the tank inspection standard in Table 5. Averaging of tank thickness measurements shall be brought to the attention of the Administrative Authority.

V.A.6.f. Overfill Controls

Overfill controls shall be tested to ensure that they are in working order according to the schedule proposed in the Inspection Plan (see Attachment 1).

V.A.6.g. Fiberglass Tanks

(RESERVED)

V.A.7. Response to Leaks and Spills

V.A.7.a. Duty to Comply with LAC 33:V.1913.A through E

In the event of a leak or spill from a tank system, secondary containment system, or if a system becomes unfit for use, the Permittee shall comply with LAC 33:V.1913.A through E.

V.A.7.b. Leaks and Spills

V.A.7.b.(1). Upon discovering a leak or spill, the Permittee must immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste into the tank system or secondary containment system and inspect the system to determine the cause of the release.

V.A.7.b.(2). Within twenty-four (24) hours of detecting a leak from the tank system, or in as timely a manner as is practical if the Permittee demonstrates that it is not possible to remove the waste within twenty-four (24) hours, the Permittee must remove as much waste as necessary to prevent further release from the tank or secondary containment system and to allow inspection and repair of the tank system in accordance with LAC 33:V.1913.B.1.

V.A.7.b.(3). Any spilled material or material trapped in sumps that is a hazardous waste or that will be disposed of as a hazardous waste must be cleaned up in a timely manner, as required by LAC 33:V.1505.C.3.

V.A.7.b.(3).a. If the collected material is discharged through a point source to United States waters or to a Publicly Owned Treatment Works, it is subject to the requirements of the Clean Water Act.

V.A.7.b.(3).b. If the collected material is released to the environment, it may be subject to reporting under applicable requirements of LAC 33:V.1505, LAC 33:I.Chapter 39, and 40 CFR Part 302.

V.A.7.b.(4). When a leak or spill occurs, the Permittee shall remove and properly dispose of any visible contamination of the soil or surface water in accordance with LAC 33:V.1913.C.2.

V.A.7.b.(5). A tank system from which a leak or spill has occurred must be closed in accordance with the approved Closure Plan and LAC 33:V.1915, unless the requirements of LAC 33:V.1913.E.2-3 are satisfied.

V.A.7.b.(5).a. For a release caused by a spill that has not damaged the integrity of the system, the Permittee shall remove the released waste and make any necessary repairs to fully restore the integrity of the system before returning the tank system to service in accordance with LAC 33:V.1913.E.2.

V.A.7.b.(5).b. For a release caused by a leak from the primary tank system to the secondary containment system, the Permittee shall repair the primary system prior to returning the tank to service in accordance with LAC 33:V.1913.E.3.

V.A.7.b.(6). If the Permittee replaces a component of the tank system to eliminate a leak, that component must satisfy the requirements for new tank systems or components in LAC 33:V.1905 and 1907.

V.A.7.b.(7). All leaks and spills shall be documented in the daily inspection log.

V.A.7.c. Major Repairs

V.A.7.c.(1). The Permittee shall comply with LAC 33:V.1913.F when performing major repairs to a tank system.

V.A.7.c.(2). Major repairs shall include, but not be limited to, installation of an internal liner, repair of a ruptured tank, repair of a ruptured secondary containment area, and removal of a tank from its foundation for any reason.

V.A.7.c.(3). The Permittee shall conform to the appropriate portion of the most recent inspection code listed in Table 5 for maintenance, inspection, re-rating, repair, and alteration of all tanks.

V.A.7.c.(4). The tank shall not be returned to service unless the Permittee has obtained a certification by an independent professional engineer licensed in the State of Louisiana that the system is capable of handling hazardous waste without release for the intended life of the system. The certification of repairs shall include an inspection in accordance with the requirements of any applicable codes, such as API 510 or API 653. The certification shall be submitted to the Administrative Authority within seven (7) days of returning the tank system to use in accordance with LAC 33:V.1913.F.

V.A.8. Air Emission Control Equipment Standards

(RESERVED)

Note: In order to prevent redundant regulation, Condition V.A.8 has been reserved. The Permittee will comply with the provisions of Condition V.A.8 by complying with the provisions of its Comprehensive Fugitive Emissions Monitoring Program implemented under the facility air permit. Failure by the Permittee to comply with those provisions that are equivalent to the provisions in LAC 33:V.Chapter 17 will also result in a failure to comply with LAC 33:V.Chapter 17.

V.A.9. Recordkeeping

V.A.9.a. New Tanks

In the event any new tank systems are installed, the Permittee shall obtain, and keep on file at the facility, the written statements by those persons required to certify the design and installation of new tank systems, in accordance with LAC 33:V.1905.G.

V.A.9.b. Written Assessment

The Permittee shall keep on file at the facility, written assessments of the tank systems' integrity. The assessments shall be updated at the time of submittal of a Permit Renewal Application and/or at any other time deemed necessary by the Administrative Authority (i.e., permit modifications, tank replacements, tank repairs, etc.).

V.A.9.c. Inspections

V.A.9.c.(1). The Permittee shall document in the operating record for the facility inspection of those items in Condition V.A.6.a and b.

V.A.9.c.(1).a. The daily log sheets shall include all monitored parameters for the prevention of spills and overflows, including temperature, pressures, and levels.

V.A.9.c.(1).b. The Permittee shall note all deficiencies discovered during the inspection in the inspection log.

V.A.9.c.(1).c. Corrective action taken in response to deficiencies must be included as part of the operating record for the facility.

V.A.9.c.(2). The Permittee shall document in the operating record all tests and inspections of overfilling controls.

V.A.9.c.(3). The Permittee shall keep on file at the facility the results of the internal and external inspections required by Condition V.A.6.c and d. The Permittee shall note all deficiencies discovered during the inspection in the inspection log. Corrective action taken in response to deficiencies must be included as part of the operating record for the facility.

V.A.9.c.(4). The Permittee shall keep on file at the facility all information related to tank thickness testing required under Condition V.A.6.e.

V.A.9.c.(4).a. This information shall include at a minimum the date(s) of assessment, the location where measurement readings are taken, the raw measurement data, comparison of actual reading to minimum thickness requirements, the corrosion rate, and calculation of remaining tank life.

V.A.9.c.(4).b. If an engineering evaluation is performed in accordance with Condition V.A.6.e.(5).b, the results of such an evaluation shall be kept in the operating record. The engineering evaluation must include, at minimum, details on how the evaluation was performed, references to applicable tank codes, raw data, calculations performed, and an explanation of why the tank is or is not fit for continued service.

V.A.9.c.(4).c. Any tank thickness measurements that are averaged under Condition V.A.6.e.(5) must be supported by documentation with references to the applicable tank codes. The documentation shall include all raw measurement data, calculations, and results of averaging. This information shall be kept as a part of the operating record for the facility.

V.A.9.c.(5). The Permittee shall keep on file at the facility the records of repairs required under Condition V.A.7.c.

V.A.9.d. Releases

V.A.9.d.(1). The Permittee shall keep on file at the facility notification reports submitted under LAC 33:V.1913.D.

V.A.9.d.(2). Within twenty-four (24) hours of detecting a reportable leak or spill from a tank system or secondary containment system to the environment, the Permittee shall report the leak in accordance with either Condition II.E.16 (Emergency Unauthorized Discharge) or Condition II.E.17 (Non-Emergency Unauthorized Discharge).

V.A.9.d.(3). As required by LAC 33:V.1913.D.3, within thirty (30) days of detecting a reportable release to the environment from a tank system or secondary containment system, the Permittee shall report the following information to the Administrative Authority's Single Point of Contact (SPOC):

V.A.9.d.(3).a. Likely route of migration of the release,

V.A.9.d.(3).b. Characteristics of the surrounding soil, including soil composition, geology, hydrogeology, and climate,

V.A.9.d.(3).c. Results of any monitoring or sampling conducted in connection with the release (if available). If the Permittee finds it will be impossible to meet this time schedule, the Permittee must provide the Administrative Authority with a schedule of when the results will be available. This schedule must be provided before the required thirty (30) day submittal period expires,

V.A.9.d.(3).d. Proximity of downgradient drinking water, surface water, and populated areas, and

V.A.9.d.(3).e. A description of response actions taken or planned.

V.A.9.e. Repairs

The Permittee shall keep on file at the facility all certifications required by Condition V.A.7.c.

V.A.10. Closure and Post-Closure Care

V.A.10.a. Duty to Comply with LAC 33:V.1915.A

The Permittee shall comply with LAC 33:V.1915.A by following the procedures specified in the approved Closure Plan, see Attachment 1.

V.A.10.b. Duty to Comply with LAC 33:V.1915.B

If the Permittee demonstrates that not all contaminated soils can be practicably removed or decontaminated in accordance with Condition V.A.10.a, the Permittee shall comply with LAC 33:V.1915.B.

V.A.10.c. Post-Closure

The Permittee shall attempt to clean close all tank systems. If the surface and subsurface soils below and adjacent to the tank system cannot be clean closed and the Permittee has not demonstrated through a risk assessment approved by the Administrative Authority that closure with the remaining contaminant levels is protective of human health and the environment, the Permittee shall present a post-closure plan to the Administrative Authority for approval. If any waste residue or contaminated media are left in place at final closure, the Permittee must comply with all post-closure requirements contained in LAC 33:V.3519 through 3527, including maintenance and monitoring throughout the post-closure care period.

V.B. GENERAL REQUIREMETS FOR THE INDUSTRIAL FURNACE

V.B.1. <u>Inspections</u>

V.B.1.a. Requirements

V.B.1.a.(1). The Permittee shall inspect the industrial furnace and instrumentation in accordance with Table 6 of this permit.

V.B.1.a.(2). The industrial furnace and associated equipment (pumps, valves, pipes, fuel storage tanks, and other ancillary equipment) will be subject to a daily thorough, visual inspection, when they contain hazardous waste. The purpose of these inspections will be to identify leaks, spills, fugitive emissions, and signs of tampering. The automatic waste feed cut off system and associated alarms must be tested at least monthly when hazardous waste is burned to verify operability, unless the applicant demonstrates to the Administrative Authority that weekly inspections will unduly restrict or upset operations and that less frequent inspections are adequate. Support for this demonstration shall be included in the operational record. At a minimum, operational testing of the automatic waste feed cut off system must be conducted at least monthly, (LAC 33:V.3005 F.3 and F.4).

V.B.1.b. Records

V.B.1.b.(1). Written inspection records shall be part of the operating record for this permit and are hence subject to LAC 33:V.1529 requirements. At a minimum, the record shall include the following information: (1) the date and time of the inspection, (2) inspector's name, (3) any inspection observations, and (4) date and nature of corrective action. The inspection record shall be completed in accordance with LAC 33:V.1509 and shall be available at all times to the Administrative Authority.

Electronic records may be maintained, in lieu of paper copies.

V.B.1.b.(2). A written record of the automatic waste feed cut-off system tests shall be part of the operating record for this permit and shall be available at all times to the Administrative Authority.

Electronic records may be maintained, in lieu of paper copies.

V.B.2. Monitoring and Calibration

V.B.2.a. Requirements

V.B.2.a.(1). The Permittee shall maintain, calibrate, and operate continuous monitors that monitor and record the operating conditions specified in Conditions V.C of this permit. The continuous monitoring requirements shall be as specified in Table 9 of this permit. (LAC 33:V.3005.F)

V.B.2.a.(2). The Administrative Authority may request data be submitted in any format or units that facilitates the completion of air modeling, risk assessment, or compliance procedures.

V.B.2.a.(3). Monitoring samples and measurements shall be representative of the monitored activity. The method used to obtain a representative sample of the waste to be analyzed shall be the appropriate method specified in LAC 33:V. Chapter 49.Appendix D or an equivalent method approved by the Administrative Authority.

Other sampling and analytical methods shall be those specified in *Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods*, SW-846, as revised; *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater*, current edition, or equivalent methods.

V.B.2.a.(4). The Permittee must calibrate the equipment specified in Table 9 according to the manufacturer's specifications. Calibration procedures shall be included in the operating record of the facility and available at all times for review by the Administrative Authority.

V.B.2.a.(5). Hazardous waste may continue to be introduced into the industrial furnace during daily continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) calibration check periods. The CEMS shall be maintained according to the following schedule: (1) at least daily, a calibration check of the instrument; (2) at least daily, a system audit; (3) at least quarterly, a calibration error test; and (4) at least annually, a performance specification test. The procedures for CEMS maintenance are outlined in 40 CFR 266 Appendix IX Condition 2.0, "Performance Specifications for Continuous Emission Monitoring Systems."

V.B.2.b. Records

In the operating record, the Permittee shall record and maintain in accordance with LAC 33:V.1529 all monitoring data compiled to satisfy the permit requirements. Minimum monitoring requirements are summarized in LAC 33:V.3005.F. In accordance with LAC 33:V.3005.F.2, all continuous monitors shall record data in units corresponding to the permit limit unless otherwise specified in the permit.

Electronic records may be maintained, in lieu of paper copies.

V.B.3. Performance Standards

V.B.3.a. Requirements

The Permittee shall comply with the performance standards specified in this Permit when hazardous waste is burned in the industrial furnace (LAC 33:V.3009-3015).

V.B.3.a.(1). The industrial furnace shall achieve a Destruction and Removal Efficiency (DRE) of 99.99 percent for each principal organic hazardous constituent (POHC). The DRE shall be determined by using the method specified in LAC 33:V.3009.A.

V.B.3.a.(2). The Permittee shall control hydrogen chloride (HCl) emissions such that the rate of emission from the stack is no greater than that specified in LAC 33:V.3015.

V.B.3.a.(3). The emissions of particulate matter shall not exceed 0.08 grains per dry standard cubic foot of stack gas, corrected to 7 percent oxygen by volume, in accordance with the formula specified in LAC 33:V.3011.

V.B.3.a.(4). The emissions of carbon monoxide, corrected to 7 percent oxygen, shall not exceed 100 parts per million by volume on an hourly rolling average in accordance with LAC 33:V.3009.B.

V.B.3.b. Records

The Permittee shall record in the facility operating record <u>all</u> occasions on which waste is fed to the industrial furnace and when the operating limits specified in this permit are exceeded.

Electronic records may be maintained, in lieu of paper copies.

V.B.4 Automatic Waste Feed Cut Off

V.B.4.a. Requirements

V.B.4.a.(1). The Permittee shall operate the systems specified in Table 7 of this permit to automatically cut off the hazardous waste feed when the monitored operating conditions deviate from the set points specified in the permit.

V.B.4.a.(2). Operating parameters for which permit limits are established must continue to be monitored following the cut off, and the hazardous waste feed shall not be restarted until the levels of those parameters that caused the automatic waste feed cut off are restored to permit limits. All other parameters must also be within permit limits.

V.B.4.a.(3). In the event of a malfunction of the automatic waste feed cut off system, the Permittee shall immediately cut off and/or lock out the waste feed.

V.B.4.b. Records

V.B.4.b.(1). The Permittee shall record in the facility operating record the date and time of all automatic waste feed cut off events. The records shall also include the known or suspected cause of the automatic waste feed cut off, the

triggering parameters, the corrective actions taken, the duration of the event, and the date and time of restarting waste feed following the automatic waste feed cut off.

Electronic records may be maintained, in lieu of paper copies.

V.B.4.b.(2). The Permittee shall record in the facility operating record all—failures of the automatic waste feed cut off system, including the date and time of the failure, a description of the failure, root cause of the failure, and corrective actions taken.

V.B.4.b.(3). The operating record shall be maintained in an organized manner for a period of not less than 3 years and be available at all times for inspection by the Administrative Authority (LAC 33:V.3005.H).

V.B.5. Reports

The date, cause, and remedial action for each waste feed cut off activation shall be documented in the operating record. A summary of such occurrences must be included in the annual report. The Permittee shall report in writing to the Administrative Authority if there are more than fifty (50) permit required waste feed cut offs per month. This report shall include cause and remedial actions taken.

V.B.6. Regulation of Residues

The Permittee shall regulate all hazardous waste combustion residues in accordance with LAC 33:V.3025.

V.C. SPECIFIC OPERATING CONDITIONS FOR THE INDUSTRIAL FURNACE (IN-662) · ·

The industrial furnace shall be subject to the following provisions and operating conditions until such time the Permittee conducts a Comprehensive Performance Test (CPT) in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Combustors Maximum Achievable Control Technology (HWC-MACT) timelines and requirements. After the Administrative Authority issues a Finding of Compliance on the results of the initial CPT, this permit will be modified and the provisions and operating conditions pertaining to the normal operation of the industrial furnace will be transferred to the Permittee's Title V Air Permit.

V.C.1. Permitted and Prohibited Wastes

V.C.1.a. The Permittee may only burn hazardous wastes with EPA waste codes listed in the current RCRA Subtitle C Site Identification Form (Part A Permit Application) except as prohibited in Condition V.C.1.b.

V.C.1.b. The burning of the following waste is prohibited:

V.C.1.b.(1). Dioxin-containing wastes identified by EPA as F020, F021, F022, F023, F026, F027, and F028 wastes in LAC 33:V.4901.

V.C.1.b.(2). Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) waste, as defined in 40 CFR Part 761.3.

V.C.1.b.(3). Source material, special nuclear material, mixed waste, or naturally occurring radioactive materials (NORM) that is not exempt pursuant to LAC 33:XV.

V.C.1.b.(4). Explosive material, as defined by the Department of Transportation under 49 CFR Part 173.

V.C.1.b.(5). Municipal Waste.

V.C.1.b.(6). Containerized Gases.

V.C.1.b.(7). Medical/Infectious wastes as defined in 40 CFR 60.51.c.

V.C.1.b.(8). Metal bearing wastes listed in LAC 33:V.Chapter 22.Table 14, except as described in LAC 33:V.2207.C.

V.C.1.b.(9). Wastes displaying the characteristic of reactivity as defined in LAC 33:V.4903.D.

V.C.1.c. Before burning any wastes not authorized under this permit, the Permittee shall obtain approval for a permit modification, as required under LAC 33:V.321.

V.C.2. Process Operating Conditions

The unit must be operated within the conditions prescribed below at all times-while hazardous waste is in the unit. (LAC 33:V.3005.E.1 and LAC 33:V.3005.E.2.c)

V.C.2.a. Group A Parameter Limits

The Permittee shall operate the industrial furnace with a functioning system to automatically cut off waste feed to the combustion unit when operating conditions deviate from those established below.

- V.C.2.a.(1) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the hourly rolling average of the combustion chamber temperature in the Oxidizer shall be maintained above the minimum value of 2227°F.
- V.C.2.a.(2) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the hourly rolling average ID fan flue gas flow rate shall be maintained below a maximum of 17,500 dry standard cubic feet per minute.
- V.C.2.a.(3) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the hourly rolling average waste feed rate to the industrial furnace shall be maintained below the maximum value of 10.5 gallons per minute.
- V.C.2.a.(4) Whenever hazardous waste is in the industrial furnace, the unit must be kept totally sealed to protect against the escape of fugitive emissions. In accordance with LAC 33:V.3005.E.7, the Permittee must monitor the outside of the combustion unit for signs of fugitives at least daily or document a continuous negative pressure in the combustion chamber.
- V.C.2.a.(5) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the hourly rolling average carbon monoxide (CO) level shall be maintained below the maximum value of 100 parts per million volume, continuously corrected to seven (7) percent oxygen, dry gas basis in accordance with LAC 33:V.3009.B-C.
- V.C.2.a.(6) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the hourly rolling average scrubber pH shall be maintained above the minimum value of 8.5.
- V.C.2.a.(7) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the hourly rolling average scrubber liquid flow rate shall be maintained above the minimum of 300 gallons per minute.

V.C.2.b. Group B Parameter Limits

The Permittee shall operate the industrial furnace without exceeding these limits, although these limits are not part of the automatic waste feed cut off set points.

V.C.2.b.(1) The hourly rolling average total ash feed rate shall be no greater than 11.5 pounds per hour.

V.C.2.b.(2) The combined total chloride and chlorine feed rate from all feedstreams shall be no greater than 5,177 pounds per hour, hourly rolling average (Tier III).

V.C.2.b.(3) O_2 shall be monitored continuously whenever hazardous waste is in the industrial furnace, in accordance with CEMS regulations. O_2 level is provided as a correction factor, and as such, no limit is provided under this condition.

V.C.2.b.(4) The instantaneous atomizing fluid pressure shall be maintained above the minimum of 40 psig.

V.C.2.b.(5) The hourly rolling average metal feed rates from all feedstreams to the industrial furnace's combustion chamber shall not exceed the following limits.

Antimony (Tier I) 600 g/hr

*Arsenic (Tier I) 4.6 g/hr

Barium (Tier I) 100,000 g/hr

- *Beryllium (Tier I) 8.6 g/hr
- *Cadmium (Tier I) 11 g/hr
- *Chromium (Tier III) 1.7 g/hr

Lead (Tier I) 180 g/hr

Mercury (Tier I) 600 g/hr

Silver (Tier I) 6,000 g/hr

Thallium (Tier I) 600 g/hr

*The feed rate of arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, and chromium is limited to a level such that the sum of the ratios of the actual feed rate to the feed rate limit specified in Condition V.C.2.b.(5) shall not exceed 1.0, as provided by the following equation:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} AFR_{(i)}/FRL_{(i)} \leq 1.0$$

 $AFR_{(i)} = Actual Feed Rate (AFR)$

The actual feed rate of carcinogenic metal (i) introduced into the combustion chamber from all industrial furnace feedstreams.

n = Number of Carcinogenic Metals.

FRL_(i) = Feed Rate Limit (FRL)

The regulatory feed limit of carcinogenic metal (i) listed in V.C.2.b.(5)

V.C.2.c. Group C Parameter Limits

The Permittee shall operate the industrial furnace without exceeding these limits, although these limits are not part of the automatic waste feed cut off set points.

V.C.2.c.(1) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the Permittee shall maintain the waste feed in a flowable form.

V.C.2.c.(2) The hourly rolling average total heat input to the industrial furnace from all feed streams shall not exceed 35,340,000 British Thermal Units (BTUs) per hour.

V.C.2.c.(3) The Permittee shall immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste into the combustion unit should sample flow to the Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) cease, outside of normal calibration periods.

V.C.2.c.(4) At a minimum, the Permittee shall analyze values from the Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS) every 15 seconds. The Permittee must record these values every 60 seconds to demonstrate compliance with the monitoring requirements in accordance with 40 CFR 266 Appendix IX Condition 2.1.2.1.

V.C.2.c.(5) For a Continuous Process Monitoring System (CPMS) operated to ensure compliance with these regulations, the Permittee must maintain and operate the monitors consistent with the manufacturer's specifications.

V.C.2.c.(6) At a minimum, the Permittee shall analyze values from the Continuous Process Monitoring System (CPMS) every 15 seconds. The Permittee must record these values every 60 seconds to demonstrate compliance with the monitoring requirements.

TABLE 6 INUDSTRAIL FURNACE INSPECTIONS

EQUIPMENT/INSTRUMENT	INSPECTION ELEMENTS	INSPECTION // FREQUENCY
Burner System	Leak in manifold	Daily
Waste Feed System	Atomizing Fluid Pressure Transducer	Daily -
	Waste Feed Pressure Transducer	Daily
	Waste Feed Flowmeter	Daily
Waste Tank System	Tank Integrity	Daily
	Level Controls (Operability)	Monthly
-	Overflow Alarms and Controls (Operability)	Monthly
	Secondary Containment	Daily
Industrial Furnace	Fugitive Emissions	Daily
	Refractory	Every Turnaround
Continuous Process Monitors	Out-of-Tolerance Operational Data	Daily
Automatic Waste Feed Cut Off (AWFCO) System	Operability	Monthly

TABLE 7 GROUP A PARAMETER LIMITS FOR THE INDUSTRIAL FURNACE (AUTOMATIC WASTE FEED CUT OFFS)

CONTROL PARAMETER	FINAL OPERATING LIMITS AUTOMATIC WASTE FEED CUT OFF POINT
Maximum Hazardous Waste Feed Rate	10.5 gpm, hourly rolling average
Minimum Combustion Chamber Temperature	2,227 ° F
Minimum Scrubber Liquid Flow Rate	300 gpm
Minimum Scrubber pH	8.5
Maximum Forced Draft Fan Flow	17,500 DSCFM
Maximum Stack Gas Carbon Monoxide	100 ppmv, corrected to 7% oxygen of a dry gas basis hourly rolling average

TABLE 8
GROUP B & C PARAMETER LIMITS FOR THE INDUSTRIAL FURNACE

CONTROL PARAMETER	FINAL OPERATING LIMITS	
Minimum atomizing fluid pressure	40 psig, instantaneous	
Maximum ash feed rate	11.5 lb/hr, hourly rolling average	
Maximum total chlorine and HCl feed rate (Tier III)	5,177 pounds/hr, hourly rolling average	
Maximum heat input from all streams	35,340,000 Btu/hr, hourly rolling average	
Maximum feed rate of Antimony (Tier 1)	600 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
*Maximum feed rate of Arsenic (Tier 1) ¹	4.6 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
Maximum feed rate of Barium (Adjusted Tier 1)	100,000 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
*Maximum feed rate of Beryllium (Tier 1)	8.6 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
*Maximum feed rate of Cadmium (Tier 1)	11 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
*Maximum feed rate of Chromium (Tier III)	1.7 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
Maximum feed rate of Lead (Tier I)	180 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
Maximum feed rate of Mercury (Tier 1)	600 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
Maximum feed rate of Silver (Tier 1)	6000 g/hr, hourly rolling average	
Maximum feed rate of Thallium (Tier 1)	600 g/hr, hourly rolling average	

¹ Compliance with the short term limits presented in Table 8 does not necessarily ensure compliance with the long term five (5) year cumulative, risk-based limits presented in Table 10. The Permittee must operate the industrial furnace in a manner which complies with the limits presented in both Table 8 and Table 10.

TABLE 9 INSTRUMENTATION TO BE CALIBRATED TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS

CONTROL PARAMETER	INSTRUMENT DESCRIPTION	LOCATION	CALIBRATION FREQUENCY
Hazardous Waste Feed Rate	Mass Flow Meter	In feed line, upstream from the waste burner	Every 1.5 years
Forced Draft Fan Flow Rate	Differential, Diaphragm- Type Transducer, Air Foil	Forced draft fan outlet	Every 1.5 years
Stack Gas Oxygen	Paramagnetic	Extracted sample from the exhaust stack	Daily calibration check, calibrate per 40 CFR 266 Appendix IX specifications
Stack Gas Carbon Monoxide	Infrared Cell	Extracted sample from the exhaust stack	Daily calibration check, calibrate per 40 CFR 266 Appendix IX specifications
Atomizing Fluid Pressure	Pressure Switch	In atomizing stream	Every 1.5 years
Steam Production Rate	Differential, Diaphragm- Type Transducer, Orifice	In steam header	Every 1.5 years

V.D. RISK-BASED CONDITIONS

V.D.1. Definitions:

- V.D.1.a. Annual Sampling Mode: A rate of sampling once per twelve (12) months, but no closer than 200 days or longer than 530 days since the last sampling.
- V.D.1.b.Quarterly Sampling Mode: A rate of sampling once per every three (3) months, but no closer than forty (40) days or longer than 140 days since the last sampling.
- V.D.1.c. Monthly Sampling Mode: A rate of sampling once every month, but no closer than ten (10) days or longer than fifty (50) days since the last sampling.
- V.D.1.d. Analytical Database: A record of analytical results from all hazardous waste feed metal samples taken, voluntarily or required. This database contains all data obtained whether used in calculating a five (5) year rolling total metals feed rate or not.
- V.D.1.e. Five (5) Year Rolling Total Metals Feed: A time-weighted calculation of total mass of a metal fed to the industrial furnace based upon analysis results obtained during the previous sixty months. Invalidated data shall not be used in calculating this total. The time weighting of data will be from the date of sampling that generates valid data to the next sampling date when valid data is obtained. This value is a monthly rolling total.
- V.D.1.f. Five (5) Metals Feed Guideline: A site-specific, risk-based guideline based upon an EPA Risk Assessment and plant operations during the Risk Assessment Burn. The guideline value is calculated using EPA's grams per second mass flow rate results from the risk assessment and projecting that flow over sixty (60) months, including one (1) leap day.
- **V.D.2.** For each permitted hazardous waste the Permittee shall conduct total metals sampling and analysis for antimony, arsenic, barium, beryllium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, nickel, selenium, silver and thallium.
 - V.D.2.a. The Permittee shall sample each waste feed stream to the industrial furnace four (4) times annually (referred to as quarterly sampling mode), unless the provisions of Conditions V.D.7 or V.D.8 below apply.
 - V.D.2.b. LDEQ/EPA-approved sampling and analytical methods (e.g., "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste Physical/Chemical Methods", SW-846) shall be used unless the Permittee obtains approval from the LDEQ to use another method.
- V.D.3. The site-specific, risk-based guidelines are based upon the EPA Risk Assessment conducted for this facility. EPA recommended these guidelines as annual average values since the risk assessment evaluated risk over a forty (40) year operating time period. In

determining the metal mass flow rate for each hazardous waste to compare to the site-specific risk-based guideline for that metal, the Permittee shall calculate a five (5) year rolling total metals feed to the industrial furnace from the valid data in the analytical database.

V.D.4. The Permittee shall not exceed:

- V.D.4.a. The five (5) metals feed guideline specified in Table 10 when calculating the total metals feed for any metal over the previous twelve (12) months; and
- **V.D.4.b.** After five (5) years from the effective date of this permit, the five (5) metals feed guideline in Table 10 when calculating the five (5) year rolling total metals feed for any metal over the previous sixty (60) months (an exceedance of Condition D.4.a above shall not constitute an exceedance of this Condition).
- V.D.5. During the initial five (5) year period (which begins on the effective date of this permit) the Permittee may use existing historical data to calculate the five (5) year rolling total metals feed, if that data exists.
 - V.D.5.a. Combustion units with limited historical data, less than five (5) consecutive years of annual sampling and analysis data shall develop historical data at an accelerated rate by either option listed as follows:
 - V.D.5.a.(1) Sample at the monthly sampling mode for one (1) year; or
 - **V.D.5.a.(2)** Sample at the quarterly sampling mode for five (5) quarters.
 - V.D.5.b. After completion of the accelerated sampling frequency to develop a historical record, the Permittee may initiate the quarterly or annual sampling mode, as determined by the Permittee's projected five (5) year compliance with the risk-based guidelines in Table 10 and as described in Condition V.D.7 and Condition V.D.9 below.
- **V.D.6.** When the five (5) year rolling total metals feed rate for a metal being sampled under the annual sampling mode exceeds the five (5) year metals feed guideline listed in Table 10 for that metal during a sampling and analysis event, the Permittee shall increase the sampling frequency for that metal to the quarterly sampling mode.
- **V.D.7.** When the five (5) year rolling total metals feed rate for a metal being sampled under the quarterly sampling mode does not exceed the five (5) year metals feed guideline listed in Table 10 for the last five (5) sampling events for that metal, the Permittee may reduce the sampling frequency for that metal to the annual sampling mode.
- **V.D.8.** When the five (5) year rolling total metals feed rate for a metal being sampled under the quarterly sampling mode exceeds the five (5) year metals feed guideline listed in Table 10 for that metal during any two (2) of five (5) consecutive sampling and analysis events, the Permittee shall:

- V.D.8.a. increase the sampling frequency for that metal in the hazardous waste stream to the monthly sampling mode;
- V.D.8.b. investigate the cause of the high metal mass flow rate;
- **V.D.8.c.** determine probable causes for exceeding the site-specific, risk-based guideline for that metal;
- V.D.8.d. take corrective measures to demonstrate compliance with the risk-based guidelines for that metal; and
- **V.D.8.e.** notify LDEQ in the annual report referenced in Condition II.E.29 of the exceedance, probable causes of the exceedance and corrective measures taken.
- V.D.9. When the five (5) year rolling total metals feed rate for a metal being sampled under the monthly sampling mode does not exceed the five (5) year metals feed guideline listed in Table 10 for the last five (5) sampling events for that metal, the Permittee may reduce the sampling frequency for that metal to the quarterly sampling mode.

V.D.10. Data Handling

- **V.D.10.a.** At any time, the Permittee may voluntarily increase the sampling frequency of a metal in a hazardous waste stream.
 - V.D.10.a.(1) When sampling under a voluntarily-increased frequency, the Permittee may return at any time to the sampling mode for which the metal in the hazardous waste stream was qualified.
 - V.D.10.a.(2) Sampling and analysis results obtained during the voluntarily-increased sampling frequency shall not be used to increase or reduce the sampling mode.
 - V.D.10.a.(3) Data obtained during the voluntarily-increased frequency shall be included in the analytical database and used in calculating the five (5) year rolling total metals feed.
- **V.D.10.b.** The Permittee may request that the laboratory immediately re-analyze the sample (replicate analysis) for a metal when data is suspect.
 - **V.D.10.b.(1)** All analysis data obtained shall be included in the analytical database.
 - V.D.10.b.(2) Any data that is considered invalid shall have an explanation defining what basis was used to invalidate the data.

V.D.10.b.(3) Data that is proven to be invalid shall not be used in calculating the five (5) year rolling total metals feed.

V.D.10.b.(4) Replicate sample results may be used as the sampling frequency results when the original sample results have been invalidated.

V.D.10.c. The Permittee may resample the hazardous waste stream and have the sample analyzed for the subject metal when data is suspect.

V.D.10.c.(1) All analysis data obtained shall be included in the analytical database.

V.D.10.c.(2) Any data that is considered invalid shall have an explanation defining what basis was used to prove the invalid nature of that data.

V.D.10.c.(3) Data that is proven to be invalid shall not be used in calculating—the five (5) year rolling total metals feed.

V.D.10.c.(4) Re-sampled analytical results are normally considered a voluntary sample and do not impact shifts in sampling frequency. These results are used for calculating the five (5) year rolling total metals feed rate.

V.D.10.c.(5) Re-sampled analytical results can impact sampling frequency when the results from the original samples have been proven to be invalid.

V.D.10.d. The Administrative Authority reserves the right to review the analytical database, to modify, as appropriate, the classification of valid or invalid data, and to re-calculate mass feed rates and the five (5) year rolling total metals feed.

V.D.11. For the metals; antimony, beryllium, cadmium, mercury, silver, thallium and selenium, the Permittee must demonstrate a good-faith effort to monitor and control the metals' feed rates.

V.D.11.a. Demonstrate that the detection limit using the best available analytical technology is at or below the following:

V.D.11.a.(1) 1.00 ppm for beryllium

V.D.11.a.(2) 1.00ppm for cadmium

V.D.11.a.(3) 1.00 ppm for chromium

V.D.11.a.(4) 0.01 ppm for mercury

V.D.11.b. If the Permittee fails to demonstrate the detection limit is at or below the specified values in Conditions V.D.11.a.(1) through (4), demonstrate what the method detection limit is for the sample matrix with the analytical laboratory contracted to perform the analyses in accordance with 40 CFR 136, Appendix B.

V.D.11.c. Should an analysis result indicate the presence of a metal at a concentration greater than the method detection limit, the Permittee shall either reduce the hazardous waste feed rate so that the five (5) year rolling total metals feed does not exceed the five (5) year metals feed guideline or demonstrate that the reported analysis result is invalid.

V.D.12. The Permittee may request that EPA re-evaluate changes in risk assessment methodology or information and/or waste feed characterization and/or facility operations in order to revise the site-specific, risk-based guideline levels. The Permittee shall identify specifically the basis for requesting re-evaluation and within thirty (30) days of the request, the EPA will respond in writing to indicate if and when the re-analysis will be conducted.

TABLE 10 FEED RATE GUIDELINES ¹			
Constituent	Average Annual Metals Feed Rate (kg/yr)	Metals Feed Rate 2 (g/s)	Five (5) Maximum Waste Feed (kg)
Antimony	23,610	7.49 E-1	119,188
Arsenic	1,695	5.38 E-2	8,561
Barium	794	2.52 E-2	4,010
Beryllium	233	7.40 E-3	1,177
Cadmium	5,232	1.66 E-1	26,455
Total Chromium ³	112	3.57 E-3	568
Lead	2,143	6.80 E-2	10,820
Total Mercury	0.851	2.70 E-5	4.30
Nickel	753	2.39 E-2	3,800
Selenium	114,100	3.62 E-0	576,050
Silver	32,780	1.04 E-0	165,500
Thallium	4,318	1.37 E-1	21,800

¹ Feed rates are based upon a Risk Assessment conducted by the Environmental Protection Agency.

² Risk Analysis is based upon the Nebraska Boiler being closed with zero emissions.

³ Total Chromium established by stack measurement accounting for air pollution control equipment removal efficiency and Chromium VI partition factor.

VI. GROUNDWATER PROTECTION

VI.A. APPLICABILITY

The regulations of Louisiana Administrative Code (LAC), Title 33, Part V, Chapter 3, 5, 15, 19, 21, 33, 35, and 37, and the Louisiana Hazardous Waste Control Law Revised Statute (R.S.) 30:2171 et seq., of the Environmental Quality Control Act, R.S. 30:2001 et seq., and the provisions of this Condition shall apply to ground water protection programs for facilities that are used to treat, store, and dispose hazardous wastes at Georgia Gulf-Chemicals and Vinyls, LLC in Westlake, LA. No active <u>permitted</u> units are identified in this permit which are subject to groundwater monitoring at this time.

VI.B. REQUIRED PROGRAMS

The Permittee shall comply with the monitoring, response, and corrective action provisions for the existing and any new systems in accordance with LAC 33:V.Chapter 33 and as outlined in this permit (i.e., Condition VIII, HSWA).

VI.C. CORRECTIVE ACTION

If ground water contamination is confirmed as a result of operations related to past or present hazardous waste management facilities associated with this site, the Permittee shall establish, expand, or confinue assessment and corrective action programs in accordance with the requirements of LAC 33:V.Chapter 33 and as subsequently directed by the Administrative Authority.

HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE AMENDMENTS

VII.A. STANDARD CONDITIONS

VII.A.1. Waste Minimization

Annually, by March 1, for the previous year ending December 31, the Permittee shall enter into the operating record as required by LAC 33:V.1529.B.19, a statement certified according to LAC 33:V.513.A specifying that the Permittee has a program in place to reduce the volume and toxicity of hazardous wastes generated by the facility's operation to the degree determined by the Permittee to be economically practicable; and that the proposed method of treatment, storage, or practicable disposal method that is currently available to the Permittee minimizes the present and future threat to human health and the environment. A current description of the program shall be maintained in the operating record and a copy of the annual certified statement shall be submitted to the Administrative Authority. The following criteria should be considered for the program:

- VH.A.1.a. Any written policy or statement that outlines goals, objectives, and/or methods for source reduction and recycling of hazardous waste at the facility;
- VII.A.1.b. Any employee training or incentive programs designed to identify and implement source reduction and recycling opportunities;
- VII.A.1.c. An itemized list of the dollar amounts of capital expenditures (plant and equipment) and operating costs devoted to source reduction and recycling of hazardous waste;
- VII.A.1.d. Factors that have prevented implementation of source reduction and/or recycling;
- VII.A.1.e. Sources of information on source reduction and/or recycling received at the facility (e.g., local government, trade associations, suppliers, etc.);
- VII.A.1.f. An investigation of additional waste minimization efforts that could be implemented at the facility. This investigation would analyze the potential for reducing the quantity and toxicity of each waste stream through production reformulation, recycling, and all other appropriate means. The analysis would include an assessment of the technical feasibility, cost, and potential waste reduction for each option;
- VII.A.1.g. A flow chart or matrix detailing all hazardous wastes the facility produces by quantity, type, and building/area;

VII.A.1.h. A demonstration of the need to use those processes that produce a particular hazardous waste due to a lack of alternative processes or available technology that would produce less hazardous waste;

VII.A.1.i. A description of the waste minimization methodology employed for each related process at the facility. The description should show whether—source reduction or recycling is being employed;

VII.A.1.j. A description of the changes in volume and toxicity of waste actually achieved during the year in comparison to previous years; and

VII.A.1.k. The Permittee may meet the requirements for waste minimization by developing an Environmental Management System according to the EPA document, <u>Integrated Environmental Management System Implementation Guide</u>, EPA 744-R-00-011, October 2000, found on the EPA website at www.epa.gov/opptintr/dfe/pubs/iems/jems_guide/index.htm.

VII.A.2. Dust Suppression

Pursuant to LAC 33:V.4139.B.4, and the Toxic Substances Control Act, the Permittee shall not use waste or used oil or any other material which is contaminated with dioxin, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), or any other hazardous waste (other than a waste identified solely on the basis of ignitability), for dust suppression or road treatment.

VII.A.3. Failure to Disclose

The Permittee's failure in the application or during the permit issuance process to disclose fully all relevant facts at any time may be cause for termination or modification of this Permit in accordance with LAC 33:323.B.2 and 3.

VII.A.4. Suspension, Modification, or Revocation and Reissuance, and Termination of Permit

This Permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause as specified in LAC 33:V.323. The filing of a request by the Permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, termination, or the notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance on the part of the Permittee, does not stay the applicability or enforceability of any permit condition.

VII.A.4.a. If the Administrative Authority tentatively decides to modify or revoke and reissue a permit under LAC 33:V.321.C. or 323, a draft permit shall be prepared incorporating the proposed changes. The Administrative Authority may request additional information and, in the case of a modified permit, may require the submission of an updated permit application.

VII.A.4.b. The Permittee may initiate permit modification proceedings under LAC 33:V.321.C. All applicable requirements and procedures as specified in LAC 33:V.321.C shall be followed.

VII.A.4.c. Modifications of this Permit do not constitute a reissuance of the Permit.

VII.A.5. Permit Review

This Permit may be reviewed by the Administrative Authority five years after the date of permit issuance and may be modified as necessary as provided for in LAC 33:V.321.C. Nothing in this section shall preclude the Administrative Authority from reviewing and modifying the Permit at any time during its term.

VII.A.6. Compliance with Permit

Compliance with a RCRA permit during its term constitutes compliance, for purposes of enforcement, with subtitle C of RCRA except for those requirements not included in the permit which:

VII.A.6.a. Become effective by statute;

VII.A.6.b. Are promulgated under LAC 33:V.Chapter 22 restricting the placement of hazardous wastes in or on the land; or

VII.A.6.c. Are promulgated under LAC 33:V.Chapters 23, 25 and 29 regarding leak detection systems for new and replacement surface impoundment, waste pile, and landfill units, and lateral expansions of surface impoundment, waste pile, and landfill units. The leak detection system requirements include double liners, construction quality assurance (CQA) programs, monitoring action leakage rates, and response action plans, and will be implemented through the procedures of LAC 33:V.321.C Class 1 permit modifications.

VII.A.7. Specific Waste Ban

VII.A.7.a. The Permittee shall not place in any land disposal unit the wastes specified in LAC 33:V. Chapter 22 after the effective date of the prohibition unless the Administrative Authority has established disposal or treatment standards for the hazardous waste and the Permittee meets such standards and other applicable conditions of this Permit.

VII.A.7.b. The Permittee may store wastes restricted under LAC 33:V.Chapter 22 solely for the purpose of accumulating quantities necessary to facilitate proper recovery, treatment, or disposal provided that it meets the requirements of LAC 33:V.2205 including, but not limited to, clearly marking each tank or container.

VII.A.7.c. The Permittee is required to comply with all applicable requirements of LAC 33:V.2245 as amended. Changes to the Waste Analysis Plan will be considered permit modifications at the request of the Permittee, pursuant to LAC 33:V.321.C.

VII.A.7.d. The Permittee shall review the waste analysis plan and analyze the waste when a process changes to determine whether the waste meets applicable treatment standards. Results shall be maintained in the operating record pursuant to Condition III.C.1 and 2.

VII.A.8. Information Submittal for the Corrective Action Strategy

Failure to comply with any condition of the Permit, including information submittals, constitutes a violation of the Permit and is grounds for enforcement action, permit amendment, termination, revocation, suspension, or denial of permit renewal application. Falsification of any submitted information is grounds for termination of this Permit (LAC 33:V.323.B.3).

The Permittee shall ensure that all plans, reports, notifications, and other submissions to the Administrative Authority required by this Permit using the Corrective Action Strategy are signed and certified in accordance with LAC 33:V.Chapter 5, Subchapter B. All submittals required under the corrective action strategy must conform to those requirements outlined in the RECAP (see Condition VIII of this permit). Variance from content and/or formatting guidelines provided under the RECAP shall be requested by the Permittee prior to submittal to the Administrative Authority, as deemed necessary. Approval or disapproval of such a request with further guidance on content and formatting will be provided by the Administrative Authority, as deemed necessary. Five (5) copies each of these plans, reports, notifications or other submissions and one (1) electronic copy (3.5" IBM compatible disk or CD-ROM) of all portions thereof which are in word processing format shall be submitted to the Administrative Authority by Certified Mail or hand delivered to:

Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality Office of Environmental Assessment Environmental Technology Division P.O. Box 4314 Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4314

A summary of the planned reporting milestones pursuant to the corrective action requirements of this Permit is found in Condition VIII, Table 1.

VII.A.9. Data Retention

All raw data, such as laboratory reports, drilling logs, bench-scale or pilot-scale data, and other supporting information gathered or generated during activities undertaken pursuant to this Permit shall be maintained at the facility during the term of this Permit, including any reissued Permits.

VII.A.10. Management of Wastes

All solid wastes which are managed pursuant to a remedial measure taken under the corrective action process or as an interim measure addressing a release or the threat of a release from a solid waste management unit shall be managed in a manner protective of human health and the environment and in compliance with all applicable Federal, State and local requirements. As a response to the Louisiana legislature mandate La. R.S. 30:2272 (Act 1092 of the 1995 Regular Session) to develop minimum remediation standards, the LDEQ promulgated the Risk Evaluation Corrective Action Program (RECAP). RECAP's tiered approach to risk evaluation and corrective action establishes not only across the board numerical standards for most media, but also allows for the development of more site-specific numerical standards, as warranted. The Permittee is required to comply with all applicable requirements of RECAP. Approval of units for managing wastes and conditions for operating the units shall be granted through the permitting process.

VII.B. EMISSION STANDARDS - PROCESS VENTS, EQUIPMENT LEAKS, TANKS, SURFACE IMPOUNDMENTS, AND CONTAINERS (AA-BB-CC AIR REGULATIONS)

(RESERVED)

Note: In order to prevent redundant regulation, Condition VII.B has been reserved. The Permittee will comply with the provisions of Condition VII.B by complying with the provisions of its Comprehensive Fugitive Emissions Monitoring Program implemented under the facility air permit. Failure by the Permittee to comply with those provisions that are equivalent to the provisions in LAC 33:V.Chapter 17 will also result in a failure to comply with LAC 33:V.Chapter 17.

VII.C. SPECIFIC CONDITION - CLOSURE

Pursuant to Section 3005(j)(1) of the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments of 1984, the Permittee shall close any closing units in accordance with the following provisions:

VII.C.1. Other than consolidation of any wastes from the sites in conformance with LAC 33:V.Chapter 22, Land Disposal Restrictions, the Permittee shall not place waste prohibited by LAC 33:V.Chapter 22 into any closing units;

VII.C.2. The Permittee shall perform unit closures in accordance with the Closure Plan(s) as approved at the time of closure, and which meet(s) all relevant State and Federal closure requirements at the time of closure; and

VII.C.3. The Permittee shall notify the Administrative Authority in writing at least sixty (60) days prior to commencement of closure.

VIII. SPECIAL CONDITIONS PURSUANT TO HAZARDOUS AND SOLID WASTE AMENDMENTS—CORRECTIVE ACTION STRATEGY

Corrective Action for Releases: Section 3004(u) of RCRA, as amended by the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA), and LAC 33:V.3322 require that permits issued after November 8, 1984, address corrective action for releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents from any solid waste management unit at the facility, regardless of when the waste was placed in the unit.

EPA's traditional RCRA corrective action approach is structured around several elements common to most activities. In the first phase, RCRA facility assessment (RFA), EPA or the authorized state assesses the facility to identify releases and determine the need for corrective action. In the second phase, RCRA facility investigation (RFI), the facility conducts a more detailed investigation to determine the nature and extent of contaminants released to ground water, surface water, air, and soil. If remedial action is needed, a third phase, corrective measures study (CMS), is started. During this phase, the facility conducts a study, which when completed, describes the advantages, disadvantages, and costs of various cleanup options. After selection of a final remedy, the fourth phase, corrective measures implementation (CMI), is initiated. The facility is required to design, construct, operate, maintain, and monitor the final remedy(s).

The Corrective Action Strategy (CAS) is an alternate corrective action approach that can be implemented during any phase of corrective action for a release area. The Permittee shall use the CAS approach as the framework for corrective action to clarify, facilitate and expedite the process, and shall use the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality Risk Evaluation/Corrective Action Program (RECAP) for screening and media-specific cleanup standards. EPA has interpreted the term "release" to mean, "any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, discharging, injecting, escaping, leaching, dumping, or disposing into the environment." (50 FR 2873, July 15, 1985). The CAS refers to "release areas" as solid waste management units (SWMUs) and areas of concern (AOCs) while the RECAP refers to release areas as areas of investigation (AOIs). SWMUs and AOCs may also be referred to as "AOIs" when investigated and managed under the RECAP.

VIII.A. ALTERNATE CORRECTIVE ACTION

VIII.A.1. Introduction to CAS

This will CAS Permit utilize the Guidance Document (www.epa.gov/Arkansas/6pd/rcra c/pd-o/riskman.htm) developed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region 6 whenever the Administrative Authority determines that it will serve to facilitate the corrective action. The CAS Guidance Document shall be utilized to the fullest extent practicable for planning and implementation of the corrective action. The CAS in this Permit shall not supersede existing Federal, State, and local regulations. The two primary objectives are to prioritize corrective action at the facility, and streamline corrective action administrative procedures, resulting in the protection of human health and the environment.

The CAS is a performance-based approach; using data quality objectives, investigations begin with the endpoint in mind. The CAS is a risk management strategy that can be implemented during any phase of corrective action. However, the CAS need not be applied to work that has already been completed to the satisfaction of the Administrative Authority. Performance standards are established at the beginning of the corrective action process, allowing earlier and more focused implementation. Releases are screened using RECAP screening numbers to determine the priority of corrective action, and remedial alternatives are selected on the basis of their ability to achieve and maintain the established performance standards.

There is no one specific path through the CAS process. The CAS is a facility-wide approach, focusing corrective action on releases that pose the greatest risk first. Screening releases will also enable some areas of interest to qualify for no further action at this time (Condition VIII.A.3.a.), thus resources can be used to best benefit the protection of human health and the environment. The CAS process also considers activities previously conducted under the traditional RCRA corrective action process. Appendix 1 of this permit contains a summary of corrective action activities completed to date and also describes where the Permittee is in the CAS process at the time of issuance of this permit. The applicability of various provisions of the CAS will depend on where the Permittee is in the CAS process as detailed in Appendix 1.

The traditional RCRA corrective action process and reports (i.e., RFIs, CMSs, CMIs, etc.) are not elements of the CAS. However, the use of information and reports from the traditional corrective action process, if available, is encouraged, in addition to new site-specific information.

The Administrative Authority, through an agency-initiated permit modification, may remove the CAS as the means of facility-wide corrective action in the case of the failure of the Permittee to disclose information, abide by the terms and conditions of this permit, adhere to agreed schedules, or show adequate progress; or should an impasse occur between the Permittee and the Administrative Authority. The Administrative Authority will institute other means of corrective action (such as traditional corrective action) at the facility through modification of this permit.

VIII.A.2. Performance Standards

Expectations for the outcome of corrective action at a facility are established in the CAS by three performance standards as defined in Conditions VIII.A.2.a through c. The Permittee's proposed performance standards shall be presented during the scoping meeting. The Permittee must justify the proposed performance standards through evaluation and documentation of land use, ground water designation (current and reasonably expected future use), types of receptors present, exposure pathways, etc.; as described in RECAP, Chapter 2. Through the application of the performance standards and RECAP, the Permittee and Administrative Authority shall determine whether a release must be addressed through corrective action, and whether implemented corrective actions are protective of human health and the environment.

The Permittee shall submit the performance standards in writing along with the Conceptual Site Model (Condition VIII.D) within one-hundred and twenty (120) days after the scoping meeting. The Administrative Authority may either approve the performance standards proposed by the Permittee or establish performance standards that the Administrative Authority deems necessary to protect human health and the environment.

The three CAS performance standards are defined below. The order in which the performance standards are listed does not indicate that one performance standard takes priority over another. All applicable performance standards must be achieved by the Permittee.

VIII.A.2.a. Source Control Performance Standard

Source control refers to the control of materials that include or contain hazardous wastes or hazardous constituents that act as a reservoir for migration of contamination to soil, sediment, ground water, surface water, or air, or as a source for direct exposure.

The facility must determine if source material is present. Removal, containment, treatment, or a combination of the three, must be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. Controlling source material is a predominating issue in the CAS, and must be addressed to ensure protectiveness over time. Prioritization of the SWMUs and AOCs does not mean avoidance of controlling source materials.

VIII.A.2.b. Statutory and Regulatory Performance Standard

Applicable statutory and regulatory requirements (Federal, State, and local) must be identified. These requirements may dictate media-specific contaminant levels (e.g., maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) in drinking water) that must be achieved and may become a performance standard for the Permittee.

VIII.A.2.c. Final Risk Goal Performance Standard

The final risk goal is the level of protection to be achieved and maintained by the Permittee. The final risk goal shall be based on site-specific issues including land use, special subpopulations, contaminant concentrations based on acceptable risk, location at which the levels are measured, and the remediation time frame, as specified by RECAP.

One final risk goal may apply to the entire facility, but it is more likely that different releases will require different final risk goals due to variations in location of releases, land use, proximity of receptors, etc. The final risk goal will be based on sound risk assessment methodologies (Condition VIII.A.3).

VIII.A.3. Use of RECAP

The latest edition of the RECAP document shall be used by the Permittee to determine the need for further corrective actions under this permit. The RECAP consists of a tiered framework comprised of a Screening Option (SO), and three Management Options (MO). The tiered management options allow site evaluation and corrective action efforts to be tailored to site conditions and risks. As the MO level increases, the approach becomes more site-specific and hence, the level of effort required to meet the objectives of the Option increases.

The RECAP shall be used by the Permittee to evaluate data quality and data usability (RECAP Section 2.4 and 2.5), to determine the identity of an AOI as described in RECAP Section 2.6, and for estimations of Area of Investigation Concentrations and Groundwater Compliance Concentrations for each media as defined in RECAP Section 2.8.

The RECAP shall be used by the Permittee to evaluate land use as described in RECAP Section 2.9, and groundwater/aquifer use as described in RECAP Section 2.10.

The RECAP shall be used by the Permittee to prioritize AOCs, SWMUs, and AOIs that require remediation so site investigations are focused on the release areas that pose the greatest risk. As the CSM is compiled, the Permittee shall assess historical data (RECAP Section 2.5) and use the following management options, as appropriate, to address each release site.

VIII.A.3.a. Screening Option

The Permittee shall use the Screening Standards (SS) which are LDEQ-derived screening numbers for soil and groundwater for non-industrial and industrial land use scenarios. The SS shall be used to demonstrate that an AOI does not pose a threat to human health and the environment and, hence does not require further action at this time (NFA-ATT) or that further evaluation is warranted under a higher Management Option.

VIII.A.3.b. Management Option 1

The Permittee shall use Management Option 1 (MO-1) which provides a RECAP standard (RS) derived for non-industrial and industrial exposure scenarios using currently recommended default exposure parameters and toxicity values. Under MO-1, an AOI may warrant a NFA-ATT determination, or if an exposure, source, or compliance concentration detected at the AOI exceeds a MO-1 limiting RS, then the Permittee may; (1) remediate to the MO-1 limiting RS (and comply with closure/post closure requirements for MO-1), or (2) proceed with a MO-2 or MO-3 evaluation.

VIII.A.3.c. Management Option 2

The Permittee shall use Management Option 2 (MO-2) which provides for the development of soil and groundwater RS using site-specific data with specified analytical models to evaluate constituent fate and transport at the AOI. The results of this evaluation shall be used in conjunction with standard reasonable maximum exposure (RME) assumptions to identify site-specific MO-2 RS. Under MO-2, an AOI may warrant a NFA-ATT determination, or if an exposure, source, or compliance concentration detected at the AOI exceeds a MO-2 limiting RS, then the Permittee may; (1) remediate to the MO-2 limiting RS (and comply with closure/post closure requirements for MO-2), or (2) proceed with a MO-3 evaluation.

VIII.A.3.d. Management Option 3

The Permittee shall use Management Option 3 (MO-3) which provides the option of using site-specific data for the evaluation of exposure and the evaluation of environmental fate and transport at the AOI. The results of the site-specific evaluation may be to develop site-specific MO-3 RS. Under MO-3, an AOI may warrant a NFA-ATT determination, or if an exposure, source, or compliance concentration detected at the AOI exceeds a MO-3 limiting RS, then the Permittee shall; (1) remediate to the MO-3 RS, (2) conduct confirmatory sampling, and (3) comply with closure/post closure requirements for MO-3.

VIII.A.4. Corrective Action for Releases Beyond Facility Boundary

Section 3004(v) of RCRA as amended by HSWA, and State regulations promulgated as LAC 33:V.3322.C require corrective actions beyond the facility property boundary, where necessary to protect human health and the environment, unless the Permittee demonstrates that, despite the Permittee's best efforts, the Permittee was unable to obtain the necessary permission to undertake such actions. The Permittee is not relieved of all responsibility to clean up a release that has migrated beyond the facility boundary where offsite access is denied.

VIII.A.5. Financial Responsibility

Assurances of financial responsibility for corrective action shall be provided by the Permittee as specified in the Permit following major modification for remedy selection. The Administrative Authority reserves the right to require financial assurance prior to remedy selection based upon facility compliance history, the extent and degree of contamination, financial health of the Permittee, and input from the public.

VIII.A.6. Summary of Corrective Action Activities

A summary of the corrective action activities associated with the facility is provided in Condition VIII, Appendix 1 of this permit. AOCs and SWMUs that are currently being managed or proposed for management under a prescribed corrective action program (e.g., groundwater order, corrective action order, CERCLA) are identified in Condition VIII, Appendix 1, Table 1 of this permit.

VIII.A.7. Approval of Alternate Schedule

The Permittee may submit a written request for an alternate schedule for a submittal deadline as presented in Condition VIII, Table 1. The request should propose a specific alternate schedule and include an explanation as to why the alternate schedule is necessary. The Administrative Authority will consider site-specific criteria in either approving or disapproving the request for an alternate schedule.

VIII.B. PROJECT DEVELOPMENT AND SCOPING MEETING

VIII.B.1. Notice of Intent

The Permittee must submit to the Administrative Authority a Notice of Intent to conduct corrective action using the CAS within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this permit. The notice of intent should state the following in a concise manner:

VIII.B.1.a. General information regarding facility location;

VIII.B.1.b. General information regarding the facility's operational history;

VIII.B.1.c. General discussion on how the Permittee will proceed through the CAS:

VIII.B.1.d. Brief description of proposed performance standards for corrective action; and

VIII.B.1.e. Propose a date for a scoping meeting between the Permittee and the Administrative Authority to be held within sixty (60) days of the date of the Notice of Intent.

VIII.B.2. Scoping Meeting

The scoping meeting will serve as the first CAS milestone where the Permittee and the Administrative Authority identify expectations concerning CAS implementation. The length and extent of the meeting will depend on the complexity of the site. Agreements on land use, groundwater classification, the level of detail required in the

conceptual site model (see Condition VIII.D) and expectations for remediation goals will be discussed during the scoping meeting(s). During the scoping meeting the Permittee will present the following information to the Administrative Authority:

- VIII.B.2.a. A conceptual site model (if one already has been developed);
- VIII.B.2.b. Discussions on history of corrective action at the facility, including facility investigations, risk evaluations or risk assessments, interim measure/stabilizations and final remedies implemented;
- VIII.B.2.c. Proposed performance standards for the facility with justification, and potential risk management approaches;
- VIII.B.2.d. Discussions on how the Permittee plans to use the CAS to meet its corrective action obligations, including permitting and compliance issues;
- VIII.B.2.e. A Communication Strategy Plan that specifies where in the CAS process the Permittee is currently and how the Permittee will provide information about future progress at the facility to the Administrative Authority (i.e., progress reports, conference calls, routine meetings, etc.);
- VIII.B.2.f. Site-specific concerns (i.e., sensitive environments or special subpopulations);
- VIII.B.2.g. Need for interim measures or stabilization activities, if necessary; and
- VIII.B.2.h. Schedule for submittal of the CAS Investigation Workplan and proposed schedule for conducting and completing CAS requirements, including public participation.

Information plans and reports that have already been developed by the Permittee during the corrective action process can be referenced during the scoping meeting. The Permittee must coordinate with the Administrative Authority in order to determine the date, time, and location of the scoping meeting.

VIII.C. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

- VIII.C.1. The Permittee shall submit, in accordance with Condition VII.A.8, signed reports of all activities conducted pursuant to the provisions of this Permit as required by the Administrative Authority. The reporting schedule shall be determined on a case-by-case basis by the Administrative Authority. These reports shall contain, as applicable to the stage of corrective action, the information required by CAS, as well as the following:
 - VIII.C.1.a. A description of the work completed and an estimate of the percentage of work completed;

VIII.C.1.b. Summaries of all findings, including summaries of laboratory data;

VIII.C.1.c. Summaries of all problems or potential problems encountered during the reporting period and actions taken to rectify problems;

VIII.C.1.d. Projected work for the next reporting period;

VIII.C.1.c. Summaries of contacts pertaining to corrective action or environmental matters with representatives of the local community, public interest groups or State government during the reporting period;

VIII.C.1.f. Changes in key project personnel during the reporting period; and-

VIII.C.1.g. Summaries of all changes made in implementation during thereporting period.

VIII.C.2. Copies of other reports relating to or having bearing upon the corrective action work (e.g., inspection reports, drilling logs and laboratory data) shall be made available to the Administrative Authority upon request.

VIII.C.3. In addition to the written reports as required in Condition VIII.G.1 and VIII.C.2 above, at the request of the Administrative Authority, the Permittee shall provide status review through briefings with the Administrative Authority.

VIII.C.4. The determination and approval of remedy selections, schedules of submittals and minor changes to any corrective action workplans may be made by the Administrative Authority during the scoping meeting or status review briefings as described in Condition VIII.C.3.

VIII.D. SPECIFIC CONDITION - CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL (CSM)

No later than 120 days after the scoping meeting, the Permittee shall submit to the Administrative Authority a CSM (along with the Performance Standards detailed in Condition VIII.A.2) or an update of any CSM submitted at the scoping meeting providing background information and the current conditions at the facility. The level of detail required for the CSM will be discussed during the scoping meeting. At a minimum, the CSM must address current site conditions, land use, known and/or potential constituent source(s), routes of constituent migration, exposure media (i.e., soil, surface waters, groundwater), exposure points, points of compliance and pathways, receptors and source media to be evaluated under the RECAP. The CSM must include a completed Figure 8 (LAC 33:I.Chapter 13). The Permittee may include completed investigations, existing data, or previously submitted documents in the CSM by reference. References must include the names, dates, and brief summaries of the documents.

If a CSM has been previously developed, the scoping meeting will also provide the opportunity for the Permittee and Administrative Authority to consider and identify all data gaps in the CSM. The initial CSM shall be considered the "base document" to be prepared and updated by the facility as new information is gathered during investigations. The CSM shall be used by the facility to make decisions regarding risk management options, ecological risk, and monitored natural attenuation determinations (RECAP Section 2.16), or technical impracticability (TI) waiver determinations, when appropriate.

The Administrative Authority reserves the right to require revisions to the CSM based upon data resulting from ongoing investigations and activities. Revisions to the CSM may also be required for newly identified SWMUs or AOCs according to Condition VIII.L of this permit (See Appendix 1, Ongoing Corrective Action) and based on new information and information not previously considered by the Administrative Authority.

The CSM shall be divided into Profiles as detailed in Conditions VIII.D.1 through 6. If the Permittee chooses to use existing data and documents in the CSM, it may not be necessary to prepare the Profiles as detailed in Conditions VIII.D.1 through 6. However, the existing documents and data must provide sufficient information and detail which corresponds to the information required by the Facility, Land Use and Exposure, Physical, Release, Ecological, and Risk Management Profiles.

VIII.D.1. Facility Profile

The Permittee shall include in the CSM a Facility Profile which shall summarize the regional location, pertinent boundary features, general facility structures, process areas, and locations of solid waste management units or other potential sources of contaminant migration from the routine and systematic releases of hazardous constituents to the environment (e.g., truck or railcar loading/unloading areas). The Permittee shall also include historical features that may be potential release areas because of past management practices. The Facility Profile shall include:

VIII.D.1.a. Map(s) and other documents depicting the following information (all maps shall be consistent with the requirements set forth in LAC 33:V Chapter 5 and be of sufficient detail and accuracy to locate and report all current site conditions):

VIII.D:1.a.(1) General geographic location;

VIII.D.1.a.(2) Property lines with the owners of all adjacent property clearly indicated;

VIII.D.1.a.(3) Facility structures, process areas and maintenance areas;

VIII.D.1.a.(4) Any other potential release areas shall be delineated, such as railcar loading/unloading areas or any other AOI as described in RECAP Section 2.6; and

VIII.D.1.a.(5) Locations of historical features that may be potential release areas or any areas of past solid and hazardous waste generation, treatment, storage or disposal activities.

VIII.D.1.b. The Facility Profile shall also include a description of ownership and operation of the facility.

VIII.D.1.c. The Permittee shall provide pertinent information for those spills that have not been assessed and reported to the Administrative Authority during facility investigations, addressed by facility spill contingency plans, or previously remediated or deemed for no further action. The information must include at minimum, approximate dates or periods of past waste spills, identification of the materials spilled, the amount spilled, the location where spilled, and a description of the response actions conducted (local, state, federal, or private party response units), including any inspection reports or technical reports generated as a result of the response.

VIII.D.2. Land Use and Exposure Profile

The Permittee shall include in the CSM a Land Use and Exposure Profile which includes surrounding land uses (industrial and non-industrial, as described in RECAP Sections 2.9.1 and 2.9.2), resource use locations (water supply wells, surface water intakes, etc.), beneficial resource determinations (groundwater classifications as described in RECAP Section 2.10), natural resources (wetlands, etc.), sensitive subpopulation types and locations (schools, hospitals, nursing homes, day care centers, etc.), applicable exposure scenarios, and applicable exposure pathways identifying the specific sources, releases, migration mechanisms, exposure media, exposure routes and receptors. The Land Use and Exposure Profile shall include:

VIII.D.2.a. Map(s) and other documents depicting the following information (all maps shall be consistent with the requirements set forth in LAC 33:V Chapter 5 and be of sufficient detail and accuracy to locate and report all current site conditions):

VIII.D.2.a.(1) Surrounding land uses, resource use locations, and natural resources/wetlands;

VIII.D.2.a.(2) Locations of sensitive subpopulations; and

VIII.D.2.a.(3) An exposure pathway flowchart which outlines sources, migration pathways, exposure media and potential receptors as depicted in Figure 8 (CMS example) of the RECAP.

VIII.D.3. Physical Profile

The Permittee shall include in the CSM a Physical Profile which shall describe the factors that may affect releases, fate and transport, and receptors, including; topography, surface water features, geology, and hydrogeology. The Physical Profile shall include:

VIII.D.3.a. Map(s) and other documents depicting the following information (all maps shall be consistent with the requirements set forth in LAC 33:V.Chapter 5 and be of sufficient detail and accuracy to locate and report all current site conditions):

VIII.D.3.a.(1) Topographic maps with a contour interval of five (5) or ten (10) feet, a scale of one inch to 100 feet (1:100), including hills, gradients, and surface vegetation or pavement;

VIII.D.3.a.(2) Surface water features including routes of all drainage ditches, waterways, direction of flow, and how they migrate to other surface water bodies such as canals and lakes;

VIII.D.3.a.(3) Regional geology including faulting and recharge areas, as well as local geology depicting surface features such as soil types, outcrops, faulting, and other surface features;

VIII.D.3.a.(4) Subsurface geology including stratigraphy, continuity (locations of facies changes, if known), faulting and other characteristics;

VIII.D.3.a.(5) Maps with hydrogeologic information identifying water-bearing zones, hydrologic parameters such as transmissivity, and conductivity. Also locations and thicknesses of aquitards or impermeable strata; and

VIII.D.3,a.(6) Locations of soil borings and production and groundwater monitoring wells, including well log information, and construction of cross-sections which correlate substrata. Wells shall be clearly labeled with ground and top of casing elevations (can be applied as an attachment).

VIII.D.4. Release Profile

The Permittee shall include in the CSM a Release Profile which shall describe the known extent of contaminants in the environment, including sources, contaminants of concern (COC), areas of investigations, distribution and magnitude of known COCs

with corresponding sampling locations, and results of fate and transport modeling depicting potential future extent/magnitude of COCs. The Release Profile shall include:

VIII.D.4.a. Map(s) and other documents depicting the following information (all maps shall be consistent with the requirements set forth in LAC 33:V. Chapter 5 and be of sufficient detail and accuracy to locate and report all current site conditions):

VIII.D.4.a.(1) Estimations of source concentrations, exposure concentrations and compliance concentrations for each affected media as defined in Section 2.8 of RECAP;

VIII.D.4.a.(2) Isopleth maps depicting lateral extent and concentrations of COCs;

VIII.D.4.a.(3) Results of fate and transport modeling showing potential exposure concentrations and locations; and

VIII.D.4.a.(4) Locations of potential sources including past or present waste units or disposal areas and all SWMUs/AOCs.

VIII.D.4.b. Table(s) depicting the following information for each SWMU/AOC, including but not limited to: location; type of unit/disposal/release area; design features; operating practices (past and present); period of operation; age of unit/disposal/release area; general physical condition; and method of closure.

VIII.D.4.c. Table(s) depicting the following waste/contaminant characteristics for those areas referenced in Condition VIII.D.4.b, including but not limited to: type of waste placed in the unit (hazardous classification, quantity, chemical composition), physical and chemical characteristics (physical form, description, temperature, pH, general chemical class, molecular weight, density, boiling point, viscosity, solubility in water, solubility in solvents, cohesiveness, vapor pressure); and migration and dispersal characteristics of the waste (sorption coefficients, biodegradability, photodegradation rates, hydrolysis rates, chemical transformations).

VIII.D.5. Ecological Profile

The Permittee shall include in the CSM an Ecological Profile that shall describe the physical relationship between the developed and undeveloped portions of the facility, the use and level of disturbance of the undeveloped property, and the type of ecological receptors present in relation to completed exposure pathways.

When compiling data for the Ecological Profile, current, as well as, future impacts to receptors and/or their habitats shall be considered. The Ecological Profile shall include:

VIII.D.5.a. A history and description of the developed property on the facility, including structures, process areas, waste management units, and property boundaries;

VIII.D.5.b. A history and description of the undeveloped property, including habitat type (wetland, grassy area, forest, ponds, etc.). Include a description of the primary use, degree and nature of any disturbance, along with proximity to drainage ditches, waterways and landfill areas;

VIII.D.5.c. A description of the site receptors in relation to habitat type, including endangered or protected species, mammals, birds, fish, etc.;

VIII.D.5.d. A description of the relationship between release areas and habitat areas, specifically relating chemicals of potential ecological concern (COEC) to ecological receptors;

VIII.D.5.e. An ecological checklist as described in Section 7.0 of RECAP. An ecological checklist (presented in Appendix C, Form 18 of the RECAP) shall be used to determine if a tier 1 (screening level) Ecological Risk Assessment (ERA) is warranted.

VIII.D.6. Risk Management Profile

The Permittee shall include in the CSM a Risk Management Profile that shall describe how each AOI at the facility will be managed for the protection of human health and the environment. The Risk Management Profile will serve as documentation of the results of the site ranking system (described in Section 2.2 of RECAP). The Risk Management Profile will also document the criteria and verify that the SO, MO-1, MO-2 or MO-3 is appropriate for application at each AOI. The Risk Management Profile shall include:

VIII.D.6.a. A table for tracking the management options for each AOI, and the determination made, whether an AOI is deemed for no further action at this time (NFA-ATT) or is going to use either the SO, MO-1, MO-2 or MO-3 management option.

VIII.D.6.b. A list of identified site-wide data gaps for further investigation.

VIII.D.6.c. Documentation of all interim measures which have been or are being undertaken at the facility, including under State or Federal compliance orders, other than those specified in the Permit. This documentation shall include the objectives of the interim measures and how the measure is mitigating a potential threat to human health or the environment and/or is consistent with and integrated into requirements for a long term remedial solution.

VIII.E. INTERIM MEASURES

VIII.E.1. If at any time during the term of this Permit, the Administrative Authority determines that a release or potential release of hazardous constituents from a SWMU/AOC poses a threat to human health and the environment, the Administrative Authority may require interim measures. The Administrative Authority shall determine the specific measure(s) or require the Permittee to propose a measure(s). The interim measure(s) may include a permit modification, a schedule for implementation, and an Interim Measures Workplan. The Administrative Authority may modify this Permit according to LAC 33:V.321 to incorporate interim measures into the Permit. However, depending upon the nature of the interim measures, a permit modification may not be required.

VIII.E.2. The Permittee may propose interim measures at any time by submittal of an Interim Measures Workplan subject to the approval of the Administrative Authority.

VIII.E.3. The Administrative Authority shall notify the Permittee in writing of the requirement to perform interim measures and may require the submittal of an Interim Measures Workplan. The following factors will be considered by the Administrative Authority in determining the need for interim measures and the need for permit modification:

VIII.E.3.a. Time required to develop and implement a final remedy;

VIII.E.3.b. Actual and potential exposure to human and environmental receptors;

VIII.E.3.c. Actual and potential contamination of drinking water supplies and sensitive ecosystems;

VIII.E.3.d. The potential for further degradation of the medium in the absence of interim measures;

VIII.E.3.e. Presence of hazardous wastes in containers that may pose a threat of release;

VIII.E.3.f. Presence and concentration of hazardous waste including hazardous constituents in soil that has the potential to migrate to ground water or surface water:

VIII.E.3.g. Weather conditions that may affect the current levels of contamination;

VIII.E.3.h. Risks of fire, explosion, or accident; and

VIII.E.3.i. Other situations that may pose threats to human health and the environment.

VIII.E.5. Upon approval of the Interim Measures Workplan and completion of the interim measure(s) implementation, the Permittee will submit a report to the Administrative Authority describing the completed work.

VIII.E.6. At anytime during or after the interim measure(s), including the issuance of an NFA-ATT, the Administrative Authority may require the Permittee to submit the SWMUs/AOCs for further corrective action.

VIII.F. CAS (CORRECTIVE ACTION STRATEGY) INVESTIGATION WORKPLAN

VIII.F.1. The CAS Investigation Workplan that describes site investigation activities for corrective action shall be submitted to the Administrative Authority within 180 days after the scoping meeting between the Permittee and the Administrative Authority. The CAS Investigation Workplan must address releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents to all media, unless otherwise indicated, for those SWMUs/AOCs listed in Appendix 1, Table 1. The focus of the site investigation phase for corrective action is to collect data to fill in data gaps identified in the CSM. The corrective action investigations may be conducted in phases if warranted by site conditions, contingent upon approval by the Administrative Authority.

VIII.F.1.a. The CAS Investigation Workplan shall describe the management options (MO) for each AOI/release area, data quality objectives for achieving each management option, and proposals for release characterizations (sampling and analysis/quality assurance plans) to support the data quality objectives (DQOs). (DQOs are determined based on the end use of the data to be collected, and the DQO development process should be integrated into project planning and refined throughout the CAS implementation. DQOs shall be used to 1) ensure that environmental data are scientifically valid. defensible, and of an appropriate level of quality given the intended use, and 2) expedite site investigations. The CAS Investigation Workplan is required to have DQOs that are developed to support the performance standard for each release.) The CAS Investigation Workplan shall detail all proposed activities and procedures to be conducted at the facility, the schedule for implementing and completing such investigations, the qualifications of personnel performing or directing the investigations, including contractor personnel, and the overall management of the site investigations. The scope of work for the site investigation can be found in RECAP Appendix B.

VIII.F.1.b. The CAS Investigation Workplan shall describe sampling, data collection quality assurance, data management procedures (including formats for documenting and tracking data and other results of investigations) and health and safety procedures.

VIII.F.1.c. Development of the CAS Investigation Workplan and reporting of data shall be consistent with the latest version of the following EPA and State guidance documents or the equivalent thereof:

VIII.F.1.c.(1) Guidance for the Data Quality Assessment, Practical Methods for Data Analysis. QA97 Version EPA QA/G-9. January 1998;

VIII.F.1.c.(2) Guidance for the Data Quality Objectives Process. EPA QA/G-4. September 1994;

VIII.F.1.c.(3) Data Quality Objectives Remedial Response Activities. EPA/540/G87-003. March 1987;

VIII.F.1.c.(4) Guidance on Quality Assurance Project Plans. EPA QA/G-5. February 1998;

VIII.F.1.c.(5) Interim EPA Data Requirements for Quality Assurance Project Plans. EPA Region 6, Office of Quality Assurance. May 1994;

VIII.F.1.c.(6) 29 CFR 1910.120 (b) for the elements to Health and Safety plans;

VIII.F.1.c.(7) RCRA Groundwater Monitoring: Draft Technical Guidance EPA/530-R-93-001 November 1992;

VIII.F.1.c.(8) Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods; SW-846, 3rd Edition. November 1992, with revisions;

VIII.F.1.c.(9) The LDEQ Handbook - Construction of Geotechnical Boreholes and Groundwater Monitoring Systems," prepared by the LDEQ and the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development. This document is printed by and available from the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, Water Resources Section, P. O. Box 94245, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9245; and

VIII.F.1.c.(10) The LAC 33:I.Chapter 13 and Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality Risk Evaluation/Corrective Action Program (RECAP).

VIII.F.2. After the Permittee submits the CAS Investigation Workplan; the Administrative Authority will approve, disapprove, or otherwise modify the CAS Investigation Workplan in writing. All approved workplans become enforceable components of this Permit.

In event of disapproval (in whole or in part) of the workplan, the Administrative Authority shall specify deficiencies in writing. The Permittee shall modify the CAS Investigation Workplan to correct these within the time frame specified in the notification of disapproval by the Administrative Authority. The modified workplan shall be submitted in writing to the Administrative Authority for review. Should the Permittee take exception to all or part of the disapproval, the Permittee shall submit a written statement of the ground for the exception within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the disapproval.

VIII.F.3. The Administrative Authority shall review for approval, as part of the CAS Investigation Workplan or as a new workplan, any plans developed pursuant to Condition VIII.L addressing further investigations of newly-identified SWMUs/AOCs, or Condition VIII.M addressing new releases from previously-identified SWMUs/AOCs.

VIII.G. IMPLEMENTATION OF SITE INVESTIGATION ACTIVITIES UNDER CAS

No later than fourteen (14) days after the Permittee has received written approval from the Administrative Authority for the CAS Investigation Workplan, the Permittee shall implement the site investigation activities according to the schedules and in accordance with the approved CAS Investigation Workplan and the following:

VIII.G.1. The Permittee shall notify the Administrative Authority at least 10 working days prior to any field sampling, field-testing, or field monitoring activity required by this Permit to give LDEQ personnel the opportunity to observe investigation procedures and/or split samples.

VIII.G.2. Deviations from the approved CAS Investigation Workplan, which are necessary during implementation, must be approved by the Administrative Authority and fully documented and described in the progress reports (Condition VIII.C), RECAP Report (Condition VIII.H) and the final Risk Management Plan (Condition VIII.J).

VIII.H. RECAP REPORT

Within ninety (90) days after completion of the site investigation the Permittee shall submit a RECAP Report to the Administrative Authority for approval. The RECAP Report shall document the results of the site investigation activities, and the evaluation of the impacts from releases. The Administrative Authority will review and evaluate the report and provide the Permittee with written notification of the report's approval or a notice of deficiency. If the Administrative Authority determines the RECAP Report does not fully meet the

objectives stated in the CAS Investigation Workplan (Permit Condition VIII.F), the Administrative Authority shall notify the Permittee in writing of the report's deficiencies, and specify a due date for submittal of a revised Final Report to the Administrative Authority.

VIII.H.1. The Permittee shall screen site-specific data using the appropriate RECAP standard (RS) for each AOI (depending on the MO), evaluate impacts from releases with exposure scenario evaluations, and update the Risk Management Profile of the CSM.

VIII.H.2. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

VIII.H.2.a. Documentation of site investigation activities and results;

VIII.H.2.b. Evaluation of exposure scenarios to document impacts from releases;

VIII.H.2.c. Deviations from the CAS Investigation Workplan;

VIII.H.2.d. Results of screening activities using RECAP standards (RS), including SO, MO-1, MO-2, or MO-3 RS for each media;

VIII.H.2.e. The revised CSM with updated profiles which incorporate investigation and screening results; and

VIII.H.2.f. Proposed revisions to performance standards based on new information (e.g., change in land use, difference in expected receptors and/or exposure, or other differences in site conditions), if warranted.

VIII.I. REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES STUDY

Upon completion and approval of the RECAP Report, the Permittee shall proceed with the evaluation of remedial alternatives to complete corrective action for each AOI according to the performance standards described in Condition VIII.A.2. The remedial alternatives shall be submitted to the Administrative Authority in the Remedial Alternatives Study (RAS) within ninety (90) days of the Administrative Authority's approval of the RECAP Report. In the Remedial Alternatives Study, the Permittee shall identify and evaluate various potential remedies that would meet the performance-based corrective action objectives and propose one or more specific remedies based on an evaluation of applicable data and available corrective action technologies. The RAS shall be prepared in a manner that addresses the extent and nature of the contamination at the facility.

VIII.I.1. The Permittee shall evaluate remedies for each AOI that shall:

VIII.I.a. attain compliance with corrective action objectives for releases of hazardous waste and/or hazardous constituents, as established in the

Conceptual Site Model or in later investigations approved by the Administrative Authority;

VIII.1.1.b. control sources of releases;

VIII.1.1.c. meet acceptable waste management requirements;

VIII.I.1.d. protect human health and the environment; and

VIII.I.1.e. meet applicable statutory and regulatory requirements (as noted in Condition VIII.A.2.b).

VIII.I.2. The Permittee shall evaluate the use of presumptive remedies and innovative technologies to achieve the appropriate remedial performance standards for each AOI.

VIII.I.3. The Permittee shall review the current interim measures/ stabilization activities to evaluate if these measures meet all the criteria for final remedy.

VIII.I.4. If under certain site-specific conditions, or when it is not technically or economically feasible to attain the corrective action objectives, the Permittee may propose to use institutional controls to supplement treatment or containment-based remedial actions upon approval of the Administrative Authority (Section 2.15 of RECAP).

VIII.I.5. The RAS shall at a minimum include:

VIII.1.5.a. An evaluation of the performance reliability, ease of implementation, and the potential impacts of the potential remedies:

VIII.I.5.b. An assessment of the effectiveness of potential remedies in achieving adequate control of sources and meeting remedial performance standards;

VIII.1.5.d. An assessment of the costs of implementation for potential remedies;

VIII.I.5.e. An assessment of the time required to begin and complete the remedy;

VIII.1.5.f. An explanation of the rationale for the remedy proposed for each AOI or group of AOIs; and

VIII.1.5.g. An assessment of institutional requirements (e.g., state permit requirements that may impact remedy implementation).

VIII.I.6. The Administrative Authority will review and evaluate the RAS and provide the Permittee with written notification of the study's approval or a notice of deficiency. If the Administrative Authority determines the RAS does not fully meet the requirements detailed in Conditions VIII.I.1 through VIII.I.5, the Administrative Authority shall notify the Permittee in writing of the RAS's deficiencies, and specify a due date for submittal of a revised RAS to the Administrative Authority. In addition, the Administrative Authority may require the Permittee to evaluate additional remedies or particular elements of one or more proposed remedies.

VIII.J. RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN

Within ninety (90) days of the Administrative Authority's approval of the RAS, the remedy/remedies proposed for selection shall be documented and submitted in the Risk Management Plan. The Permittee shall propose corrective action remedies in accordance with Chapter IV of the RCRA Corrective Action Plan (Final), May 1994, OSWER Directive 9902.3-2A or as directed by the Administrative Authority.

VIII.J.1. The Risk Management Plan shall at a minimum include:

VIII.J.1.a. A summary of the remedial alternatives for each AOI and the rationale used for remedy selection;

VIII.J.i.b. The final CSM with proposed remedies, including locations of AOIs addressed by a risk management activity, COC concentrations that represent the long-term fate and transport of residual COCs and the exposure pathways affected by the risk management activity;

VIII.J.1.c. Cost estimates and implementation schedules for proposed final remedies;

VIII.J.1.d. Proposed remedy design and implementation precautions, including special technical problems, additional engineering data required, permits and regulatory requirements, property access, easements and right-of-way requirements, special health and safety requirements, and community relations activities:

VIII.J.1.e. Remedy performance criteria and monitoring:

The Permittee shall identify specific criteria (such as land use changes, fate and transport model verification and constructed remedy performance) that will be evaluated to demonstrate that the risk management activity implemented will remain protective. A schedule for periodic performance review (such as monitoring data summaries, including graphical and statistical analyses) shall be established to demonstrate that the implemented activities

are consistently achieving and maintaining desired results. Further, a mechanism shall be established to re-evaluate risk management activities in the event the implemented action does not achieve and maintain the performance standards;

VIII.J.1.f. Contingency plans; and

VIII.J.1.g. Description and schedules for performance reviews.

VIII.J.2. After the Permittee submits the Risk Management Plan, the Administrative Authority will review and evaluate the plan and subsequently either inform the Permittee in writing that the plan is acceptable for public review or issue a notice of deficiency.

VIII.J.3. If the Administrative Authority determines the Risk Management Plan does not fully meet the remedial objectives, the Administrative Authority shall notify the Permittee in writing of the plan's deficiencies and specify a due date for submittal of a revised Final Risk Management Plan. In addition, the Administrative Authority may require the Permittee to evaluate additional remedies or particular elements of one or more proposed remedies.

VIII.J.4. After the Administrative Authority has determined the Risk Management Plan is acceptable for public review, the Administrative Authority shall inform the Permittee in writing and instruct the Permittee to submit the plan as a Class 3 permit modification request in accordance with the requirements of LAC 33:V.321.C.3.

VIII.J.5. After conclusion of a sixty (60) day comment period, the Administrative Authority will either grant or deny the Class 3 permit modification request. In addition the Administrative Authority must consider and respond to all significant comments received during the sixty (60) day comment period.

VIII.J.6. If the Class 3 Modification request is granted, the Administrative Authority shall prepare a draft permit incorporating the proposed changes in accordance with LAC 33:V.703.C and solicit public comment on the draft permit modification according to Condition VIII.N.3 of this permit.

VIII.J.7. If, after considering all public comments, the Administrative Authority determines that the Risk Management Plan is adequate and complete, the Administrative Authority will issue a public notice for final approval the Class 3 permit modification. The resultant modified permit will include schedules for remedy implementation as well as financial assurance provisions as required by Condition VIII.A.5 of this permit.

VIII.K. DETERMINATION OF NO FURTHER ACTION

VIII.K.1. NFA-ATT DETERMINATIONS FOR SPECIFIC SWMUs/AOCs

VIII.K.1.a. Based on the results of the site investigations, screening, risk evaluations and risk management activities, the Permittee may request a NFA-ATT determination for a specific SWMU/AOC by submittal of a Class 1¹ permit modification (¹ requiring Administrative Authority approval) request under LAC 33:V 321.C.1. The NFA-ATT request must contain information demonstrating that there are no releases of hazardous constituents from a particular SWMU/AOC that pose a threat to human health and/or the environment.

The basis for the determination of NFA-ATT shall follow the guidelines as described in the RECAP (Section 1.2.1 of RECAP) for each AOI, depending on the MO used.

VIII.K.1.b. If, based upon review of the Permittee's request for a permit modification, the results of the site investigations, and other information the Administrative Authority determines that releases or suspected releases from an individual SWMU/AOC which were investigated either are non-existent or do not pose a threat to human health and/or the environment, the Administrative Authority may grant the requested modification.

VIII.K.1.c. In accordance with LAC 33:V.321.C.1.a.ii, the Permittee must notify the facility mailing list within ninety (90) days of the Administrative Authority's approval of the Class 1 permit modification request.

VIII.K.2. FACILITY-WIDE NFA-ATT DETERMINATION

VIII.K.Z.a. Upon the completion of all activities specified in the Risk Management Plan and after all SWMUs and AOCs at the facility have been remediated according to the standards dictated by the selected RECAP MO, the Permittee shall submit a summary report supporting a determination of NFA-ATT on a facility-wide basis.

VIII.K.2.b. The summary report must include a historical narrative for each—SWMU/AOC at the site that includes a summary of the investigation, sampling & analysis, remedial, and confirmatory sampling activities leading to the NFA-ATT request. The basis for the determination of NFA-ATT shall follow the guidelines as described in the RECAP (Section 1.2.1 of RECAP) for each AOI, depending on the MO used. The facility-wide NFA-ATT determination must consider any newly-identified SWMUs/AOCs discovered after submittal of the Risk Management Plan.

VIII.K.2.c. The Administrative Authority will review and evaluate the summary report and subsequently either inform the Permittee in writing that the report is acceptable for public review or issue a notice of deficiency.

VIII.K.2.d. If the Administrative Authority determines the summary report does not fully demonstrate that all remedial objectives have been satisfied, the Administrative Authority shall notify the Permittee in writing of the summary report's deficiencies and specify a due date for submittal of a revised summary report.

VIII.K.2.e. After the Administrative Authority has determined the facility-wide NFA-ATT summary report is acceptable for public review, the Administrative Authority shall inform the Permittee in writing and instruct the Permittee to submit the summary report as a Class 3 permit modification request in accordance with the requirements of LAC 33:V.321.C.3.

VIII.K.2.f. After conclusion of a sixty (60) day comment period, the Administrative Authority will either grant or deny the Class 3 permit modification request. In addition the Administrative Authority must consider and respond to all significant comments received during the sixty (60) day comment period.

VIII.K.2.g. If, based upon review of the Permittee's Class 3 permit modification request, the results of the site investigations, confirmatory sampling, and other pertinent information, the Administrative Authority determines that all SWMUs and AOCs have been remediated to the selected MO and no further action at the facility is warranted, the Administrative Authority will grant the modification request.

VIII.K.2.h. If the Class 3 Modification request is granted, the Administrative Authority shall prepare a draft permit incorporating the proposed changes in accordance with LAC 33:V.703.C and solicit public comment on the draft permit modification according to Condition VIII.N.4 of this permit.

VIII.K.2.i. If, after considering all public comments, the Administrative Authority determines that all activities specified in the Risk Management Plan have been completed and that all SWMUs and AOCs have been remediated to the selected MO, the Class 3 permit modification for facility-wide NFA-ATT will receive final approval. The CAS permit conditions will remain a part of the modified permit in the event that the remedial actions taken fail to maintain the established performance standard and to address any SWMUs/AOCs discovered at a later date.

VIII.K.3. CONTINUED MONITORING

If necessary to protect human health and/or the environment, a determination of NFA-ATT shall not preclude the Administrative Authority from requiring continued monitoring of air, soil, groundwater, or surface water, when site-specific circumstances indicate that releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents are likely to occur.

VIII.K.4. ADDITIONAL INVESTIGATIONS

A determination of NFA-ATT shall not preclude the Administrative Authority from requiring further investigations, studies, or remediation at a later date, if new information or subsequent analysis indicates a release or likelihood of a release from a SWMU/AOC at the facility that is likely to pose a threat to human health and/or the environment. In such a case, the Administrative Authority shall initiate a modification to the Permit according to LAC 33:V.321.

VIII.L. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR AND ASSESSMENT OF NEWLY-IDENTIFIED SWMUS AND POTENTIAL AOCS

VIII.L.1. The Permittee shall notify the Administrative Authority, in writing, of any newly-identified SWMUs and potential AOCs (i.e., a unit or area not specifically identified during previous corrective action assessments, RFA, etc.), discovered in the course of ground water monitoring, field investigations, environmental audits, or other means, no later than thirty (30) days after discovery. The Permittee shall also notify the Administrative Authority of any newly-constructed land-based SWMUs (including but not limited to, surface impoundments, waste piles, landfills, land treatment units) and newly-constructed SWMUs where any release of hazardous constituents may be difficult to identify (e.g., underground storage tanks) no later than thirty (30) days after construction. The notification shall include the following items, to the extent available:

VIII.L.1.a. The location of the newly-identified SWMU or potential AOC on ... the topographic map required under LAC 33:V.517.B. Indicate all existing units (in relation to other SWMUs/AOCs);

VIII.L.1.b. The type and function of the unit;

VIII.L.i.c. The general dimensions, capacities, and structural description of the unit (supply any available drawings);

VIII.L.1.d. The period during which the unit was operated;

VIII.L.1.e. The specifics, to the extent available, on all wastes that have been or are being managed at the SWMU or potential AOC; and

VIII.L.1.f. Results of any sampling and analysis required for the purpose of determining whether releases of hazardous waste including hazardous constituents have occurred, are occurring, or are likely to occur from the SWMU/AOC.

VIII.L.2. Based on the information provided in the notification, the Administrative Authority will determine whether or not the area is a newly-identified SWMU or AOC. If the area is determined to be a newly-identified SWMU or AOC, the Administrative Authority will inform the Permittee in writing and request that the Permittee submit a Class 1¹ permit modification (¹ requiring Administrative Authority approval) request under LAC 33:V.321.C.1 to add the newly-identified SWMU/AOC to Appendix 1, Table 1 of this permit.

Further, the Administrative Authority will determine the need for further investigations or corrective measures at any newly identified SWMU or AOC. If the Administrative Authority determines that such investigations are needed, the Administrative Authority may require the Permittee to prepare a plan for such investigations. The plan for investigation of SWMU or AOC will be reviewed for approval as part of the current CAS Investigation Workplan or a new CAS Investigation Workplan. The results of the investigation of any newly-discovered SWMU/AOC shall be incorporated into the CSM.

VIII.M. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR NEWLY-DISCOVERED RELEASES AT A SWMU OR AOC

The Permittee shall notify the Administrative Authority of any release(s) from a SWMU or AOC of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents discovered during the course of ground water monitoring, field investigation, environmental auditing, or other means. The notification must be in accordance with the procedures specified in Conditions II.E.16 through II.E.20 of this permit and based upon the nature, extent, and severity of the release. Such newly-discovered releases may be from newly-identified SWMUs or AOCs, newly-constructed SWMUs, or from SWMUs or AOCs for which, based on the findings of the CSM, completed RECAP Report, or investigation of an AOC, the Administrative Authority had previously determined no further investigation was necessary. The notification shall include information concerning actual and/or potential impacts beyond the facility boundary and on human health and the environment, if available at the time of the notification.

The Administrative Authority may require further investigation and/or interim measures for the newly-identified release(s), and may require the Permittee to prepare a plan for the investigation and/or interim measure. The plan will be reviewed for approval as part of the CAS Investigation Workplan or a new CAS Investigation Workplan. The Permit will be modified to incorporate the investigation, according to the Class i¹ permit modification procedures under LAC 33:V.321. The results of the investigation of any newly-identified release(s) shall be incorporated into the CSM.

VIII.N. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS

Public participation is an essential element in the implementation of any corrective action program at the facility. The CAS promotes the early and continued involvement of stakeholders in site remediation activity during permit issuance, renewal, or modification. The public is invited to review and comment on the corrective action requirements contained in any draft permitting decisions or draft permit modification documents and the associated plans and reports submitted by the Permittee. The Administrative Authority reserves the right to require more extensive public participation requirements based upon site-specific conditions and other relevant factors (e.g., compliance history, potential offsite impact, community interest, etc.). At a minimum, the public participation requirements shall include the following.

VIII.N.1. NFA-ATT Determinations for Specific SWMUs/AOCs

Based on the results of the site investigations, screening, risk evaluations and risk management activities, the Permittee may request a NFA-ATT determination for a specific SWMU/AOC by submittal of a Class 1¹ permit modification request (¹ requiring Administrative Authority approval) under LAC 33:V.321.C.1. The Permittee must notify the facility mailing list within 90 days of the Administrative Authority's approval of the Class 1¹ permit modification request, in accordance with LAC 33:V.321.C.1.a.ii and Condition VIII.K.1.c of this permit.

VIII.N.2. Draft Permitting Decision

The public may review and comment on the terms and conditions of the CAS during the public notice and comment period of the draft permitting decision. The Administrative Authority shall issue public notice upon preparation of the draft permitting decision in accordance with LAC 33:V.715. During the forty-five (45) day public comment period, the Administrative Authority will accept public comments on the draft permitting decision. At the end of the public comment period, the Administrative Authority will consider and address all public comments and make any necessary revisions to the draft permitting decision. After addressing all public comments, the Administrative Authority will issue a public notice for issuance of the final permitting decision. The final permitting decision will include a "Responsiveness Summary" detailing all comments received on the draft permitting decision and the actions taken (if necessary) to correct the draft before issuance of the final permitting decision.

VIII.N.3. Final Remedy Selection

The public may review and comment on the terms and conditions of the Risk Management Plan as described in Conditions VIII.J.4 through VIII.J.7 of this permit. If after addressing all public comments the Administrative Authority determines that the Risk Management Plan is satisfactory, the Administrative Authority will prepare a draft permit modification document in accordance with LAC 33:V.703.C.

The draft permit modification document will include a "Basis of Decision". The "Basis of Decision" will identify the proposed remedy for corrective action at the site and the reasons for its selection, describe all other remedies that were considered, and solicit for public review and comments on the Risk Management Plan included in the draft permit modification document.

After addressing all public comments, the Administrative Authority will issue a public notice for issuance of the final permit modification. The final permit modification will include a "Responsiveness Summary" detailing all comments received on the draft permit modification and the actions taken (if necessary) to correct the draft before issuance of the final permit modification.

VIII.N.4. Facility-Wide NFA-ATT

Upon the completion of all activities specified in the Risk Management Plan and after all facility remedial objectives have been met, the Permittee may submit a summary report for a determination of NFA-ATT on a facility-wide basis in accordance with Condition VIII.K.2 of this permit. The public may review and comment on the summary report as described in Condition VIII.K.2.b. If after addressing all public comments the Administrative Authority determines that all SWMUs and AOCs have been remediated to the selected MO and no further action at the facility is warranted, the Administrative Authority will prepare a draft permit modification document in accordance with LAC 33:V.703.C.

The draft permit modification document will include a "Basis of Decision". The "Basis of Decision" will provide a summary detailing contamination sources, site-investigations, the MO selected for the facility, facility remedial standards, remedial actions, and sampling results demonstrating that the facility remedial standards have been achieved.

After addressing all public comments, the Administrative Authority will issue a public notice for issuance of the final permit modification. The final permit modification will include a "Responsiveness Summary" detailing all comments received on the draft permit modification and the actions taken (if necessary) to correct the draft before issuance of the final permit modification.

Table 1: Corrective Action Strategy Notification and Reporting Requirements

Below is a summary of the major notifications and reports that may be required by the Administrative Authority under the Corrective Action Strategy of this Permit in the event of releases requiring RCRA corrective action. The Administrative Authority will notify the Permittee of the notification and reporting requirements during the scoping meeting or another applicable stage of the corrective action process.

ACTION	DUE DATE
Submit Notice of Intent to request use of the CAS to the Administrative Authority for review and comment (Condition VIII.B.1)	Within sixty (60) days of the effective date of this permit (if facility corrective action is required)
CAS Scoping Meeting held between facility and Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.B.2)	Within sixty (60) days of submittal of the Notice of Intent
Submit Progress Reports on all activities to the Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.C.1)	Schedule to be determined by the Administrative Authority on a case-by-case basis
Make available other reports relating to corrective action to the Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.C.2)	Upon request of the Administrative Authority
Provide briefings to the Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.C.3)	As necessary and upon request by the Administrative Authority
Submit Conceptual Site Model (CSM) (Condition VIII.D) and facility Performance Standards (Condition VIII.A.2) to the Administrative Authority	Within one-hundred and twenty (120) days after the scoping meeting
Perform Interim Measures (Condition VIII.E)	As determined by the Administrative Authority on a case by case basis
Submit Corrective Action Strategy (CAS) Investigation Workplan for the facility investigation to the Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.F)	Within one-hundred and eighty (180) days after the CAS Scoping Meeting
Implement site investigation activities under CAS Investigation Workplan according to approved schedule (Condition VIII.G)	Within fourteen (14) days of receipt of approval by the Administrative Authority
Submit RECAP Report to the Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.H)	Within ninety (90) days of completion of the site investigation
Submittal of Remedial Alternatives Study (RAS) to the Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.I)	Within ninety (90) days of completion of approval of the RECAP Report by the Administrative Authority
Submit Risk Management Plan to the Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.J)	Within ninety (90) days of approval of the RAS by the Administrative Authority
Submit requests for unit specific and facility-wide NFA-ATT determinations to the Administrative Authority (Condition VIII.K)	As necessary

Notification of newly-identified SWMUs and potential AOCs (Condition VIII.L)	Thirty (30) days after discovery
Notification of newly-discovered releases (Condition VIII.M)	According to the requirements of Conditions II.E.16 through II.E.20 of this permit

APPENDIX 1: SUMMARY OF CORRECTIVE ACTION ACTIVITIES

The intent of Appendix 1 is to provide an overview of the history and current status of the corrective action process at the site at the time of issuance of the final permit and may not necessarily provide a definitive regulatory determination for a particular SWMU or AOC. The classification of an individual SWMU or AOC is subject to change by the Administrative Authority based on future geological/hydrogeological conditions and future available information available to the Administrative Authority.

A RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) dated June 1986, was prepared for EPA Region VI by A.T. Kearney, Inc. The RFA identified 2 SWMUs requiring Georgia Gulf Chemicals & Vinyls (Georgia Gulf) investigation under the RCRA Facility Investigation (RFI). The SWMUs requiring investigation under the RFI were the:

- Ethylenc Dichloride (EDC)/ Vinyl Chloride Monomer (VCM) Manufacturing Complex
- Phenol Manufacturing Plant

The corrective action for the EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex and the Phenol Manufacturing Plant are being addressed independently of one another and each have their own individual RFI Workplans and Reports.

EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex

The EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex is approximately 1900 ft. x 1400 ft. Constituents of Concern (COCs) have been detected in various locations within the boundaries of the EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex. The following COCs have been detected in soil and/or groundwater:

- 1,2-dichloroethane
- 1,1-dichloroethylene
- chloroform
- trichloroethylene
- vinyl chłoride
- thallium

Several AOCs within the boundaries of the EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex were investigated under the RFI. However, due to the close proximity of the AOCs to each other within the EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex, a global sampling approach to collect soils and groundwater data representative of all AOCs was developed and implemented. Below, a basic corrective action history is presented for the EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex.

1/11/96 Georgia Gulf submits a Preliminary Report and RFI Workplan

4/29/97 LDEQ issues comments on the RFI Workplan

12/22/97 Georgia Gulf submits response to LDEQ's comments on the RFI Workplan

5/13/99 LDEQ issues 2nd set of comments on RFI Workplan

8/13/99 LDEQ approves the RFI Workplan

10/1999	Georgia Gulf initiates Phase I RFI field activities
6/9/03	Georgia Gulf submits the Phase II RFI Workplan
03/2004	Georgia Gulf initiates Phase II RFI field activities
3/31/05	Georgia Gulf submits the Phase Il RFI Report/MO 1 RECAP Evaluation
9/11/06	LDEQ issues comments on the Phase II RFI Report/MO 1 RECAP Evaluation
11/27/06	Georgia Gulf submits response to LDEQ's comments on the Phase II RFI
	Report/MO RECAP Evaluation
2/0/07	I DEC issues and not of comments on the Dhose II DEI Deport/MO 1 DECAD

3/9/07 LDEQ issues 2nd set of comments on the Phase II RFI Report/MO 1 RECAP Evaluation

Pheno! Manufacturing Plant

The Phenol Manufacturing Plant is approximately 575 feet x 500 feet. Constituents of Concern (COCs) have been detected in various locations within the boundaries of the Phenol Manufacturing Plant. The following COCs have been detected in soil and/or groundwater:

- 1,1,2-trichloroethane
- 1.2-dichloroethane
- alpha methyl styrene
- chloroform
- cumene
- ethylbenzene
- benzo(a)anthracene
- benzo(a)pyrene

Several AOCs within the boundaries of the Phenol Manufacturing Plant were investigated under the RFI. However, due to the close proximity of the AOCs to each other within the Phenol Manufacturing Plant, a global sampling approach to collect soils and groundwater data representative of all AOCs was developed and implemented. Below, a basic corrective action history is presented for the Phenol Manufacturing Plant.

1/16/96	Georgia Gulf submits a Preliminary Report and RFI Workplan
4/29/97	LDEQ issues comments on the RFI Workplan
3/15/99	Georgia Gulf submits response to LDEQ's comments on the RFI Workplan
1/2/02	LDEQ approves the RFI Workplan
5/8/02	Georgia Gulf initiates Phase I RFI field activities
10/3/03	Georgia Gulf submits the Phase II RFI Workplan
12/8/03	LDEQ approves the Phase II RFI Workplan
3/19/04	Georgia Gulf initiates Phase II RFI field activities
3/30/05	Georgia Gulf submits the Phase II RFI Report/MO 1 RECAP Evaluation
9/18/06	LDEQ issues comments on the Phase II RFI Report/MO 1 RECAP Evaluation

CAS Process

Georgia Gulf has completed significant corrective action investigations and submitted several reports to LDEQ regarding the SWMUs at its Plaquemine Facility under the previous RFA/RFI Process. Under the new CAS process, both SWMUs are considered to be in the RECAP Report Phase due to the fact Phase II RFI Reports/MO-1 RECAP Evaluation Reports have been submitted for both the EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex and the Phenol Manufacturing Plant. After LDEQ approves the Phase II RFI Reports/MO-1 RECAP Evaluation Report for a particular SWMU, Georgia Gulf will be required to submit a Remedial Alternatives Study (Condition VIII.I) for that SWMU and from that point on follow the CAS timeline detailed in Condition VIII, Table 1.

TABLE 1. SUMMARY OF CORRECTIVE ACTION ACTIVITIES*

AOC or SWMU	AOC or SWMU AOC/SWMU Description	Status of CA	CA Corrective	EDMS
Number/Area Name		Activity	Action	Document ID #/
				Approval Date
EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex	The EDC/VCM Manufacturing Complex is approximately 1900 ft. x 1400 ft. The primary COCs are: EDC, chloroform,	RECAP Report submitted	TBD	32764991
	rnchloroethylene, vinyi chloride, and thallium. The MO-1 RECAP Report was submitted 03/31/05.			
Phenol	The Phenol Manufacturing Plant is	RECAP Report	TBD1	32763689
Manufacturing Plant	approximately 575 feet x 500 feet. The primary COCs are: phenol, chloroform.	submitted		
	cumene, ethylbenzene, EDC,			
	benzo(a)anthracene, and benzo(a)pyrene. The MO-1 RECAP Report was submitted			
	03/30/05.			
		!		

1- "To be determined" - The need for corrective action will be determined subsequent to the completion of the CAS Investigation Workplan and the Administrative Authority's approval of the RECAP Report

ATTACHMENT 1

ATTACHMENT 1 LIST OF FACILITY DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED IN THE PERMIT BY REFERENCE LAD057117434-OP-RN-1 AI#2455

DOCOMENT 1885	APPLICATION / DOCUMENT	DATARASE	COMMENTS
	DATE	MANAGEMENT	
		SYSTEM (EDMS)	
		DOCUMENT ID	
Arrangement with local authoritics	11/23/2005	33684394	Volume I of the Responses to NOD(1),
			pages 57 & 69 of the EDMS Document
Closure Plans	11/23/2005	33681758	Volume II of the Responses to NOD(1),
			pages 209-379 of the EDMS Document
Contingency Plan	11/23/2005	33684394	Volume I of the Responses to NOD(1),
			pages 48-132 of the EDMS Document
Inspection Plan and Schedule	01/31/2000	7189749	Volume III of the Permit Renewal Application,
,	06/09/2006	34322214	pages 135-146 of the EDMS Document 7189749
			Volume II of the Responses to NOD(2),
			pages 298-299 of the EDMS Document 34322214
Security Plan	01/31/2000	7187719	Volume I of the Permit Renewal Application,
	11/23/2005	33681758	pages 125-128 of the EDMS Document 7187719
			Volume II of the Responses to NOD(!),
			pages 13-14 of the EDMS Document 33681758
Personnel Training Plan	01/31/2000	7190138	Section 2 of Volume III of the Permit Renewal Application,
	11/23/2005	33684394	pages 93-100 of the EDMS Document 7190138
			Volume I of the Responses to NOD(I),
			pages 235-242 of the EDMS Document 33684394
Operations Plan	01/31/2000	7187719	Volume I of the Permit Renewal Application,
	<u></u>		pages 69-76 of the EDMS Document
	2000:001	1047074	
Waste Analysis Plan	06/09/2006	34377714	pages 207-214 of the EDMS Document 27684204
			Volume Lofthe Responses to NOD(2)
			raves 300-303 of the FDMS Document 3/32221/
			Pages Joo-Job of tile EDING Cocument 24577714

RESPONSIVENESS SUMMARY

ITEMS

1-7

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Fact Sheet

COMMENT

Pages 1-2, Comments 1-7

GGCV offered the following comments regarding the Fact Sheet that was included with the draft permit:

- Fact Sheet III: This section states that the facility manufactures sodium chlorate. The facility discontinued manufacture of sodium chlorate in 2002. <u>Request:</u> GGCV requests that sodium chlorate be removed from the list of chemicals manufactured.
- 2. Fact Sheet IV: This paragraph states that waste material may be disposed on site or off-site as "quantities" require. <u>Request:</u> GGCV requests that the language be changed to state, "As <u>conditions</u> require, the waste material is either containerized for off-site disposal or routed to Georgia Gulf's on-site industrial furnace for treatment."
- 3. Fact Sheet IV: This paragraph should be revised to more accurately reflect this tank's use. Request: GGCV requests that this paragraph be revised to state, "Tank V-441A can receive VCM Light Ends or EDC Heavy Ends as a result of the distillation of ethylene dichloride in the production of VCM. The F025 and/or K019 waste material is received via pipelines. The waste material is treated in the industrial furnace to produce muriatic acid (HCl) and recover energy."
- 4. Fact Sheet IV: This paragraph states the tanks are fed from the Liquid Phase Reactor. However, the tanks are fed from the distillation section of the unit. Request: GGCV requests the language be changed to reflect these tanks being fed from the distillation section.

- 5. Fact Sheet IV: Phenol Light Oils are fed to Tank 01-47505 by pipeline from the process. BST vent condensate is fed to Tank 01-47507 by pipeline from Tank 00-47626. Request: GGVC requests the language be changed to reflect this language.
- 6. Fact Sheet IV: This section states that the "furnace uses natural gas for auxiliary fuel in order to preheat the furnace to between 1000 and 1500 degrees Fahrenheit at start up." Request: GGCV requests that the statement "to between 1000 and 1500 degrees Fahrenheit" be removed.
- 7. Fact Sheet IV: This section states that waste streams are fed to the combustion chamber through an orifice plate flow meter. GGCV feeds the waste through a mass flow meter. Request: GGCV requests that the language be revised to reflect the use of a mass flow meter.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges GGLC's Fact Sheet Comments 1-7. However, the purpose of the Fact Sheet is to initiate the permit decision process and is not viewed as operational provisions to be contained in the draft or final permit. The fact sheet and the information contained within will not be included in the final permit. Therefore, revisions to the Fact Sheet will not be necessary.

ACTION

The permit will not be revised.

ITEM

8

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition III.O.7 - Table 1, Existing Hazardous Waste Tanks

COMMENT

Page 2, Comment 8

GGLC received approval of the closure of Tank 02-47536 on August 29, 2007. Request: Since this tank has been closed, GGCV requests that

it (Tank 02-47536) be removed from Table 1.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment.

Subsequent to issuance of the draft permit, Tank 02-47536 was verified

clean closed. Therefore, Tank 02-47536 (and its associated information) has been deleted from Table 1 in the final permit.

ACTION

In the final permit, Table 1 was revised by the deletion of the row

detailing Tank 02-47536.

ITEM

9

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition III.O.7 - Table 1, Existing Hazardous Waste Tanks

COMMENT

Page 2, Comment 9

The only waste code listed in Table 1 for Tank V-441A is F025.

Request: GGCV requests that Table 1 be revised so that Tank V-441A is

listed for both F025 and K019 waste.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. Due to the fact that Tank V-441A is approved for the receipt of K019 waste, the "Waste" column of Table 1 has been revised to state that Tank V-441A

receives both F025 and K019 waste.

ACTION

In the final permit, the "Waste" column of Table 1 was revised by the

addition of the K019 waste code for Tank V-441A.

ITEM

10

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition III.O.7 - Table 2, Existing Combustion Units

COMMENT

Page 3, Comment 10

In Table 2, the "Maximum Permitted Capacity" for the Industrial Furnace is listed at 11,000 gallons. The Industrial Furnace is not a storage vessel and no inventory of liquid hazardous waste is maintained in it. Request:

GGCV requests that this language be removed.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The final

permit has been revised by the removal of "Maximum Permitted

Capacity" for the Industrial Furnace.

ACTION

In the final permit, Table 2 was revised by the deletion of the column

titled "Maximum Permitted Capacity".

ITEM

1;

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition IV.A - Table 3, Existing Hazardous Waste Tanks

COMMENT

Page 3, Comment 11

GGCV received approval of the closure of Tank 02-47536 on August 23, 2007. Request: Since this tank has been closed, GGCV requests that it be removed from Table 1 (it is assumed that GGCV intended the removal of

Tank 02-47536 from Table 3 rather than Table 1 as stated in the

comment).

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment.

Subsequent to issuance of the draft permit, Tank 02-47536 was verified clean closed. Therefore, Tank 02-47536 (and its associated information)

has been deleted from Table 3 in the final permit.

ACTION

In the final permit, Table 3 was revised by the deletion of the row

detailing Tank 02-47536.

ITEM

12

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition IV.A - Table 3, Existing Hazardous Waste Tanks

COMMENT

Page 3, Comment 12

The only waste code listed in Table 3 for Tank V-441A is F025.

Request: GGCV requests that Table 3 be revised so that Tank V-441A is

listed for both F025 and K019 waste.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. Due to the fact that Tank V-441A is approved for the receipt of K019 waste, the "Waste" column of Table 3 has been revised to state that Tank V-441A

receives both F025 and K019 waste

ACTION

In the final permit, the "Waste" column of Table 3 was revised by the

addition of the K019 waste code for Tank V-441A.

ITEM

13

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition IV.B - Table 4, Existing Combustion Units =

COMMENT

Page 3, Comment 13

In Table 4, the "Maximum Permitted Capacity" for the Industrial Furnace is listed at 11,000 gallons. The Industrial Furnace is not a storage vessel and no inventory of liquid hazardous waste is maintained in it. Request:

GGCV requests that this language be removed.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment: The final

permit has been revised by the removal of "Maximum Permitted

Capacity" for the Industrial Furnace.

ACTION

In the final permit, Table 4 was revised by the deletion of the column

titled "Maximum Permitted Capacity".

ITEM

14

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.A.4.a

COMMENT

Page 3, Comment 14

This condition states, "Hazardous wastes...must not be placed in a tank system if they could cause the tank, its ancillary equipment, or the containment system to rupture, leak, corrode, or otherwise fail." Corrosion will occur at some rate for all tank systems. Corrosion rate is measured by the API inspections. Request: GGCV requests that the word "corrode" be removed from this condition.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges but does not concur with the comment. Condition V.A.4.a is based on the specific wording contained in LAC 33:V.1909.A and 40 CFR 264.194(a). Therefore, the word "corrode" will not be removed from the condition. The Department recognizes that there is an anticipated corrosion rate for all tank systems. The intent of the condition and the aforementioned regulations is to prohibit the placement of wastes into tanks systems that would significantly increase the likelihood of catastrophic failure of the tank, ancillary equipment, and/or secondary containment. The Department has approved the Waste Analysis Plan and is familiar with the approved waste codes for each tank system presented in Tables 1 & 3. The proper management of these waste codes will not result in a corrosion rate that would be recognized as a violation of Condition V.A.4.a.

ACTION

The permit will not be revised.

ITEM

-15

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.A.6.e.(2)

COMMENT

Page 3, Comment 15

The language in this condition would require GGCV to obtain a measurement of metal thickness from the floor (bottom) of the tank during the biennial external inspection. With the exception of tanks TK-623A, V-441A, and V-441B, GGCV's tanks are on solid or ring wall foundations that do not allow access to the floor of the tank externally. Request: GGCV requests that the word "floor" be removed from this condition.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. GGCV shall conduct biennial (every two years) thickness testing of the tank top and shell. Thickness readings from the bottom of the tank must be taken at least every five (5) years. Tank bottom thickness reading may be taken more frequently when there is access to the interior of the tank. The five (5) year clock re-starts upon the completion of each tank bottom thickness inspection.

ACTION

Condition V.A.6.e.(1) & (2) have been revised as follows in the-final permit:

V.A.6.e.(1). Thickness testing-of each metallic tank covered by this permit shall be performed biennially.

V.A.6.e.(1) The Permittee shall conduct:

V.A.6.e.(1)(a) external inspections by an authorized inspector of each tank referenced in Table 5 at least every two (2) years according to the API standard specified in Table 5; and

V.A.6.e.(1)(b) internal inspections by an authorized inspector of each tank referenced in Table 5 at least every five (5) years according to the API standard specified in

Table 5. The inspection shall include thickness testing to demonstrate compliance with Condition V.A.6.e.(4). The five (5) year clock shall re-start upon the completion of each internal inspection.

V.A.6.e.(2) Tank thickness measurements shall be taken on the tank top and shell and shall be taken at least on each tank quadrant during the external inspections required under Condition V.A.6.e.(1)(a). Tank thickness measurements shall be taken on the bottom of the tank during the internal inspections required under Condition V.A.6.e.(1)(b). Tank thickness readings shall be taken in the same place during each testing event in order to form a comparison of readings for corrosion rate determination.

ITEM

16

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit.

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.A.6.e.(3)

COMMENT

Page 4, Comment 16

This condition states, "Thickness testing of the tank bottom shall be performed as often as the external inspection, or more often if required by the inspection standard...." GGCV believes this condition was intended for internal inspections. Request: GGCV requests that the word

"external" be replaced with "internal" in the permit.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges the error and has corrected the wording in

the final permit.

ACTION

Condition V.A.6.e.(3) was revised as follows in the final permit:

V.A.6.e.(3). Thickness testing of the tank bottom shall be performed as often as the external <u>internal</u> inspection, or more often if required by the inspection standard specified in Table 5. The required frequency of inspection with reference to the applicable section of the inspection standard shall be kept on-site and made available to the Administrative

Authority upon request.

ITEM

17

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.A.6.e.(5).a

COMMENT

Page 4, Comment 17

This condition requires when any tank shell thickness measurements at a single point is less than that required in Table 5 or the engineering evaluation that the Permittee shall immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste to the tank. Request: GGCV requests that the language be amended to state "the Permittee shall immediately put in to action a plan to remove the tank from service."

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges but does not concur with the comment. Condition V.A.6.e.(5).a is based on the specific wording contained in LAC 33:V,1913. GGCV requests that Condition V.A.6.e.(5).a be revised to state that, if a tank is deemed unfit for service, GGCV will "...immediately put in to action a plan to remove the tank from service." However, the institution of an action plan to remove the tank from service may result in delays in an adequate, swift response. The Department interprets "immediately stop the flow of hazardous waste to the tank" as "the earliest practicable time". In other words, the Permittee must make a concerted effort to cease waste flows to the unfit tank system when processes and/or units that feed waste to the tank system can be shut down safely and in an environmentally responsible manner. The Permittee must. make a concerted effort to implement procedures that will mitigate the potential and/or impact from a release from the tank system (e.g., route waste flows to another appropriate tank system; mobilize spill response equipment, etc.)

ACTION

The permit will not be revised.

ITEM

18

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.A.8

COMMENT

Page 4, Comment 18

The note in this condition references Condition VII.B. The reference

should be Condition V.A.8.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges the error and has corrected the condition

citation in the final permit.

ACTION

Condition V.A.8 has been revised as follows in the final permit:

V.A.8. Air Emission Control Equipment Standards

(RESERVED)

Note: In order to prevent redundant regulation, Condition VII.B Condition V.A.8 has been reserved. The Permittee will comply with the provisions of Condition VII.B Condition V.A.8 by complying with the provisions of its Comprehensive Fugitive Emissions Monitoring Program implemented under the facility air permit. Failure by the Permittee to comply with those provisions that are equivalent to the provisions in LAC 33:V.Chapter 17 will also result in a failure to comply with LAC 33:V.Chapter 17.

ITEM

19

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.B

COMMENT

Page 4, Comment 19

This condition is titled "General Requirements for the Boiler". The only combustion unit currently at GGCV is an Industrial Furnace. Request: GGCV requests that the title of this section be changed to read "General Requirements for the Industrial Furnace". Additionally, all references to "the boiler" in this section should be changed to "industrial furnace".

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The term "boiler" was originally used as a generic description of the Industrial Furnace. However, in order to be more specific, a global edit from the term "boiler" to "industrial furnace" was made in the final permit.

ACTION

All instances of "boiler" have been revised to "industrial furnace" in

the final permit.

ITEM

20

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.B.1.a.(2)

COMMENT

Page 4, Comment 20

This condition addresses the inspection testing requirements for the automatic waste feed cutoff system. Table 6 of this permit states that

the test for the AWFCO is monthly.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The discrepancy between the next of Condition V.B.1.a.(2) and Table 6 has been corrected in the final permit by revising the AWFCO inspection frequency stated in Condition V.B.1.a.(2) from "every seven (7) days" to

"monthly".

ACTION

V.B.1.a.(2). The industrial furnace and associated equipment (pumps, valves, pipes, fuel storage tanks, and other ancillary equipment) will be subject to a daily thorough, visual inspection, when they contain hazardous waste. The purpose of these inspections will be to identify leaks, spills, fugitive emissions, and signs of tampering. The automatic waste feed cut off system and associated alarms must be tested at least monthly once every seven (7) calendar days when hazardous waste is burned to verify operability, unless the applicant demonstrates to the Administrative Authority that weekly inspections will unduly restrict or upset operations and that less frequent inspections are adequate. Support for this demonstration shall be included in the operational record. At a minimum, operational testing of the automatic waste feed cut off system must be conducted at least monthly, (LAC 33:V.3005 F.3 and F.4).

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ITEM

21

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.C.2.a.(1)

COMMENT

Page 4, Comment 21

This condition states that the combustion chamber temperature is instantaneous. However, the temperature listed in this condition is an average of the three run averages demonstrated during the test burn in accordance with approved EPA methods. Request: GGCV requests that the monitoring of this temperature to be on an hourly rolling average basis. This parameter is currently measured continuously as defined in the regulations that allow for the measurements by hourly rolling average, LAC 33:V.3005.E.6.a.ii.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The combustion temperature has been revised from an "instantaneous" reading to an "hourly rolling average" in the final permit.

ACTION

Condition V.C.2.a.(1) has been revised as follows in the final permit:

V.C.2.a.(1) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the instantaneous hourly rolling average of the combustion chamber temperature in the Oxidizer shall be maintained above the minimum value of 2227°F.

ITEM

22

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.C.2.a.(2)

COMMENT

Page 5, Comment 22

In the last demonstration of maximum waste feed rate (1998 DRE test) the condition established for stack flow is 17,500 ACFM. Request: GGCV requests that the language in the condition be corrected to reflect this rate. A copy of the document containing the revised permit condition is included as an attachment to this document (Comments on

the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit).

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The maximum stack flow as stated in Condition V.C.2.a.(2) has been revised to "17,500 ACFM" in the final permit. However, the 17,500 ACFM must be demonstrated during the Phase II MACT Comprehensive Performance Test under 40 CFR 60, Subpart EEE.

ACTION

Condition V.C.2.a.(2) has been revised as follows in the final permit:

V.C.2.a.(2) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the hourly rolling average ID fan flue gas flow rate shall be maintained below a maximum of 14,126 17,500 dry standard cubic feet per minute.

ITEM

23

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.C.2.a.(7)

COMMENT

Page 5, Comment 23

In the current hazardous waste permit, there is no limit for fume scrubber recirculation. DRE has been demonstrated at 300 gpm and there was no degradation of DRE based on tests conducted. Additionally, the pH of the re-circulating fluid will determine the amount of fluid needed to maintain compliance with the chloride standard. Request: GGCV proposes to set this condition at 300 gpm in conformance with the air permit.

RESPONSE

The permit acknowledges and concurs with the comment. GGCV states that pH is maintained by the fume scrubber recirculation rate. However, the pH is actually maintained by the makeup water flow rate and makeup water pH. Nevertheless, the Department concurs that a recirculation rate of "300 gpm" is appropriate. Condition V.C.2.a.(7) has been revised accordingly. However, the 300 gpm recirculation rate must be demonstrated during the Phase II MACT Comprehensive Performance

Test under 40 CFR 60, Subpart EEE.

ACTION

Condition V.C.2.a.(7) has been revised as follows in the final-permit:

V.C.2.a.(7) Whenever hazardous waste is in the unit, the hourly rolling average scrubber liquid flow rate shall be maintained above the minimum of 400.5 300 gallons per minute.

ITEM

24

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.C.2.a.(8)

COMMENT

Page 5, Comment 24

In the current hazardous waste permit, there is no limit for the secondary absorber flow rate. The equipment is used in the production of muriatic acid, not used as a-pollution control device. GGCV does not believe that

a flow rate limit on this equipment is an appropriate measure of

compliance with the emission standard. Request: GGCV requests that

this condition be removed from the permit.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The

Department recognizes the secondary absorber as muriatic acid production equipment and not air pollution control equipment. The condition has

been removed from the final permit.

ACTION

Condition V.C.2.a.(8) has been removed from the final permit.

ITEM

25

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.C.2.b.(5)

COMMENT

Page 5, Comment 25

This condition sets the feed rates for metals. The limits listed in the draft permit are Tier I/Adjusted Tier I limits for a forty (40) meter stack height for non-complex urban terrain. The Industrial Furnace has a stack height of forty-five (45) meters in non-complex rural terrain. Request: GGCV requests that the limits for theses metals be revised to indicate the limits for a forty-five 45 meter stack in non-complex rural terrain as follows: Antimony 1100g/hr, Arsenic 11 g/hr, Barium 250,000 g/hr, Beryllium 21g/hr, Cadmium 28 g/hr, Chromium 4.2 g/hr, Lead 460 g/hr, Mercury 1,500 g/hr, Silver 15,000 g/hr, and Thallium 1,500 g/hr.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The emissions limits in Condition V.C.2.b.(5) have been revised to reflect a forty-five (45) meter stack in non-complex terrain. The draft permit erroneously listed the emission limits for the metals as Adjusted Tier I. However, the implementation of Adjusted Tier I limits requires emissions modeling by the facility. No emissions modeling report was noted with the latest permit application. Therefore, the limits in Condition V.C.2.b.(5) have been revised as <u>Tier I</u> limits for a forty-five (45) meter stack in non-complex terrain. If GGCV intends on utilizing Adjusted Tier I limits, it must provide the requisite emissions modeling.

ACTION

Condition V.C.2.b.(5) has been revised as follows in the final permit:

V.C.2.b.(5) The hourly rolling average metal feed rates from all feedstreams to the industrial furnace's combustion chamber shall not exceed the following limits.

Antimony (Adjusted Tier I) 460 600 g/hr

*Arsenic (Adjusted Tier I) 3.6 4.6 g/hr

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Barium (Adjusted Tier I) 78,000 100,000 g/hr

- *Beryllium(Adjusted Tier I) 6.8 8.6 g/hr
- *Cadmium (Adjusted Tier I) 9.0 11 g/hr
- *Chromium (Tier III) 1-3 1.7 g/hr

Lead (Adjusted Tier I) 140 180 g/hr

Mercury (Adjusted Tier I) 460 600 g/hr

_Siiver (Adjusted Tier I) 4600 6,000 g/hr

Thallium (Adjusted Tier I) 460 600 g/hr

ITEMS

26

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

V.C.2.b.(5)

COMMENT

Page 6, Comments 26

This condition sets the feed rate for metals. The limits in this section are those established based on Tier I feed limits. EPA has performed a Risk Assessment (dated April 11, 2006) that LDEQ uses to propose risk-based permit limits for metals. These risk-based limits are based on an actual site specific model using data from a Risk Burn, not generalized Tier I imits that area available. Request: Since the risk-based limits are based on site-specific modeling, GGCV requests that these limits be used for carcinogenic metals rather than the RCRA Tier I feed limits as follows: Arsenic 5.38e-2 g/s, Cadmium 1.66e-1 g/s, Chromium 3.57e-3 g/s, and Beryllium 7.4e-3 g/s.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges but does not concur with the comment. The risk-based emission limits are set in Condition V.D and not Condition V.C.2. Condition V.C.2 reflects the maximum short-term emission limits and Condition V.D reflects the cumulative five-year emission limits. These two different limits impact the flexibility of operations and the impact of long-term emissions. Therefore, no edit will be made to

Condition V.C.2.b.(5) in the final permit.

ACTION

The permit will not be revised

ITEM

27

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Table 5, Design and Operating Parameters for RCRA Tank Systems

COMMENT

Page 6, Comment 27

Tanks V-441A and V-441B are identical tanks. However, Table 5 of the draft permit gives different minimum thickness requirements for Tanks V-441A and V-441B. Request: Based on the review of the SEI data, GGCV requests that the minimum thickness listed for V-441A and V-441B be revised to 0.525" for the shell and 0.523" for the heads.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment and has made the requested changes to the minimum thickness requirements for

Tanks V-441A and V-441B in Table 5.

ACTION

In the final permit, the minimum thickness requirements for Tanks V-441A and V-441B Table 5 were revised to 0.525" for the shell and 0.523" for the heads.

ITEM

28

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit.

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Table 6, Industrial Furnace Inspections

COMMENT

Page 6, Comment 28

The inspection frequency for the "Waste Tank Systems" (as presented in Table 6) indicates the "Level Controls" and "Overflow Alarms and Controls" are inspected daily. GGCV inspects these items during the monthly automatic waste feed cutoff checks. Request: GGCV requests that the inspection frequency in this table be revised to monthly for the

"Level Controls" and "Overflow Alarms and Controls".

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The functionality of the "Level Controls" and "Overflow Alarms and Controls" may be inspected monthly in conjunction with the inspection of the AWFCOs. However, GGCV must conduct a visual inspection of the level control and overflow alarm equipment during the daily tank integrity inspections. Table 6 has been revised to state that the operability of the "Level Controls" and "Overflow Alarms and Controls"

are to be inspected "monthly".

ACTION

In the final permit, Table 6 has been revised to require-monthly operability inspection of the "Level Controls" and "Overflow Alarms and

Controls".

ITEM

29

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Table 6, Industrial Furnace Inspections

COMMENT

Page 6, Comment 29

Request: GGCV requests that the reference to "Boiler" to be changed to

"Industrial Furnace".

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The

reference to "Boiler" in Table 6 has been revised to "Industrial Furnace"

in the final permit.

ACTION

The Table 6 reference to "Boiler" was revised to "Industrial Furnace"

in the final permit.

ITEM

30

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Table 8, Group B & C Parameter Limits for the Industrial Furnace

COMMENT

Page 6, Comment 30

The limits for metals listed in Table 8 are Tier I/Adjusted Tier I limits for a 40 meter stack height for non-complex/urban terrain. The Industrial Furnace has a stack height of 45 meters in non-complex rural terrain. Request: GGCV requests that the limits for theses metals be revised to indicate the limits for a 45 meter stack in non-complex rural terrain as follows: Antimony 1100g/hr, Arsenic 11 g/hr, Barium 250,000 g/hr, Beryllium 21g/hr, Cadmium 28 g/hr, Chromium 4.2 g/hr, Lead 460 g/hr, Mercury 1,500 g/hr, Silver 15,000 g/hr, and Thallium 1,500 g/hr.

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The emissions limits in Table 8 have been revised to reflect a forty-five (45) meter stack in non-complex terrain. The draft permit erroneously listed the emission limits for the metals as Adjusted Tier I. However, the implementation of Adjusted Tier I limits requires emissions modeling by the facility. No emissions modeling report was noted with the latest permit application. Therefore, the limits in Condition V.C.2.b.(5) have been revised as <u>Tier I</u> limits for a forty-five (45) meter stack in non-complex terrain. If GGCV intends on utilizing Adjusted Tier I limits, it must provide the requisite emissions modeling.

ACTION

The emission limits for the metals in Table 8 has been revised as noted below in the final permit:

Antimony (Adjusted Tier I) 460 600 g/hr

*Arsenic (Adjusted Tier I) 3.6 4.6 g/hr

Barium (Adjusted Tier I) 78,000 100,000 g/hr

*Beryllium(Adjusted Tier I) 6.8 8.6 g/hr

*Cadmium (Adjusted Tier I) 9.0 11 g/hr

*Chromium (Tier III) 1.3 1.7 g/hr

Lead (Adjusted Tier I) 140 180 g/hr

Mercury (Adjusted Tier I) 460 600 g/hr

Silver (Adjusted Tier I) 4600 6,000 g/hr

Thallium (Adjusted Tier I) 460 600 g/hr

ITEM

31

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Table 9, Instrumentation to Be Calibrated to Manufacturer's

Specifications

COMMENT

Page 7, Comment 31

Request: GGCV requests the instrumentation description for the hazardous waste feed rate be revised to read "mass flow meter".

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. In the draft permit, the "Instrument Description" for the "Hazardous Waste Feed Rate" parameter is "Differential, Diaphragm-Type Transducer, Orifice". However, according to GGCV, a mass flow meter is utilized to measure hazardous waste feed rate. The instrument description for the hazardous waste feed rate parameter has been revised accordingly in the

finai permit.

ACTION

In the final permit, the "Instrument Description" column for the "Hazardous Waste Feed Rate" parameter has been revised from "Differential, Diaphragm-Type Transducer, and Orifice" to "Mass Flow

Meter".

ITEM

32

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Condition V.D.2.a

COMMENT

Page 7, Comment 32

Request: GGCV requests that the word "waste" be added to this condition so that the first part of the sentence will read, "The Permittee

shall sample each waste feed stream to the Industrial Furnace...."

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. The

requested wording changes have been made in the final permit

ACTION

Condition V.D.2.a has been revised as follows in the final permit:

V.D.2.a. The Permittee shall sample each <u>waste</u> feed stream to the industrial furnace four (4) times annually (referred to as quarterly sampling mode), unless the provisions of Conditions V.D.7 or V.D.8

below apply.

ITEM

33

REFERENCE

GGCV, Plaquemine Facility.

Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit,

August 6, 2007.

ISSUE

Table 10 - Feed Rate Guidelines

COMMENT

Page 7 Comment 33

On April 11, 2006, EPA issued a Risk Assessment that recommended risk-based permit limits. The limits listed in Table 10 of the draft permit are those demonstrated during the Risk Burn rather than those recommended by the Risk Assessment. Request: GGCV requests that the limits in Table 10 be changed to reflect those recommended by the EPA Risk Assessment as follows: Antimony 7.49e-1, Arsenic 5.38e-2, Barium 2.52e-2, Beryllium 7.40e-3, Cadmium 1.66e-1, Chromium (Total) 3.57e-3, Lead 6.80e-2, Mercury (Total) 2.70e-5, Nickel 2.39e-2, Silver 1.04+0, Selenium 3.62e+0, and Thallium 1.37e-1. A copy of the Risk Assessment has been included as an attachment to this document (Comments on the Draft Hazardous Waste Operating Renewal Permit).

RESPONSE

The Department acknowledges and concurs with the comment. Table 10 has been revised to reflect the risk-based limits contained in the April 11, 2006, EPA Risk Assessment. In addition, Condition V.D.11.a has also been revised based upon the risk-based limits contained in the EPA Risk Assessment.

ACTION

Table 10 has been revised to reflect the limits as noted in the above comment and Condition V.D.11.a has been revised as follows in the final permit:

V.D.11.a. Demonstrate that the detection limit using the best available analytical technology is at or below the following:

V.D.11.a.(1) 0.10 1.00 ppm for beryllium

V.D.11.a.(2) 0.10 1.00 ppm for cadmium

V.D.11.a.(3) 0.30 1.00 ppm for chromium

V.D.11.a.(4) 0.04 **0.01** ppm for mercury